

Current Assessment – SDG Dashboard



SDG Trends

1 NO POVERTY	2 ZERO HUNGER	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING	4 QUALITY EDUCATION	5 GENDER EQUALITY	6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION	7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY	8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH	9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTUR
1	7	7	→	7	7	1	\rightarrow	7
10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES	11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES	12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION	13 CLIMATE ACTION	14. LIFE BELOW WATER	15 LIFE ON LAND	16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS	17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS	
7	7	•	\rightarrow	7	↓	→	•	

URUGUAY

Performance	by	Indicator
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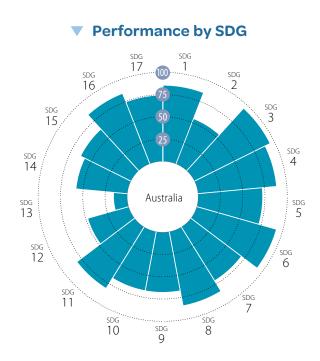
SDG1 – No Poverty		Year		Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)		2020		1
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)		2020		T
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers (%) Intergenerational poverty gap (p.p.)	NA	2019 NA		Ť
	11/1	11/4	-	-
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	2 5	2017		•
Prevalence of undernourishment (%) Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2017	-	7
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2011	-	1
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)		2016		÷
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.4	2017	٠	7
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	4.3	2017	٠	1
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	0.5	2015	٠	4
Yield gap closure (% of potential yield)	67.9	NA	•	٠
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)		2017		1
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		2018		Ť
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		2018		T
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)		2018		
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population) Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	0.3	2018	•	7
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	16.7	2016	•	1
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and	10	2016		
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)		2016		-
Fraffic deaths (per 100,000 population)		2016		Ť
Life expectancy at birth (years)		2016		7
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)		2017		
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%) Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended		2014		
vaccines (%)	91	2018	٠	1
Jniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	80	2017	٠	1
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	6.6	2019	٠	Ť
Gap in self-reported health status by income (percentage points)	NA	NA	٠	٠
Daily smokers (% of population aged 15 and over)	16.8	2019	٠	
SDG4 – Quality Education				
Net primary enrollment rate (%)	99.4	2017	٠	1
Lower secondary completion rate (%)	74.3	2010	٠	
literacy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)		2018	٠	٠
Participation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6)		2017		T
Fertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34)		2019		•
PISA score (worst 0–600 best)	423.7			•
Variation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%) Underachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)		2015 2018		Ŧ
Resilient students in science (% of 15-year-olds)		2018		*
SDG5 – Gender Equality	10.5	2010		
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females				
aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	89.5	2017	•	Т
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	107.1	2018	٠	1
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	75.8	2019	۲	1
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)	21.2	2020	٠	7
Gender wage gap (% of male median wage)		2019		T
Gender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day)	137.1	2018	•	
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation		2017	٠	
	99.4		٠	•
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%) Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	96.6	2017		
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%) Population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	96.6 9.8	2000		
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%) Population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	96.6 9.8 5.8	2000 2013	٠	1
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%) Population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) Population using safely managed water services (%)	96.6 9.8 5.8 94.6	2000 2013 2019	•	↑ ↑
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%) Population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) Population using safely managed water services (%) Population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	96.6 9.8 5.8 94.6	2000 2013	•	1 1 1 1
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%) Population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) Population using safely managed water services (%) Population using safely managed sanitation services (%) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy	96.6 9.8 5.8 94.6 61.7	2000 2013 2019 2019	•	
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%) Population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) Population using safely managed water services (%) Population using safely managed sanitation services (%) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%)	96.6 9.8 5.8 94.6 61.7 100	2000 2013 2019 2019 2017	•	* * * *
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%) Population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) Population using safely managed water services (%) Population using safely managed sanitation services (%) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	96.6 9.8 5.8 94.6 61.7 100	2000 2013 2019 2019	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%) Population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) Population using safely managed water services (%) Population using safely managed sanitation services (%) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating	96.6 9.8 5.8 94.6 61.7 100 98.0	2000 2013 2019 2019 2017	•	
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%) Population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) Population using safely managed water services (%) Population using safely managed sanitation services (%) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	96.6 9.8 5.8 94.6 61.7 100 98.0 0.4	2000 2013 2019 2019 2017 2017	• • •	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%) Population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) Population using safely managed water services (%) Population using safely managed sanitation services (%) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)	96.6 9.8 5.8 94.6 61.7 100 98.0 0.4	2000 2013 2019 2019 2017 2017 2016 2017	• • •	***
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%) Population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) Population using safely managed water services (%) Population using safely managed sanitation services (%) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	96.6 9.8 5.8 94.6 61.7 100 98.0 0.4 62.2	2000 2013 2019 2019 2017 2016 2017 2017	•	
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%) Population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) Population using safely managed water services (%) Population using safely managed sanitation services (%) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%)	96.6 9.8 5.8 94.6 61.7 100 98.0 0.4 62.2 -1.4	2000 2013 2019 2019 2017 2016 2017 2017 2017	•	· ↑ ↑ 7 · • •
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%) Population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) Population using safely managed water services (%) Population using safely managed sanitation services (%) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%) Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	96.6 9.8 5.8 94.6 61.7 100 98.0 0.4 62.2 -1.4 1.0	2000 2013 2019 2019 2017 2016 2017 2017 2017 2018 2018	 • •<	· ↑ ↑ 7 · • • • •
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%) Population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) Population using safely managed water services (%) Population using safely managed sanitation services (%) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%) Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	96.6 9.8 5.8 94.6 61.7 100 98.0 0.4 62.2 -1.4 1.0	2000 2013 2019 2019 2017 2016 2017 2017 2017	 • •<	· ↑ ↑ 7 · ↑ ↑ · • • ↑
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%) Population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) Population using safely managed water services (%) Population using safely managed sanitation services (%) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%) Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	96.6 9.8 5.8 94.6 61.7 100 98.0 0.4 62.2 -1.4 1.0 63.9	2000 2013 2019 2019 2017 2016 2017 2017 2017 2018 2018	• • • • • •	· ↑ ↑ 7 ↑ ↑ ↑ • • ↑ ↑
Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%) Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	96.6 9.8 5.8 94.6 61.7 100 98.0 0.4 62.2 -1.4 1.0 63.9 0.5	2000 2013 2019 2017 2016 2017 2017 2017 2018 2018 2017		

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value	Year R	otina	Trand
Population using the internet (%)		2018		
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	123.9		•	$\mathbf{\dot{\uparrow}}$
Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	2.4	2018	•	¥
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	12.0	2019	•	٠
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.2	2018	•	→
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	0.4	2016	•	→
Researchers (per 1,000 employed population)		2020		>
Triadic patent families filed (per million population)	NA	NA	•	
Gap in internet access by income (percentage points) Women in science and engineering (% of tertiary graduates in science and engineering)		2019 2019	•	Т •
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	42.9	2017	•	→
Palma ratio	2.0	2019	•	7
Elderly poverty rate (% of population aged 66 or over)	5.0	2019		1
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μg/m ³)	9.3	2017	•	1
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	99.0	2017	•	1
Satisfaction with public transport (%)	66.2	2019	•	Ť
Population with rent overburden (%)	8.2	2019	•	¥
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
Electronic waste (kg/capita)	10.8	2016	•	
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	124.5			٠
SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	5.9	2012	•	٠
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	101.2	2010	•	٠
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	6.6	2010	•	۲
Non-recycled municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day) SDG13 – Climate Action	NA	NA	•	•
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	25	2017	•	T
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)		2017	•	7
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)		2018	•	•
SDG14 – Life Below Water				_
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	52.5	2018	•	1
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)		2010	•	4
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)		2014	•	1
Fish caught by trawling (%)	46.8		•	7
Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.0	2018	•	٠
SDG15 – Life on Land				
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)) 20.8	2018	•	→
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018	•	÷
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)		2019	•	4
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.1	2018	•	٠
Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.7	2018	•	٠
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
Homicides (per 100,000 population)	8.2	2017	•	Ŧ
Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)		2018	•	Ť
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	46.3	2019	•	→
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	5.1	2019	•	٠
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)		2018	•	
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		2019	•	1
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	7.9	2016	•	
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)		2019		•
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)		2019		T
Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population)	320.5	2017	•	*
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	11.3	2016	•	٠
For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	NA	NA	•	٠
Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	NA			٠
Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)		2019		•
Financial Secrecy Score (best 0–100 worst)		2020		•
Shifted profits of multinationals (US\$ billion)		2017		

*In Uruguay, the country-reported value of the adolescent fertility rate is significantly lower (31.6 in 2019) than the UNDESA value used in this report.

AUSTRALIA





Current Assessment – SDG Dashboard



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7	7	1	7	1	7	7	1	7
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→	\rightarrow		→	→	\rightarrow		\rightarrow	

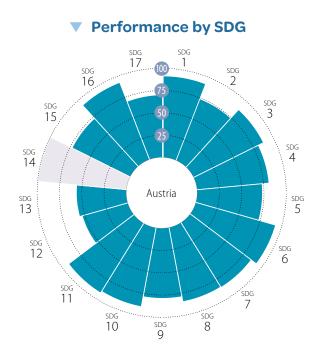
AUSTRALIA

SDG1 – No Poverty	Value	Year F	Rating	Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)		2020		1
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)		2020		T
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers (%)		2018 2018		∧
ntergenerational poverty gap (p.p.)	0.0	2010	•	
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	2.5	2017		
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)		2017		1
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2007 2007		↑ ↑
Prevalence of wasting in children difference of years of age (%) Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)		2007		¥
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)		2017		÷
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)		2017		1
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	0.6	2015	٠	->
/ield gap closure (% of potential yield)	47.7	2015	٠	٠
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	6	2017	•	1
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	2.3	2018	•	1
Nortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		2018		1
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)		2018		T
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0.0	2018	•	Τ
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	9.1	2016	•	1
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and	0	2016		-
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)		2016	•	•
Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population)		2016		1
Life expectancy at birth (years)		2016		T
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)		2017 2015	-	1
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%) Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended			-	T
vaccines (%)	95	2018	•	T
Universal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	87	2017	٠	1
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	7.2	2019	٠	1
Gap in self-reported health status by income (percentage points)		2017		1
Daily smokers (% of population aged 15 and over)	12.4	2016	•	1
SDG4 – Quality Education				
Net primary enrollment rate (%)		2017	٠	1
Lower secondary completion rate (%)		2017	•	1
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	NA			
Participation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6) Fertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34)		2017 2018		↑ ↑
PISA score (worst 0–600 best)		2018	•	$\mathbf{\dot{\uparrow}}$
Variation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%)		2018		$\mathbf{\dot{\mathbf{T}}}$
Underachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)	18.9	2018	•	¥
Resilient students in science (% of 15-year-olds)	35.3	2018	•	1
SDG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females	83.1	2017		•
aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)				
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)		2018		T
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%) Seats held by women in national parliament (%)		2019 2020		1
Gender wage gap (% of male median wage)		2020		Ť
Gender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day)		2010		
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation	100.11	2000	-	-
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	100.0	2017		
Population using at least basic driftening water services (%)		2017		•
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2017	•	•
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)		2013		1
Population using safely managed water services (%)		2017		٠
Population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	75.6	2017	•	7
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				
Population with access to electricity (%)	100	2017	٠	1
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	100.0	2016	٠	1
O_2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating	1.6	2017	•	->
per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)				
Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)	0.9	2018	-	
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth		2011	6	-
Adjusted GDP growth (%)		2018		•
Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	0.6	2018	•	•
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	99.5	2017	٠	1
Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)	2.4	2010	•	1
Employment-to-population ratio (%)		2019	٠	1
Youth not in employment, education or training (NEET)	10 0	2018	•	_

d	SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Population using the internet (%)		Year 1	Rating	Trer
	Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)		2017		4
	Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)		2018	•	1
	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	73.1	2020	•	•
	Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	2.2	2018	٠	1
	Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)		2015		•
	Researchers (per 1,000 employed population)		2010		
	Triadic patent families filed (per million population) Gap in internet access by income (percentage points)		2017 2008	-	
	Women in science and engineering (% of tertiary graduates in science and engineering)		2008		
	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
	Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	36.9	2014	•	
	Palma ratio		2018		4
	Elderly poverty rate (% of population aged 66 or over)	23.7	2018	•	-
	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than	0.0	2017	-	
	2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μg/m ³)		2017	•	1
	Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)		2017		-
	Satisfaction with public transport (%)		2019		
	Population with rent overburden (%)	9.9	2017	•	
	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production	0.0.1	2011		
	Electronic waste (kg/capita)		2016		
	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2012 2012		
	Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)		2012		
	Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2010		
	Non-recycled municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)		2017		
	SDG13 – Climate Action	14.0	2017		
	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita) CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)		2017 2015		
	CO_2 emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	45,100.5			
	SDG14 – Life Below Water				
	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018	•	1
	Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)		2019		1
	Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%)		2014 2014		
	Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)		2014		
	SDG15 – Life on Land	0.0	2.10		
	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	527	2018		4
	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018	•	-
	Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)		2019	•	1
	Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)		2018	٠	
	Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)		2018	•	
	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	0.8	2017	٠	1
	Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)		2018	•	1
	Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city	64.3	2019	•	7
	or area where they live (%) Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)		2019		
	Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)		2019		
	Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		2010		1
	Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)		2016		
	Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)		2019		•
	Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)		2019		1
	Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population)	168.5	2017	•	
	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				
	Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	11.6	2016	٠	1
	For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	0.2	2017	•	1
	public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	NLA	NIA		
	Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	NA 0.0			
		0.0	NA 2019 2020	٠	

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1	7	7	7	7	7	1	7	1
10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES	11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES	12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION	13 CLIMATE ACTION	14 LIFE BELOW WATER	15 LIFE ON LAND	16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS	17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS	
7	1	•	\rightarrow	•	7	1	7	

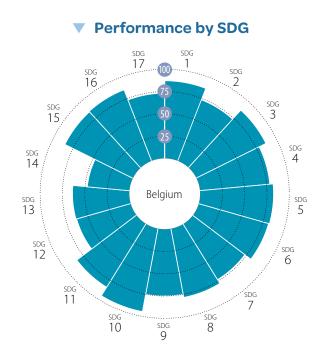
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SDG1 – No Poverty	Value		ating	Tren
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%) Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	0.4 2	2020	-	T T
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers (%)		2017		$\mathbf{\dot{\uparrow}}$
ntergenerational poverty gap (p.p.)	0.6 2		•	$\dot{\mathbf{T}}$
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	2.5 2	017	•	1
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	2.6 2		•	Ť
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	0.7 2	016	•	1
Prevalence of obesity, $BMI \ge 30$ (% of adult population)	20.1 2		•	ł
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.4 2 6.3 2		•	4
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land) Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	0.5 2		-	J
/ield gap closure (% of potential yield)	69.7 2		•	
5DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Vaternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	5.2	2017	•	4
Veonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	2.1 2		•	ń
Nortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	3.5 2	2018	•	1
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	7.1 2	2018	•	1
lew HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	NA	NA	•	•
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	11.4 2	2016	•	1
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%) vge-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and				
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	15 2	2016	•	•
raffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	5.2 2		•	1
ife expectancy at birth (years)	81.9 2		•	1
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	7.3 2		•	T
irths attended by skilled health personnel (%) ercentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended	98.4 2		•	T
vaccines (%)	85 2	2018	•	1
Iniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	79 2	2017	•	1
ubjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	7.2 2	019	•	1
ap in self-reported health status by income (percentage points)	20.6 2			1
aily smokers (% of population aged 15 and over)	24.3 2	2014	•	•
DG4 – Quality Education				
let primary enrollment rate (%)	98.6 2		•	1
ower secondary completion rate (%)	98.6 2		•	T
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24) 'articipation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6)	NA	NA	-	1
ertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34)	40.5 2		•	1
ISA score (worst 0–600 best)	491.0 2		•	÷
'ariation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%)			•	7
Inderachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)	21.9 2	2018	•	4
esilient students in science (% of 15-year-olds)	28.3 2	2018	•	1
DG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females	83.6 2	017	•	1
aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)				
atio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%) atio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	94.6 2 83.4 2			-
eats held by women in national parliament (%)	39.3 2			1
ender wage gap (% of male median wage)	15.4 2			1
ender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day)	133.9 2			
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%)	100.0 2	017	•	•
opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%)	100.0 2		•	
reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	9.5 2	2010	•	•
carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	46.0 2			-
opulation using safely managed water services (%)	98.9 2			1
opulation using safely managed sanitation services (%)	96.7 2	2017	•	1
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				
opulation with access to electricity (%)	100 2		•	1
opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) O2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating	100.0 2	:016	•	1
per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.0 2	2017	•	1
hare of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)	29.4 2	2018	•	1
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth		-		
djusted GDP growth (%)	0.0 2	2018	•	
ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	1.7 2		•	
dults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	98.2 2			
mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)				
atal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)			•	1
				-
mployment-to-population ratio (%) outh not in employment, education or training (NEET)	73.5 2	019	•	

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value	Vear I) at in a	Trand
Population using the internet (%)		Year F 2018	ating	
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)		2018	•	*
Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)		2018	•	1
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	54.1	2020	•	•
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	1.4	2018	•	1
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	3.2	2017	٠	1
Researchers (per 1,000 employed population)	11.4	2018	•	1
Triadic patent families filed (per million population)	42.7	2017	٠	1
Gap in internet access by income (percentage points)	13.6	2019	•	1
Women in science and engineering (% of tertiary graduates in science and engineering)	23.4	2015	•	•
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income		2015	•	1
Palma ratio		2017	•	T
Elderly poverty rate (% of population aged 66 or over)	9./	2017	•	\rightarrow
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μ g/m ³)	12.5	2017	•	1
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	NA			•
Satisfaction with public transport (%)		2019		T
Population with rent overburden (%)	5.0	2017	•	1
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
Electronic waste (kg/capita)	20.9	2016	٠	
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)			•	٠
SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2012		
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)		2010		•
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2010		•
Non-recycled municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	0.7	2018	•	
SDG13 – Climate Action				
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)		2017	•	+
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)		2015	•	→
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	295.2	2018	•	
SDG14 – Life Below Water				
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA	NA	•	•
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	NA	NA	٠	٠
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	NA NA	NA NA	•	•
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA NA NA	NA NA NA	•	•
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	NA NA NA	NA NA	•	•
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG15 – Life on Land	NA NA NA 0.1	NA NA NA 2018	•	•
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA NA 0.1 66.6	NA NA 2018 2018	•	•
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA NA 0.1 66.6 71.2	NA NA 2018 2018 2018	•	• • •
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	NA NA 0.1 66.6 71.2 0.9	NA NA 2018 2018 2018 2018 2019	• • • •	• • • •
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	NA NA 0.1 66.6 71.2 0.9	NA NA 2018 2018 2018	• • • •	• • •
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports	NA NA 0.1 66.6 71.2 0.9 0.0	NA NA 2018 2018 2018 2018 2019	• • • • • •	• • • •
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	NA NA 0.1 66.6 71.2 0.9 0.0	NA NA 2018 2018 2018 2019 2019	• • • • • •	• • • •
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions	NA NA 0.1 66.6 71.2 0.9 0.0 4.5	NA NA 2018 2018 2018 2019 2018 2018	 • •<	• • • •
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population)	NA NA 0.1 66.6 71.2 0.9 0.0 4.5	NA NA 2018 2018 2018 2019 2018 2018 2018	 • •<	• • • •
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population) Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city	NA NA 0.1 66.6 71.2 0.9 0.0 4.5 0.7 21.0	NA NA 2018 2018 2018 2019 2018 2018		• • • •
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	NA NA 0.1 66.6 71.2 0.9 0.0 4.5 0.7 21.0 87.3	NA NA 2018 2018 2018 2019 2018 2018 2018		• • • •
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population) Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) Property Rights (worst 1–7 best) Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	NA NA 0.1 66.6 71.2 0.9 0.0 4.5 0.7 21.0 87.3 6.2	NA NA 2018 2018 2019 2018 2019 2018 2018 2016 2018 2019		• • • •
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population) Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	NA NA NA 0.1 666.6 71.2 0.9 0.0 4.5 0.7 21.0 87.3 6.2 100.0	NA NA 2018 2018 2019 2018 2019 2018 2016 2016 2019 2019		
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population) Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) Property Rights (worst 1–7 best) Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	NA NA NA 0.1 66.6 71.2 0.9 0.0 4.5 0.7 21.0 87.3 6.2 100.0 77.0	NA NA 2018 2018 2019 2018 2019 2018 2019 2016 2019 2019 2019 2019		
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population) Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) Property Rights (worst 1–7 best) Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5) Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)	NA NA NA 0.1 66.6 71.2 0.9 0.0 4.5 0.7 21.0 87.3 6.2 100.0 77.0 0.0 0.1	NA NA NA 2018 2018 2019 2018 2019 2018 2019 2018 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2016 2019 2016 2019		
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population) Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) Property Rights (worst 1–7 best) Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5) Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population) Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	NA NA NA 0.1 66.6 71.2 0.9 0.0 4.5 72.0 87.3 6.2 100.0 77.0 0.0 0.1 15.3	NA NA NA 2018 2018 2019 2018 2019 2018 2019 2016 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019		
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population) Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) Property Rights (worst 1–7 best) Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5) Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)	NA NA NA 0.1 66.6 71.2 0.9 0.0 4.5 72.0 87.3 6.2 100.0 77.0 0.0 0.1 15.3	NA NA NA 2018 2018 2019 2018 2019 2018 2019 2018 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2016 2019 2016 2019		
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population) Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) Property Rights (worst 1–7 best) Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5) Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population) Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	NA NA NA 0.1 66.6 71.2 0.9 0.0 4.5 72.0 87.3 6.2 100.0 77.0 0.0 0.1 15.3	NA NA NA 2018 2018 2019 2018 2019 2018 2019 2016 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019		
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population) Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) Property Rights (worst 1–7 best) Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5) Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population) Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst) Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population)	NA NA NA 0.1 66.6 71.2 0.9 0.0 4.5 0.7 21.0 87.3 6.2 100.0 77.0 0.0 0.1 15.3 99.5	NA NA NA 2018 2018 2019 2018 2019 2018 2019 2016 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019		
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population) Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) Property Rights (worst 1–7 best) Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5) Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population) Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst) Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government spending on health and education (% of GDP) For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	NA NA NA 0.1 66.6 71.2 0.9 0.0 4.5 0.7 21.0 87.3 6.2 100.0 77.0 0.0 0.1 15.3 99.5	NA NA 2018 2018 2019 2018 2019 2018 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019		
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population) Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) Property Rights (worst 1–7 best) Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5) Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population) Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst) Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government spending on health and education (% of GDP) For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	NA NA NA 0.1 66.6 71.2 0.9 0.0 4.5 721.0 87.3 6.2 100.0 77.0 0.0 0.1 15.3 99.5 13.1 0.3	NA NA 2018 2018 2019 2018 2019 2018 2018 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019		
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Current Assessment – SDG Dashboard



SDG Trends

1 NO POVERTY	2 ZERO HUNGER	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING	4 QUALITY EDUCATION	5 GENDER EQUALITY	6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION	7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY	8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH	9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATIO AND INFRASTRUCTUR
→	7	7	7	1	7	7	1	1
10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES	11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES	12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION	13 CLIMATE ACTION	14 LIFE BELOW WATER	15 LIFE ON LAND	16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS	17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS	
7	\rightarrow	•	\rightarrow	→		7	\rightarrow	

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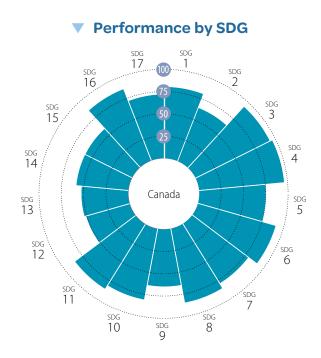
Performance	by	Indicator
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SDG1 – No Poverty	Value Year Rating Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	0.2 2020 • ↑
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	0.3 2020 • 🕇
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers (%)	10.2 2017 😐 🖊
Intergenerational poverty gap (p.p.)	3.2 2017 🔍 🕹
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	2.5 2017 • 🕇
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	2.6 2016
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% of adult population)	0.7 2016 • 个 22.1 2016 • ↓
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.4 2017
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	9.1 2017 • 1
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	0.7 2015 🔸 🔶
Yield gap closure (% of potential yield)	77.2 2015 • •
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	5 2017 🔹 🕇
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	2.0 2018 • 个
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	3.7 2018
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population) New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	9.0 2018 • ↑ NA NA • •
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	11.4 2016 • 个
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and	16 2016 • •
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population) Fraffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	5.8 2016
Life expectancy at birth (years)	81.2 2016
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	4.7 2017 • 1
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	NA NA •
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended	96 2018 • 个
vaccines (%)	
Jniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best) Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	84 2017 • ↑ 6.8 2019 • ↑
Gap in self-reported health status by income (percentage points)	27.6 2017
Daily smokers (% of population aged 15 and over)	18.9 2013
SDG4 – Quality Education	
Net primary enrollment rate (%)	98.8 2017 • 个
Lower secondary completion rate (%)	98.8 2017 • 1
Literacy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	NA NA •
Participation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6)	
Tertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34)	47.4 2018 • 🕇
PISA score (worst 0–600 best)	500.0 2018 • 1
Variation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%) Underachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)	20.0 2018 • ↓ 20.0 2018 • ↓
Resilient students in science (% of 15-year-olds)	20.0 2018 • ↓ 30.7 2018 • ↑
SDG5 – Gender Equality	50.7 2010
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females	
aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	89.9 2017 • 个
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	97.5 2018 😐 🕇
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	81.6 2019 🌒 🕇
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)	40.7 2020 • 个
Gender wage gap (% of male median wage)	3.7 2016 • 个
Gender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day)	93.2 2013 • •
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation	
	1000 0 000
	100.0 2017 •
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	99.5 2017 • •
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	99.5 2017 • • 73.8 2010 • •
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	99.5 2017 • •
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) Population using safely managed water services (%)	99.5 2017 • 73.8 2010 • 38.6 2013 •
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) Population using safely managed water services (%) Population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	99.5 2017 • 73.8 2010 • 38.6 2013 • 99.5 2017 •
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) Population using safely managed water services (%) Population using safely managed sanitation services (%) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy	99.5 2017 • 73.8 2010 • 38.6 2013 • 99.5 2017 •
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%) reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) Population using safely managed water services (%) Population using safely managed sanitation services (%) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%)	99.5 2017 • • 73.8 2010 • • 38.6 2013 • 7 99.5 2017 • ↑ 97.1 2017 • ↑
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) Population using safely managed water services (%) Population using safely managed sanitation services (%) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating	99.5 2017 • • 73.8 2010 • • 38.6 2013 • 7 99.5 2017 • • 97.1 2017 • • 100 2017 • •
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) Population using safely managed water services (%) Population using safely managed sanitation services (%) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	99.5 2017 • • • 73.8 2010 • • 38.6 2013 • 7 99.5 2017 • • 97.1 2017 • • 100 2017 • • 100.0 2016 • •
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) Population using safely managed water services (%) Population using safely managed sanitation services (%) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)	99.5 2017 • • 73.8 2010 • • 38.6 2013 • 7 99.5 2017 • • 97.1 2017 • • 100 2017 • •
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) Population using safely managed water services (%) Population using safely managed sanitation services (%) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	99.5 2017 ● 73.8 2010 ● 38.6 2013 ● 99.5 2017 ● 97.1 2017 ● 100 2017 ● 100.0 2016 ● 1.1 2017 ● 7.9 2018 ●
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) Population using safely managed water services (%) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%)	99.5 2017 ● ● 73.8 2010 ● ● 38.6 2013 ● 7 99.5 2017 ● ↑ 97.1 2017 ● ↑ 100. 2017 ● ↑ 1.00.0 2016 ● ↑ 1.1 2017 ● ↑ 7.9 2018 ● ●
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Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%) Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	99.5 2017 ● ● 73.8 2010 ● ● 38.6 2013 ● 7 99.5 2017 ● ↑ 7.1 2017 ● ↑ 100.0 2017 ● ↑ 1.1 2017 ● ↑ 7.9 2018 ● ↑ 2.0 2018 ● ● 98.6 2017 ● ↑

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value Year R	ating Trend
Population using the internet (%)	88.7 2018	
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	75.7 2018	• 🛧
Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	4.0 2018	• 1
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	63.4 2020	• •
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	1.4 2018	• 1
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	2.6 2017	• 1
Researchers (per 1,000 employed population)	12.0 2018	• 1
Triadic patent families filed (per million population)	35.7 2017	
Gap in internet access by income (percentage points)	28.0 2019	• 1
Women in science and engineering (% of tertiary graduates in science and engineering)	26.0 2015	• •
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities		
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	29.4 2015	• 1
Palma ratio	0.9 2017	• •
Elderly poverty rate (% of population aged 66 or over)	8.8 2017	• →
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities		
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μg/m ³)	12.9 2017	• 7
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	99.0 2017	• 1
Satisfaction with public transport (%)	58.5 2019	
Population with rent overburden (%)	8.9 2017	• →
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production		
Electronic waste (kg/capita)	21.2 2016	•
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	54.5 2012	• •
SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	13.7 2012	
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	51.7 2010	
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	17.8 2010	
Non-recycled municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	0.5 2018	• •
SDG13 – Climate Action		
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	8.8 2017	• ↓
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)	2.4 2015	
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0 2019	• •
	0.0 2019	• •
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita) SDG14 – Life Below Water Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	93.4 2018	• ↑
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita) SDG14 – Life Below Water Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	93.4 2018 31.9 2019	• ↑ • ↓
CO2 emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita) SDG14 – Life Below Water Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	93.4 2018 31.9 2019 NA NA	• ↑ • ↓ • •
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita) SDG14 – Life Below Water Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%)	93.4 2018 31.9 2019 NA NA 97.1 2014	• ↑ • ↓ • •
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita) SDG14 – Life Below Water Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	93.4 2018 31.9 2019 NA NA	• ↑ • ↓ • •
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita) SDG14 – Life Below Water Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG15 – Life on Land	93.4 2018 31.9 2019 NA NA 97.1 2014 0.2 2018	• ↑ • ↓ • •
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita) SDG14 – Life Below Water Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	93.4 2018 31.9 2019 NA NA 97.1 2014 0.2 2018 81.0 2018	• ↑ • ↓ • • • •
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita) SDG14 – Life Below Water Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	93.4 2018 31.9 2019 NA NA 97.1 2014 0.2 2018 81.0 2018 92.8 2018	• ↑ • ↓ • • • • • •
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CO2 emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita) SDG14 – Life Below Water Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population)	93.4 2018 31.9 2019 NA NA 97.1 2014 0.2 2018 81.0 2018 92.8 2018 1.0 2019 0.0 2018 4.7 2018 1.7 2017	
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CANADA





Current Assessment – SDG Dashboard



SDG Trends

1 NO POVERTY	2 ZERO HUNGER	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING	4 QUALITY EDUCATION	5 GENDER EQUALITY	6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION	7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY	8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH	9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE
1	7	1	1	7	→	7	1	7
10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES	11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES	12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION	13 CLIMATE ACTION	14. LIFE BELOW WATER	15 LIFE ON LAND	16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS	17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS	
\rightarrow	→	•	→	7	→	7	7	

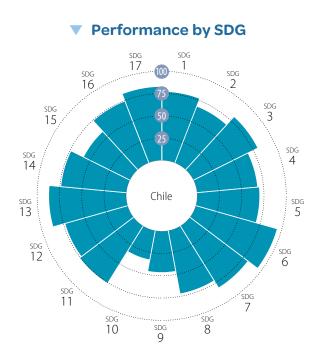
CANADA

SDG1 – No Poverty		Year		Tren
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)		2020		1
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)		2020		T
overty rate after taxes and transfers (%) ntergenerational poverty gap (p.p.)		2017 2017	-	T T
DG2 – Zero Hunger	5.1	2017	-	
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	25	2017	•	4
revalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2016	•	1
revalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	0.7	2016	٠	1
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)	29.4	2016	٠	1
luman Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)		2017	•	7
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)		2017	•	1
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst) /ield gap closure (% of potential yield)	0.5 NA	2015 NA		4
5DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	1473	14/ 1	-	
Aaternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	10	2017	•	1
leonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		2018	٠	1
Nortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	5.0	2018	٠	1
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	5.6	2018	٠	1
lew HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	NA	NA	•	•
ge-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	9.8	2016	٠	1
ge-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and	-	2014	-	
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)		2016	•	
raffic deaths (per 100,000 population)		2016	•	1
ife expectancy at birth (years) delescent fortility rate (births par 1 000 adelescent formales aged 15 to 10)		2016 2017		T
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19) irths attended by skilled health personnel (%)		2017		1
ercentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended			-	
vaccines (%)	90	2018	•	Т
Iniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)		2017	٠	1
ubjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)		2019	•	1
ap in self-reported health status by income (percentage points)		2017 2017		T
Daily smokers (% of population aged 15 and over)	12.0	2017	-	
5DG4 – Quality Education	100.0	2017		
let primary enrollment rate (%) ower secondary completion rate (%)	100.0	2017		1
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	NA		•	
Participation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6)		2016	•	•
ertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34)		2018	٠	1
PISA score (worst 0–600 best)	516.7	2018	٠	1
/ariation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%)		2018	٠	1
Jnderachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)		2018	•	T
Resilient students in science (% of 15-year-olds)	40./	2018	•	1
5DG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	87.8	2017	٠	1
atio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	103.1	2018	•	1
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)		2019	٠	1
eats held by women in national parliament (%)		2020		7
ender wage gap (% of male median wage)		2018	٠	-
ender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day)	75.5	2015	•	•
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)		2017	٠	•
opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%)		2017	•	
reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2015		
carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) opulation using safely managed water services (%)		2013 2017		-
opulation using safely managed sanitation services (%)		2017	•	J
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				
opulation with access to electricity (%)	100	2017	•	1
opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)		2017	•	1
O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating		2017		
per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)				
hare of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)	16.4	2018	•	4
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				
djusted GDP growth (%)		2018	•	
fictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a		2018	•	
mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	99.7	2017	٠	1
atal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)	1.5	2010	٠	1
mployment-to-population ratio (%)	74.4	2019	٠	1
outh not in employment, education or training (NEET)				

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value	Year	Rating	Trend
Population using the internet (%)		2017	-	1
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)		2018		1
Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related	3.8	2018	•	Τ
infrastructure (worst 1–5 best) The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of				
top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	78.7	2020	•	•
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)		2018		1
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)		2017		T
Researchers (per 1,000 employed population) Triadic patent families filed (per million population)		2016 2017		Ţ
Gap in internet access by income (percentage points)		2007		
Women in science and engineering (% of tertiary graduates in science				
and engineering)	27.7	2015	•	•
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income		2013	٠	
Palma ratio		2017		T
Elderly poverty rate (% of population aged 66 or over)	12.2	2017	•	+
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μg/m ³)	6.4	2017	•	1
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	99 0	2017	•	1
Satisfaction with public transport (%)		2019		¥
Population with rent overburden (%)		2016		↓
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
Electronic waste (kg/capita)	20.0	2016	٠	٠
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	58.1	2012	•	٠
SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2012		
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)		2010		•
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	17.2 NA	2010 NA		•
Non-recycled municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	INA	IN/A	-	-
SDG13 – Climate Action	14.4	2017		
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita) CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)		2017 2015		3
	3,453.1			•
SDG14 – Life Below Water	-,			
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	33.1	2018	•	7
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)		2019		1
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)		2014		->
Fish caught by trawling (%)	30.9	2014	٠	7
Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.9	2018	٠	
SDG15 – Life on Land				
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018		->
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018		7
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)		2019 2018		T
Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports				
(per million population)	4.1	2018	•	
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
Homicides (per 100,000 population)	1.8	2017	•	$\mathbf{\Psi}$
Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	38.9	2018	•	↓
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city	81.4	2019	•	1
or area where they live (%) Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	56	2019	•	
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	100.0			•
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		2019		1
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	0.0	2016	٠	٠
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per	0.4	2019	•	
100,000 population) Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)		2019		•
Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population)	113.4			-
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals		_010	-	•
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	11 9	2015		1
For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional			-	
public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	0.3	2017	•	7
Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)		NA		
Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)		2019		•
Financial Secrecy Score (best 0–100 worst) Shifted profits of multinationals (US\$ billion)		2020 2016		•
אוווענע אוווענוטענאנאנאנאנאנאנאנאנאנאנאנאנאנאנאנאנאנאנא	13.2	2010	-	-

CHILE





Current Assessment – SDG Dashboard



SDG Trends

1 NO Poverty	2 ZERO HUNGER	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING	4 QUALITY EDUCATION	5 GENDER EQUALITY	6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION	7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY	8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH	9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTUR
7	7	7	7	7	1	7	7	7
10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES	11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES	12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION	13 CLIMATE ACTION	14 LIFE BELOW WATER	15 LIFE ON LAND	16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS	17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS	
→	7	•	\rightarrow	7	↓ ↓	7		

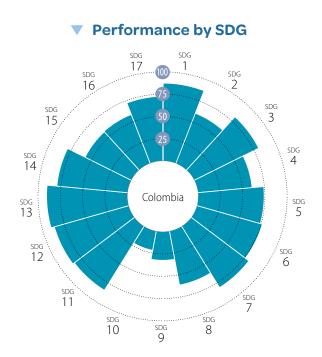
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SDG1 – No Poverty	Value	Year F	otina	Trand
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)		2020	-	
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)		2020		Ť.
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers (%)	16.5	2017	٠	->
Intergenerational poverty gap (p.p.)	0.0	2017	•	1
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)		2017	٠	1
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2014	•	Ţ
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)		2014 2016		Ţ
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)		2010		Ĵ.
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)		2017		Ť
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	0.8	2015	٠	->
Yield gap closure (% of potential yield)	NA	NA		
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)		2017	٠	1
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		2018	•	T
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births) Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)		2018 2018	-	1
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)		2018		-
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,				
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30-70 years (%)	12.4	2016	•	4
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	25	2016	•	٠
Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	125	2016	•	Ŧ
Life expectancy at birth (years)		2016		Ť
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	41.1	2017	•	Ť.
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	99.7	2015	٠	1
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended	93	2018	•	1
vaccines (%) Universal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	70	2017	•	1
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)		2017	•	Ψ.
Gap in self-reported health status by income (percentage points)		2017	•	Ť
Daily smokers (% of population aged 15 and over)	24.5	2016	•	
SDG4 – Quality Education				
Net primary enrollment rate (%)	97.4	2017	٠	1
Lower secondary completion rate (%)		2017	•	1
Literacy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)		2017	•	
Participation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6) Tertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34)		2017 2017	-	↑ ↑
PISA score (worst 0–600 best)	437.7		•	4
Variation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%)		2018	•	Ť
Underachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)		2018	٠	4
Resilient students in science (% of 15-year-olds)	22.1	2018	•	1
SDG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females	86.3	2017	•	•
aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions) Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)		2018		<u> </u>
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)		2018		*
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)		2020		7
Gender wage gap (% of male median wage)		2017	•	1
Gender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day)	NA	NA		
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)		2017		
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)		2017		•
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2005		•
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) Population using safely managed water services (%)		2013 2017		T
Population using safely managed water services (%) Population using safely managed sanitation services (%)		2017		*
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy	5		-	•
Population with access to electricity (%)	100	2017	•	4
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)		2016	•	$\mathbf{\dot{\uparrow}}$
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating	11	2017		-
per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)				
Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)	27.6	2018	•	T
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth		261	-	6
Adjusted GDP growth (%)		2018	•	•
Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a		2018	•	-
mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	74.3	2017	•	Τ
Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)	0.3	2010	•	1
Employment-to-population ratio (%)	62.6	2018	٠	1
Youth not in employment, education or training (NEET) (% of population aged 15 to 29)	18.4	2017	•	1
(10 01 population aged 10 to 27)				

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure		Year I	-	Trer
Population using the internet (%)		2017	•	1
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	91.6	2018	•	T
Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	3.2	2018	•	1
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)		2020	•	•
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)		2018		7
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)		2016		4
Researchers (per 1,000 employed population)		2017		-
Triadic patent families filed (per million population)		2017		-
Gap in internet access by income (percentage points)	7.5	2017	•	1
Women in science and engineering (% of tertiary graduates in science and engineering)	16.2	2015	•	
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	51.5	2017	٠	-
Palma ratio	2.6	2017	٠	-
Elderly poverty rate (% of population aged 66 or over)	17.6	2017	٠	1
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than	21.0	2017	•	,
2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μg/m ³)			-	
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)		2017		1
Satisfaction with public transport (%)		2019		1
Population with rent overburden (%)	13.9	2017	•	
5DG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
Electronic waste (kg/capita)	8.7	2016	٠	
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	66.4	2012	٠	
SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	4.1	2012	٠	
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	27.5	2010	•	
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	3.8	2010	٠	
Non-recycled municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	1.2	2017	٠	
5DG13 – Climate Action				
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	4.6	2017	•	1
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.7	2015	•	1
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	112.2	2018	•	
SDG14 – Life Below Water				
Wean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	74.8	2018	•	-
Dcean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)		2019		4
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)		2019		2
Fish caught by trawling (%)		2014		1
Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)		2014		
5DG15 – Life on Land	0.0	2010	-	_
	24.0	2010		
Aean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018		-
Aean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018	-	
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)		2019		
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.0	2018	•	
errestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	1.1	2018	•	•
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
łomicides (per 100,000 population)	4.3	2017	٠	-
Insentenced detainees (% of prison population)		2018	•	
ercentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city		2019		
or area where they live (%)			-	
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)		2019		
lirth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)		2018		-
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		2019		1
hildren involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	6.6	2016	•	(
exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)		2019		•
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)		2019		1
ersons held in prison (per 100,000 population)	231.3	2017	•	1
DG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	10.3	2016	٠	1
or high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	NA	NA		
public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	NA	NА	-	
	NA	NA	٠	(
Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)		2019	•	
Dther countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP) Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)	0.0	2019		
		2020		

COLOMBIA





Current Assessment – SDG Dashboard



SDG Trends

1 NO Poverty	2 ZERO HUNGER	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING	4 QUALITY EDUCATION	5 GENDER EQUALITY	6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION	7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY	8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH	9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTUR
7	7	7	7	7	→	1	7	→
10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES	11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES and communities	12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION	13 CLIMATE ACTION	14 LIFE BELOW WATER	15 LIFE ON LAND	16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS	17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS	
•	7	•		1	7	\rightarrow	4	

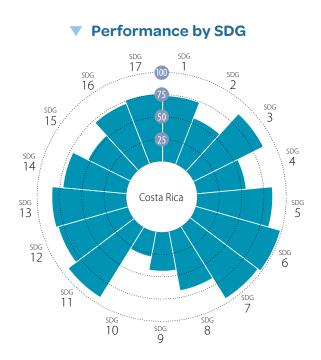
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SDG1 – No Poverty		Year I		Tren
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)		2020		Т
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%) Poverty rate after taxes and transfers (%)	NA	2020 NA	•	7
ntergenerational poverty gap (p.p.)	NA	NA	•	
5DG2 – Zero Hunger			_	_
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	48	2017	•	1
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2010		7
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2010		1
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)	22.3	2016	٠	4
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.3	2017	٠	1
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)		2017	٠	1
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)		2015		4
/ield gap closure (% of potential yield)	NA	NA		•
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)		2017		7
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		2018		T
Nortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births) ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)		2018 2018	•	
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)		2018		•
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,				
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	15.8	2016	•	Т
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and	37	2016	•	•
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				-
Fraffic deaths (per 100,000 population) .ife expectancy at birth (years)		2016 2016		4
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)		2016		4
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)		2016		1
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended		2018		1
vaccines (%) Jniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	76	2017	•	1
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	6.4	2019	٠	Ť
Gap in self-reported health status by income (percentage points)	NA	NA	٠	
Daily smokers (% of population aged 15 and over)	13.0	2013	٠	
SDG4 – Quality Education				
Net primary enrollment rate (%)		2018	•	1
Lower secondary completion rate (%)		2018		-
Literacy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)		2018		
Participation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6)		2018		1
Tertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34)	405.3	2018	•	Ţ
Variation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%)		2018		•
Underachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)		2018	•	j
Resilient students in science (% of 15-year-olds)	22.3	2018	٠	1
SDG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females	86.6	2016		•
aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)				
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)		2018		T
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)		2019 2020		T
Seats held by women in national parliament (%) Gender wage gap (% of male median wage)		2020		
Gender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day)	NA	NA		
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation	1 1/ 1	1.47.1		2
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	072	2017		
Population using at least basic contrining water services (%)		2017		
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2017	•	
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)		2013		1
Population using safely managed water services (%)		2017		-
Population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	17.0	2017	٠	-
5DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				
Population with access to electricity (%)		2017		1
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	91.8	2016	٠	1
CO_2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating	1.0	2017	•	1
per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)		2017		1
5DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				
Adjusted GDP growth (%)	-3.2	2018	٠	•
victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)		2018	٠	•
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	45.8	2017	•	7
mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)			-	
Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population) Employment-to-population ratio (%)		2010		T
	65.2	2019	•	Т
Youth not in employment, education or training (NEET)				

SDG9 - Industry, Innovation and InfrastructureValue Year RatPopulation using the internet (%)64.1 2018Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)52.3 2018Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)2.7 2018The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of 29.6 202029.6 2020	ing Trend
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population) 52.3 2018 Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best) 2.7 2018 The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of	
infrastructure (worst 1–5 best) 2.7 2018	•
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of	1
top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population) 0.1 2018	• •
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP) 0.2 2017	
Researchers (per 1,000 employed population) NA NA •	
Triadic patent families filed (per million population)0.1 2017Gap in internet access by income (percentage points)67.4 2018	
Women in science and engineering (% of tertiary graduates in science	
and engineering)	
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities	
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income 55.2 2017 Palma ratio NA NA	
Elderly poverty rate (% of population aged 66 or over) NA NA	
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities	
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than	
2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μg/m ³) 16.5 2017	Т
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population) 95.2 2017	• •
Satisfaction with public transport (%) 64.3 2019	
Population with rent overburden (%) NA NA (
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production	
Electronic waste (kg/capita) 5.6 2016	
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) 11.8 2012	
SO2 emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)2.6 2012Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)24.6 2010	
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita) 24.0 2010	
Non-recycled municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day) NA NA (
SDG13 – Climate Action	
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita) 1.7 2017	•
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita) 0.4 2015	
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita) 4,223.2 2018	
SDG14 – Life Below Water	
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) 65.2 2018	• •
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) 63.5 2019	•
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) 11.8 2014	• •
Fish caught by trawling (%) 4.0 2014	
Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) 0.1 2018	
SDG15 – Life on Land	
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) 41.4 2018	Ţ
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) 39.3 2018 Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) 0.7 2019	T
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) 0.2 2018	
Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports	
(per million population)	•
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions	
Homicides (per 100,000 population) 24.9 2017	▶ 7
Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population) 32.0 2018	1
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city 47.5 2019	• ->
or area where they live (%)	
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best) 4.1.2019	
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best) 4.1 2019 4.1 20	
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)4.1 2019Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)96.8 2018Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)37.0 2019	
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5) 96.8 2018	
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)96.8 2018Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)37.0 2019Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)7.8 2016Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 0.0 20190.0 2019	
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)96.8 2018Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)37.0 2019Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)7.8 2016Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)0.0 2019	<u>د</u>
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)96.8 2018Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)37.0 2019Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)7.8 2016Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)0.0 2019Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)42.8 2019) →
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)96.8 2018Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)37.0 2019Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)7.8 2016Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)0.0 2019Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)42.8 2019Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population)243.5 2017	● →
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)96.8 2018Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)37.0 2019Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)7.8 2016Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)0.0 2019Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)42.8 2019Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population)243.5 2017SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals100	→ ↓
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5) 96.8 2018 Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) 37.0 2019 Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) 7.8 2016 Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population) 0.0 2019 Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst) 42.8 2019 Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population) 243.5 2017 SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government spending on health and education (% of GDP) Rox pand all OFCD DAC countries: International concessional 8.2 2016	• → • ↓
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)96.8 2018Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)37.0 2019Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)7.8 2016Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)0.0 2019Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)42.8 2019Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population)243.5 2017SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals	$\begin{array}{c} \bullet \\ \bullet $
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5) 96.8 2018 Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) 37.0 2019 Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) 7.8 2016 Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population) 0.0 2019 Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst) 42.8 2019 Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population) 243.5 2017 SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals 6 Government spending on health and education (% of GDP) 8.2 2016 For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI) NA Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP) 22.9 2017	• ↓ • ↓ • •
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)96.8 2018Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)37.0 2019Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)7.8 2016Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)0.0 2019Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)42.8 2019Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population)243.5 2017SDG17 – Partnerships for the GoalsGovernment spending on health and education (% of GDP)8.2 2016For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)NANAOther countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)22.9 20170.0 2019	
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5) 96.8 2018 Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) 37.0 2019 Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) 7.8 2016 Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population) 0.0 2019 Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst) 42.8 2019 Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population) 243.5 2017 SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals 6 Government spending on health and education (% of GDP) 8.2 2016 For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI) NA Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP) 22.9 2017	

COSTA RICA





Current Assessment – SDG Dashboard



SDG Trends

1 NO Poverty	2 ZERO HUNGER	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING	4 QUALITY EDUCATION	5 GENDER EQUALITY	6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION	7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY	8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH	9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE
7	→	7	→	7	1	1	7	→
10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES	11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES	12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION	13 CLIMATE ACTION	14. LIFE BELOW WATER	15 LIFE ON LAND	16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS	17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS	
\rightarrow	1	•	7	7		\rightarrow	7	

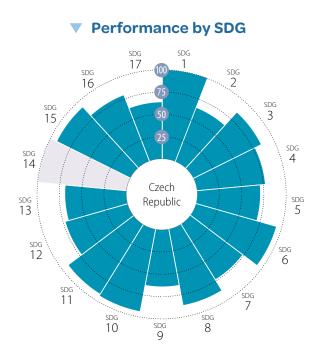
COSTA RICA

SDG1 – No Poverty		Year F	-	
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)		2020		1
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)		2020		Ť
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers (%)		2019		>
ntergenerational poverty gap (p.p.)	0.0	2019	•	1
SDG2 – Zero Hunger Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	10	2017		
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2017		1
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2008		$\mathbf{\dot{\uparrow}}$
Prevalence of wasting in children under 9 years of age ($\sqrt{9}$)		2000		¥
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)		2017		÷
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	4.2	2017	•	1
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	1.1	2015	•	4
(ield gap closure (% of potential yield)	NA	NA		
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Naternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)		2017	٠	1
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		2018	•	T
Nortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		2018	•	1
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)		2018 2018	-	Ţ
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population) Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	0.2	2018	-	•
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	11.5	2016	•	Ť
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and	22	2016	•	•
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				
Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population)		2016	•	+
ife expectancy at birth (years)		2016	•	1
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)		2017		7
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%) Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended		2015	•	+
vaccines (%)	94	2018	•	1
Jniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	77	2017	•	1
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	7.0	2019	٠	Ť
Gap in self-reported health status by income (percentage points)	NA	NA		٠
Daily smokers (% of population aged 15 and over)	4.2	2018	•	1
SDG4 – Quality Education				
Net primary enrollment rate (%)	97.3	2018	٠	1
ower secondary completion rate (%)	70.3	2018	٠	1
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	99.4	2018	٠	٠
Participation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6)	96.8	2018	•	1
Fertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34)		2018	•	+
PISA score (worst 0–600 best)	414.7		•	+
Variation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%)		2018		¥
Jnderachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds) Resilient students in science (% of 15-year-olds)		2018 2018	•	+
	17.7	2010	-	
SDG5 – Gender Equality Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females				
aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	89.1	2011	٠	1
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	103.5	2018	•	1
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	61.6	2019	•	¥
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)	45.6	2020	٠	1
Gender wage gap (% of male median wage)	4.7	2018	٠	1
Gender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day)	NA	NA		۲
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	99.7	2017	٠	٠
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)		2017	٠	٠
reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	4.7	2015	•	
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)		2013	•	1
Population using safely managed water services (%)		2017		1
Population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA	NA		٠
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				
Population with access to electricity (%)		2017	٠	1
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	93.5	2016	٠	1
CO_2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating	0.7	2017	•	1
per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)				
	4ö.U	2017	-	
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth		261	~	
Adjusted GDP growth (%)		2018	•	•
/ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	1.3	2018	•	٠
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	67.8	2017	•	1
Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)	05	2010	•	1
Employment-to-population ratio (%)	NA	NA		
Youth not in employment, education or training (NEET)		2018	~	

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure		Year R	ating	Trend
Population using the internet (%)	74.1 97.2		•	T
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population) Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related			•	Т
infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	2.5	2018	•	→
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of	31.8	2020	•	•
top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)				-
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population) Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)		2018 2016		→ ↓
Researchers (per 1,000 employed population)	NA			
Triadic patent families filed (per million population)		2017	•	V
Gap in internet access by income (percentage points)	35.6	2018	•	•
Women in science and engineering (% of tertiary graduates in science	26.8	2015	•	•
and engineering)	20.0	2010	-	
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income		2017	•	*
Palma ratio Elderly poverty rate (% of population aged 66 or over)		2019 2019		1
	24.0	2019	-	•
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than				
2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μ g/m ³)	15.7	2017	•	1
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	99.0	2017	•	1
Satisfaction with public transport (%)	76.2	2019	•	1
Population with rent overburden (%)	NA	NA		
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
Electronic waste (kg/capita)	9.7	2016	•	٠
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	31.7		•	٠
SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2012		•
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita) Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2010 2010		•
Non-recycled municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)		2010		•
SDG13 – Climate Action	0.0	2010	-	-
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	1.0	2017	•	
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)		2017	•	4
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	NA		•	•
SDG14 – Life Below Water				_
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	54.9	2018	•	1
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)		2019	•	Ť.
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	25.1	2014	•	4
Fish caught by trawling (%)		2014	•	7
Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.2	2018	•	
SDG15 – Life on Land				
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	41.7		•	>
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018	•	7
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.0	2019	-	+
Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports		2018		
(per million population)	1.6	2018	•	•
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
Homicides (per 100,000 population)	12.3	2017	•	1
Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	20.6		•	1
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city	47.8	2019	•	T.
or area where they live (%)				
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best) Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)		2019 2018		•
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		2018	-	7
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)		2016	•	
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per		2019		
100,000 population)				
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)		2019	•	T
Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population)	289.9	2017	•	7
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals	107	2011		
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP) For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	12.7	2016	•	Т
public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	NA	NA		٠
Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	25.2	2018	•	7
Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)	0.0	2019	•	٠
	0.0			
Financial Secrecy Score (best 0–100 worst)	62.3	2020		
Financial Secrecy Score (best 0–100 worst) Shifted profits of multinationals (US\$ billion)	62.3			•

CZECH REPUBLIC





Current Assessment – SDG Dashboard



SDG Trends

1 NO POVERTY	2 ZERO HUNGER	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING	4. QUALITY EDUCATION	5 GENDER EQUALITY	6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION	7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY	8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH	9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATIO AND INFRASTRUCTUR
1	7	7	7	7	1	7	1	7
10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES	11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES	12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION	13 CLIMATE ACTION	14. LIFE BELOW WATER	15 LIFE ON LAND	16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS	17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS	
7	7	•	\rightarrow	•	1	7	7	

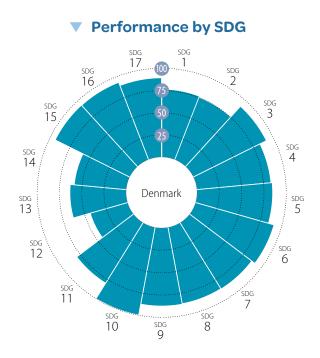
CZECH REPUBLIC

SDG1 – No Poverty		Year	-	Tren
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)		2020		1
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)		2020		T
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers (%)		2017 2017		1 1
ntergenerational poverty gap (p.p.)	0.0	2017	-	-
5DG2 – Zero Hunger Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	25	2017		•
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2017		1
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2001		1
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)		2016		Ų
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.4	2017	٠	1
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	5.5	2017	٠	1
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)		2015		1
/ield gap closure (% of potential yield)	57.8	2015	•	•
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)		2017		1
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		2018		1
Nortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		2018 2018		1 1
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population) New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)		2018		1
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,				
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	15.0	2016	•	Т
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and	30	2016	•	
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				
Fraffic deaths (per 100,000 population) Life expectancy at birth (years)		2016 2016		1 1
Adolescent fertility rate (birth years)		2010		
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)		2017		
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended				-
vaccines (%)	96	2018	•	1
Universal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)		2017		1
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)		2018		1
Gap in self-reported health status by income (percentage points)		2018		4
Daily smokers (% of population aged 15 and over)	18.4	2017	•	Т
SDG4 – Quality Education				
Net primary enrollment rate (%)		2017		T
Lower secondary completion rate (%)	98.1 NA	2017 NA		1
Literacy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24) Participation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6)		2017		4
Tertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34)		2018		1
PISA score (worst 0–600 best)	495.3			1
Variation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%)	16.9	2018	٠	1
Underachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)	18.8	2018	•	1
Resilient students in science (% of 15-year-olds)	30.5	2018	•	1
SDG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females	85.7	2008	•	1
aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)				
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)		2018		4
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%) Seats held by women in national parliament (%)		2019 2020		1
Gender wage gap (% of male median wage)		2020		7
Gender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day)	NA	NA		
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation			-	-
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	00.0	2017		
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)		2017		
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2015		
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)		2013		1
Population using safely managed water services (%)		2017		1
Population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	94.5	2017	٠	1
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				
Population with access to electricity (%)	100	2017	٠	1
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	97.1	2016	٠	1
CO_2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating	1 २	2017		-
per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)				
Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)	10.3	2018	-	-
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth		2011	-	
Adjusted GDP growth (%)		2018		
Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	2.9	2018	•	•
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	81.0	2017	٠	1
Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)	0.8	2010	•	1
Employment-to-population ratio (%)		2019		1
Youth not in employment, education or training (NEET)		2018		
		- 71119		

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure		Year R	ating	Trend
Population using the internet (%) Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)		2018 2018		T T
Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related				
infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	3.5	2018	•	Т
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of	34.7	2020	•	
top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best) Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	15	2018		1
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)		2010	•	*
Researchers (per 1,000 employed population)		2018		$\mathbf{\dot{\mathbf{T}}}$
Triadic patent families filed (per million population)	4.2	2017	•	->
Gap in internet access by income (percentage points)	35.5	2019	•	1
Women in science and engineering (% of tertiary graduates in science	32.2	2015	•	
and engineering)				
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities	20.0	2015		
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income Palma ratio		2015 2017		T
Elderly poverty rate (% of population aged 66 or over)		2017		J.
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than				
2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μ g/m ³)	16.1	2017	•	7
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)		2017	•	Υ
Satisfaction with public transport (%)		2018	•	+
Population with rent overburden (%)	2.5	2017	•	•
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
Electronic waste (kg/capita)		2016		•
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2012 2012	•	•
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)			•	•
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)			•	•
Non-recycled municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)		2018	•	٠
SDG13 – Climate Action				
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	9.1	2017	•	$\mathbf{\downarrow}$
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)	1.7	2015	•	->
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	671.4	2019	•	٠
SDG14 – Life Below Water				
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA	NA		٠
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	NA	NA		٠
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	NA	NA		۲
Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA 0.1	NA	•	•
Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.1	2018	•	•
SDG15 – Life on Land		2010	-	
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018 2018		T
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)		2018		•
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)		2018	•	•
Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports		2018		
(per million population)	1.0	2010	<u> </u>	-
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
Homicides (per 100,000 population)		2017	•	1
Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)		2018	•	Ť
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	72.4	2018	•	1
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	47	2019	•	•
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)		2018		•
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		2019	•	→
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	0.0	2016	•	٠
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per	0.9	2019	•	•
100,000 population) Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)		2019	•	•
Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population)	24.9		•	Ļ
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				Ť
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	114	2016	•	1
For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional				
	0.2	2017	•	7
public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)		NA	•	٠
public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI) Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	NA		~	
public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI) Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP) Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)	58.9	2019		•
public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI) Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	58.9 55.4		•	•

DENMARK





Current Assessment – SDG Dashboard



SDG Trends

1 NO POVERTY	2 ZERO HUNGER	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING	4 QUALITY EDUCATION	5 GENDER EQUALITY	6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION	7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY	8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH	9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATIO AND INFRASTRUCTUR
1	▶	7	→	1	7	1	7	1
10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES	11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES	12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION	13 CLIMATE ACTION	14. LIFE BELOW WATER	15 LIFE ON LAND	16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS	17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS	
T		•	7		1	7		

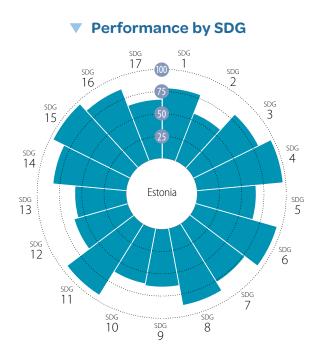
DENMARK

SDG1 – No PovertyPoverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)Poverty rate after taxes and transfers (%)Intergenerational poverty gap (p.p.)SDG2 – Zero HungerPrevalence of undernourishment (%)Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% of adult population)Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)Yield gap closure (% of potential yield)SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	0.2 0.3 5.8 19.0 2.5 2.6 0.7 19.7 2.5 6.9	Year F 2020 2020 2016 2016 2017 2016 2016 2016	•	
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%) Poverty rate after taxes and transfers (%) Intergenerational poverty gap (p.p.) SDG2 – Zero Hunger Prevalence of undernourishment (%) Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population) Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst) Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land) Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst) Yield gap closure (% of potential yield)	0.3 5.8 19.0 2.5 2.6 0.7 19.7 2.5 6.9	2020 2016 2016 2017 2016 2016	•	
Intergenerational poverty gap (p.p.) SDG2 – Zero Hunger Prevalence of undernourishment (%) Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% of adult population) Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst) Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land) Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst) Yield gap closure (% of potential yield)	19.0 2.5 2.6 0.7 19.7 2.5 6.9	2016 2017 2016 2016	•	1
SDG2 - Zero HungerPrevalence of undernourishment (%)Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% of adult population)Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)Yield gap closure (% of potential yield)	2.5 2.6 0.7 19.7 2.5 6.9	2017 2016 2016	•	1
Prevalence of undernourishment (%) Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% of adult population) Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst) Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land) Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst) Yield gap closure (% of potential yield)	2.6 0.7 19.7 2.5 6.9	2016 2016		
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% of adult population) Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst) Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land) Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst) Yield gap closure (% of potential yield)	2.6 0.7 19.7 2.5 6.9	2016 2016		
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% of adult population) Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst) Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land) Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst) Yield gap closure (% of potential yield)	0.7 19.7 2.5 6.9	2016	•	1
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% of adult population) Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst) Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land) Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst) Yield gap closure (% of potential yield)	19.7 2.5 6.9		•	Ť
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst) Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land) Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst) Yield gap closure (% of potential yield)	2.5 6.9	2010	-	↑
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land) Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst) Yield gap closure (% of potential yield)	6.9	2017	•	Ĵ.
Yield gap closure (% of potential yield)	0.4	2017	•	Ť
		2015	•	→
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	76.7	2015	•	
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)		2017	٠	1
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		2018	•	1
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births) Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)		2018 2018		T
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)		2018		•
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,				
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)		2016	•	Т
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and	13	2016	•	•
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population) Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population)		2016	•	1
Life expectancy at birth (years)		2010	•	1
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)		2017	•	Ť.
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	94.4	2016	•	4
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended	95	2018	•	1
vaccines (%) Universal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best		2017		1
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)		2017	•	$\mathbf{\dot{\mathbf{T}}}$
Gap in self-reported health status by income (percentage points)		2018	•	Ť
Daily smokers (% of population aged 15 and over)	16.9	2017	٠	Ť
SDG4 – Quality Education				
Net primary enrollment rate (%)	99.4	2017	•	1
Lower secondary completion rate (%)	99.4	2017	٠	1
Literacy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	NA		•	
Participation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6		2017	•	↑ ↑
Tertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34) PISA score (worst 0–600 best)	501.0	2018	•	1
Variation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%)		2018	•	÷
Underachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)		2018	•	÷.
Resilient students in science (% of 15-year-olds)	24.8	2018	•	$\mathbf{+}$
SDG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of female	s 83.7	2017	•	•
aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)				
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%) Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	102.4	2018		1
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)		2019	-	$\mathbf{\dot{\mathbf{T}}}$
Gender wage gap (% of male median wage)		2017	•	Ť
Gender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day)		2001	٠	٠
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	100.0	2017	•	٠
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)		2017	٠	٠
	172	2010	•	٠
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2013	•	*
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m³/capita)	39.6			T T
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) Population using safely managed water services (%)	39.6 96.7	2017	-	
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) Population using safely managed water services (%) Population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	39.6 96.7			
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) Population using safely managed water services (%) Population using safely managed sanitation services (%) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy	39.6 96.7 94.8	2017 2017	•	
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) Population using safely managed water services (%) Population using safely managed sanitation services (%) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%)	39.6 96.7 94.8 100	2017 2017 2017	•	†
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) Population using safely managed water services (%) Population using safely managed sanitation services (%) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy	39.6 96.7 94.8 100 100.0	2017 2017 2017 2016	•	↑ ↑
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) Population using safely managed water services (%) Population using safely managed sanitation services (%) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	39.6 96.7 94.8 100 100.0 1.0	2017 2017 2017 2016 2017	•	† †
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) Population using safely managed water services (%) Population using safely managed sanitation services (%) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating	39.6 96.7 94.8 100 100.0 1.0	2017 2017 2017 2016	•	^^^^
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) Population using safely managed water services (%) Population using safely managed sanitation services (%) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	39.6 96.7 94.8 100 100.0 1.0	2017 2017 2017 2016 2017	•	^ ^ ^
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) Population using safely managed water services (%) Population using safely managed sanitation services (%) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%)	39.6 96.7 94.8 100 100.0 1.0 33.4 0.7	2017 2017 2016 2017 2018 2018	•	↑ ↑ ↑
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) Population using safely managed water services (%) Population using safely managed sanitation services (%) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%) Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	39.6 96.7 94.8 100 100.0 1.0 33.4 0.7	2017 2017 2016 2017 2018	•	↑ ↑ ↑ •
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) Population using safely managed water services (%) Population using safely managed sanitation services (%) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%) Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	39.6 96.7 94.8 100 100.0 1.0 33.4 0.7 1.6	2017 2017 2016 2017 2018 2018	•	↑↑ ↑ ↑ • •
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) Population using safely managed water services (%) Population using safely managed sanitation services (%) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%) Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	39.6 96.7 94.8 100 100.0 1.0 33.4 0.7 1.6 99.9	2017 2017 2016 2017 2018 2018 2018	•	^ ^ ^ ^ • • • • • • • • • •
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) Population using safely managed water services (%) Population using safely managed sanitation services (%) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%) Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over) Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population Employment-to-population ratio (%)	39.6 96.7 94.8 100 100.0 33.4 0.7 1.6 99.9) 1.6	2017 2017 2016 2017 2018 2018 2018 2018	•	^^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) Population using safely managed water services (%) Population using safely managed sanitation services (%) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%) Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over) Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population	39.6 96.7 94.8 100 100.0 1.0 33.4 0.7 1.6 99.9) 1.6 75.0	2017 2017 2016 2017 2018 2018 2018 2017 2010	 • •<	↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ● ● ↑ ↑ ↑ →

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure		Year F	ating	Tren
Population using the internet (%)		2018	•	1
Nobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population) .ogistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related	136.7 4.0	2018	•	T T
infrastructure (worst 1–5 best) The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of		2020	•	
top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)		2018		
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population) Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)		2018		T
Researchers (per 1,000 employed population)		2017		4
Triadic patent families filed (per million population)		2017		4
Gap in internet access by income (percentage points)		2019		1
Women in science and engineering (% of tertiary graduates in science and engineering)		2015		•
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	28.4	2015		1
Palma ratio		2016		1
Elderly poverty rate (% of population aged 66 or over)	3.0	2016		1
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μ g/m ³)		2017	•	1
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)		2017		1
Satisfaction with public transport (%)		2019		1
Population with rent overburden (%)	15./	2017	•	4
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
Electronic waste (kg/capita)		2016		
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)		2012		
SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2012		
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)		2010		
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2010		
Non-recycled municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day) SDG13 – Climate Action	1.1	2018	•	-
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	53	2017	•	2
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)		2015	•	4
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)		2019	•	
SDG14 – Life Below Water				
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	89.4	2018	•	1
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)		2019	•	J
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)		2014	•	1
Fish caught by trawling (%)		2014		-
Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.1	2018		
SDG15 – Life on Land				
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	89.7	2018	•	4
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)			•	4
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)		2019	•	1
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.0	2018	•	
Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports	1.7	2018	•	
(per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			_	_
Homicides (per 100,000 population)	1 2	2017		
Jnsentenced detainees (% of prison population)		2017	•	
ercentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	/	2019	•	1
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	6.0	2019	•	
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	100.0	2018	•	
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)	87.0	2019	•	1
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	0.0	2016	•	
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)		2019		
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)		2019		1
Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population)	63.4	2017	•	1
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	16.2	2014	•	
For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	0.7	2017	•	1
	NA		-	
public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)		NA		
Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)		2010		
Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP) Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)	51.7	2019		
Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	51.7 45.3	2019 2020 2016	•	

ESTONIA





Current Assessment – SDG Dashboard



SDG Trends

1 NO Poverty	2 ZERO HUNGER	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING	4 QUALITY EDUCATION	5 GENDER EQUALITY	6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION	7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY	8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH	9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTUR
7	7	7	1	7	7	1	7	7
10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES	11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES	12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION	13 CLIMATE ACTION	14 LIFE BELOW WATER	15 LIFE ON LAND	16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS	17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS	
7	1	•	\rightarrow	→	1	1	7	

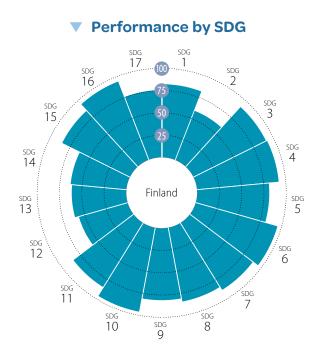
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SDG1 – No Poverty		Year I	-	Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)		2020		1
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)		2020		T
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers (%)		2017		7
ntergenerational poverty gap (p.p.)	0.0	2017	•	1.
5DG2 – Zero Hunger	2.0	2017		
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)		2017 2016		T T
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2010		1
Prevalence of wasting in clinicity under 5 years of age ($\%$)		2010		÷
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)		2017	•	Ĵ
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)		2017	٠	Ť
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	0.6	2015	٠	->
/ield gap closure (% of potential yield)	40.7	2015	٠	۲
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Naternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	9	2017	٠	1
leonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	1.2	2018	٠	1
Nortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	2.6	2018	٠	1
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)		2018	•	Ť
lew HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0.2	2018	•	Т
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	17.0	2016	•	1
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	25	2016	•	•
raffic deaths (per 100,000 population)		2016	٠	1
ife expectancy at birth (years)		2016	•	1
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)		2017	•	1
Sirths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	99.4	2016	•	T
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended	87	2018	•	4
vaccines (%) Jniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	75	2017	•	1
ubjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)		2017		4
ap in self-reported health status by income (percentage points)		2015		Ţ
Daily smokers (% of population aged 15 and over)		2018	•	Ť
5DG4 – Quality Education				
Vet primary enrollment rate (%)	97.1	2017	•	1
ower secondary completion rate (%)		2017	٠	Ť
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)		2011	٠	
articipation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6)	93.2	2017	٠	1
ertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34)	43.6	2018	٠	1
PISA score (worst 0–600 best)	525.3	2018	٠	1
/ariation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%)	7.2	2018	٠	1
Inderachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)	8.8	2018	٠	1
Resilient students in science (% of 15-year-olds)	54.0	2018	•	1
5DG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	78.4	2017	•	1
atio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	106.3	2018	٠	1
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	80.5	2019	٠	1
eats held by women in national parliament (%)	28.7	2020	٠	7
ender wage gap (% of male median wage)	28.3	2014	٠	
Gender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day)	89.0	2010	•	•
5DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%)	99.7	2017	٠	
opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%)		2017	٠	•
reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	18.6	2015	٠	۲
carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)		2013	٠	1
Population using safely managed water services (%)		2017	•	4
opulation using safely managed sanitation services (%)	97.4	2017	•	1
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				
opulation with access to electricity (%)		2017	٠	1
opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	92.9	2016	٠	1
O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating	1.3	2017	•	1
per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) hare of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)		2018		•
	19.2	ZUIÖ	-	1
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth		2017	-	~
vdjusted GDP growth (%)		2018	•	•
(ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	3.6	2018	•	•
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	98.0	2017	٠	1
	0.7	2010	•	1
atal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100.000 population)			-	
		2019		Т
atal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population) imployment-to-population ratio (%) ⁄outh not in employment, education or training (NEET)	75.3	2019 2018	•	T

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value Ye		ng Trend
Population using the internet (%) Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	89.4 20 146.7 20		T
Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related			
infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	3.1 20	18 •	Τ
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of	32.0 20	20	
top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)			
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	1.1 20		
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP) Researchers (per 1,000 employed population)	1.3 20 7.7 20		
Triadic patent families filed (per million population)	3.0 20		
Gap in internet access by income (percentage points)	25.3 20		
Women in science and engineering (% of tertiary graduates in science	35.0 20	15	•
and engineering)	33.0 20		
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	34.9 20		1
Palma ratio	1.1 20		1
Elderly poverty rate (% of population aged 66 or over)	37.2 20	17 🕚	•
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than	6.7 20	17	•
2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μg/m ³)			
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	99.0 20 67.4 20		
Satisfaction with public transport (%) Population with rent overburden (%)	4.7 20		•
	4.7 20		
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production	14.4 20	16	
Electronic waste (kg/capita) Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	186.6 20		
SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	16.0 20		
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	40.5 20		
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	7.9 20		
Non-recycled municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	0.8 20	18 🔵	
SDG13 – Climate Action			
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	15.5 20	17 🔵	↓ ↓
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)	2.0 20	15 🔵	•
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0 20	19 🔵	
SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	97.8 20	18 •	1
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	66.0 20	19 🗧	4
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	1.4 20	14 🔵	1
Fish caught by trawling (%)	29.6 20		
Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.1 20	18 🔍	
SDG15 – Life on Land			
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	94.8 20	18 🔵	1
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	93.5 20		T.
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	1.0 20		Τ
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.0 20	18	
Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.3 20	18 🔵	
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Homicides (per 100,000 population)	2.2 20	17 🦲	•
Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	20.7 20		•
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city			
or area where they live (%)	72.1 20	19 0	Т
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	5.4 20		
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	100.0 20		
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)	74.0 20		
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	0.0 20	10	
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)	0.0 20	19 🔵	
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	12.3 20	19 🔵	1
Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population)	196.6 20		1
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	10.2 20	16 🔵	1
For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	0.2 20		
public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)			~
Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)		NA •	
Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)	66.5 20		
Financial Secrecy Score (best 0–100 worst) Shifted profits of multinationals (US\$ billion)	43.1 20 0.3 20		
Shinted profits of multifiationals (053 Dillion)	0.5 20	10 .	-

FINLAND





Current Assessment – SDG Dashboard



SDG Trends

1 NO POVERTY	2 ZERO HUNGER	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING	4 QUALITY EDUCATION	5 GENDER EQUALITY	6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION	7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY	8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH	9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURI
7	7	↗	1	7	1	1	1	1
10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES	11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES	12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION	13 CLIMATE ACTION	14. LIFE BELOW WATER	15 LIFE ON LAND	16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS	17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS	
1	\rightarrow	•	→	→	1	1	\rightarrow	

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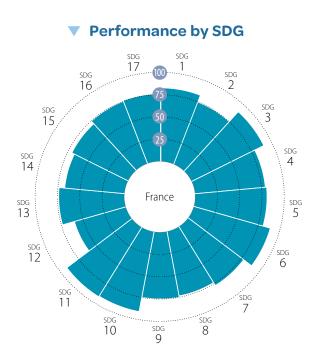
Performance b	y Indicator
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DG1 – No Poverty		Year I		Trer
overty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)		2020		1
overty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)		2020		1
overty rate after taxes and transfers (%) ntergenerational poverty gap (p.p.)		2017 2018	-	1
DG2 – Zero Hunger	1.5.2	2010	-	
revalence of undernourishment (%)	25	2017	•	1
revalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2016	•	1
revalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	0.7	2016	٠	1
revalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)		2016	٠	4
uman Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)		2017	•	4
ereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)		2017	-	1
ustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst) ield gap closure (% of potential yield)		2015 2015	-	
DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	51.0	2015	-	
laternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	3	2017	٠	1
eonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	1.0	2018	٠	1
ortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		2018	٠	1
cidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)		2018	•	1
ew HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0.0	2018	•	1
ge-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	10.2	2016	•	1
ge-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)		2016	•	
affic deaths (per 100,000 population)		2016	•	1
e expectancy at birth (years) Jolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)		2016 2017		1
rths attended by skilled health personnel (%)		2017	•	1
ercentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)		2013	•	1
niversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	78	2017	•	-
ubjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)		2019	٠	1
ap in self-reported health status by income (percentage points)	26.3	2018	•	1
aily smokers (% of population aged 15 and over)	14.0	2018	•	1
DG4 – Quality Education				
et primary enrollment rate (%)		2017	٠	1
ower secondary completion rate (%)		2017	•	1
teracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	NA 00.1	NA 2017	-	1
articipation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6) ertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34)		2017		1
ISA score (worst 0–600 best)	516.3		•	1
ariation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%)	10.5	2018	٠	1
nderachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)	12.9	2018	٠	1
esilient students in science (% of 15-year-olds)	41.5	2018	٠	1
DG5 – Gender Equality				
emand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	89.9	2017	•	1
atio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	102.4	2018	•	1
atio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)		2019	•	1
eats held by women in national parliament (%)	46.0	2020	٠	1
ender wage gap (% of male median wage)		2017	٠	7
ender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day)	78.3	2010	•	
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%)	100.0		•	
opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) eshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2017 2005	-	
esnwater withdrawai (% of available freshwater resources) carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)		2005		1
opulation using safely managed water services (%)		2013	•	1
opulation using safely managed sanitation services (%)		2017	٠	1
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				
opulation with access to electricity (%)	100	2017	٠	1
opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	100.0		٠	1
D_2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating	0.7	2017	•	1
per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) hare of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)		2018		-
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	0.00	2010	-	
djusted GDP growth (%)	06	2018		
ctims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)		2018	•	
dults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a				
mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)		2017	•	1
tal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)		2010	•	1
mployment-to-population ratio (%)	72.1	2018	•	1
outh not in employment, education or training (NEET)				

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value	Year	Rating	Trend
Population using the internet (%)	88.9		-	
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	154.5	2018	٠	1
Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	4.0	2018	٠	1
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	55.2	2020	٠	٠
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	1.9	2018	٠	1
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)		2017		1
Researchers (per 1,000 employed population)		2018		1
Triadic patent families filed (per million population)	47.0			T
Gap in internet access by income (percentage points) Women in science and engineering (% of tertiary graduates in science		2019		1
and engineering)	23.0	2015	•	•
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities	20.7	2015		
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income Palma ratio	28.7	2015		1
Elderly poverty rate (% of population aged 66 or over)		2017		*
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than				
2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μ g/m ³)	5.9	2017	•	T
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	99.0	2017	٠	1
Satisfaction with public transport (%)	56.2	2019	٠	+
Population with rent overburden (%)	8.4	2017	•	4
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
Electronic waste (kg/capita)	21.1			
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	96.1			•
SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	16.3			
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	43.0 11.9			•
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita) Non-recycled municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)		2010		•
SDG13 – Climate Action	0.9	2010	-	-
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	81	2017		-
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)		2017		
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)		2018		•
SDG14 – Life Below Water				
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	54.3	2018	•	1
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	70.0			÷
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)		2014		Ť
Fish caught by trawling (%)	79.3	2014	٠	$\mathbf{+}$
Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.1	2018	٠	
SDG15 – Life on Land				
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	74.8	2018	٠	1
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	74.0			1
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)		2019		T
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports	0.0	2018	•	•
(per million population)	2.0	2018	•	٠
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
Homicides (per 100,000 population)	1.2	2017		1
Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)		2018		Ť.
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	84.3	2019	•	1
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	6.6	2019	٠	
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	100.0			
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)	86.0			T
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	0.0	2016	•	
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)		2019		•
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst) Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population)	7.9 55.8	2019		Ť
Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population)	JJ.Ö	2017	-	
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals	140	2014		
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP) For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional		2016	•	T
public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	0.4	2017	•	♦
Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	NA	NA		٠
Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)	55.0	2019	٠	٠
Financial Secrecy Score (best 0–100 worst)	52.1			٠
Shifted profits of multinationals (US\$ billion)	3.2	2016	•	

FRANCE





Current Assessment – SDG Dashboard



SDG Trends

1 NO POVERTY	2 ZERO HUNGER	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING	4 QUALITY EDUCATION	5 GENDER EQUALITY	6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION	7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY	8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH	9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTUR
7	7	1	7	1	7	7	7	1
10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES	11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES and communities	12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION	13 CLIMATE ACTION	14 LIFE BELOW WATER	15 LIFE ON LAND	16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS	17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS	
7	7	•	\rightarrow	7	7	7	7	

FRANCE

SDG1 – No Poverty	Value Year Rating Tre
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%) Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	0.2 2020
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers (%)	8.1 2017
ntergenerational poverty gap (p.p.)	10.7 2017
5DG2 – Zero Hunger	
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	2.5 2017 •
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	2.6 2016 •
revalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	0.7 2016 🌒 🥤
Prevalence of obesity, $BMI \ge 30$ (% of adult population)	21.6 2016 •
luman Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.5 2017 • •
ereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land) ustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	6.9 2017 • 4 0.4 2015 • •
ield gap closure (% of potential yield)	77.3 2015
DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	11.5 2015 0
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	8 2017 •
eonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	2.5 2018
lortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	4.0 2018
cidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	8.9 2018 • 4
ew HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0.1 2018 🌒 🥤
ge-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	10.6 2016 •
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%) ge-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and	
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	10 2016 •
affic deaths (per 100,000 population)	5.5 2016 • 4
fe expectancy at birth (years)	82.9 2016 •
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	4.7 2017 •
rths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	97.4 2016 😐 🥤
ercentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	90 2018 🌒 🥤
niversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	78 2017 😐 🖌
ubjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	6.7 2019 •
ap in self-reported health status by income (percentage points)	9.6 2017 🌒 🥤
aily smokers (% of population aged 15 and over)	22.4 2014 😐 🤇
DG4 – Quality Education	
et primary enrollment rate (%)	99.7 2017 🌒 🥤
ower secondary completion rate (%)	99.7 2017 •
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	NA NA •
articipation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6) ertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34)	
ISA score (worst 0–600 best)	46.9 2018 • 493.7 2018 •
'ariation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%)	
Inderachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)	20.5 2018 •
esilient students in science (% of 15-year-olds)	28.9 2018 😐 🍊
DG5 – Gender Equality	
emand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females	0E E 200E
aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	95.5 2005 •
atio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	96.6 2018 •
atio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	84.1 2019
eats held by women in national parliament (%) ender wage gap (% of male median wage)	39.5 2020 • 4 13.0 2015 • (
ender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day)	89.1 2010
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation	
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%)	100.0 2017 •
opulation using at least basic caritation services (%)	98.7 2017
eshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	26.1 2010
carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	41.0 2013 •
opulation using safely managed water services (%)	97.9 2017 🌒 🖌
opulation using safely managed sanitation services (%)	88.4 2017 😐 🗕
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy	
opulation with access to electricity (%)	100 2017 •
opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	100.0 2016 •
D_2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating	0.6 2017 •
per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) nare of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)	10.5 2018
	10.5 2010 - /
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	03 2010
diustod CDP growth (%)	-0.3 2018 • (
ctims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	
ctims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) dults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	94.0 2017
ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) dults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	94.0 2017 • ·
djusted GDP growth (%) ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) dults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over) atal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population) mployment-to-population ratio (%) outh not in employment, education or training (NEET)	94.0 2017 •

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value	Year	Rating	Trend
Population using the internet (%)	82.0	2018	٠	1
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	91.6	2018	•	1
Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	4.0	2018	•	1
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	66.6	2020	•	٠
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)		2018		1
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)		2017		Ť
Researchers (per 1,000 employed population)		2018		Ť
Triadic patent families filed (per million population)		2017		T
Gap in internet access by income (percentage points)	20.7	2019	•	T
Women in science and engineering (% of tertiary graduates in science and engineering)	29.2	2015	•	٠
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	33.3	2015	•	7
Palma ratio	1.1	2017	•	→
Elderly poverty rate (% of population aged 66 or over)	3.6	2017		1
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than		2017		
2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μ g/m ³)	11.8	2017	-	Т
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	99.0	2017	•	1
Satisfaction with public transport (%)	67.9	2019	•	4
Population with rent overburden (%)	5.2	2017		1
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
Electronic waste (kg/capita)	21.3	2016	•	
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)		2012		
SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2012		
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)		2010		
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2010		
Non-recycled municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	0.8	2018	•	٠
SDG13 – Climate Action				
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	18	2017		-
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)		2017		÷
CO_2 emissions embodied in finipolits (CO_2 capita)		2013		•
SDG14 – Life Below Water				-
	70.4	2010		
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018		T
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)		2019		+
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)		2014 2014		1
Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)		2014		
	0.4	2010	-	-
SDG15 – Life on Land	00.0	2010		
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018		T
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018		T
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)		2019		•
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports	0.0	2018	•	
(per million population)	7.1	2018	•	٠
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
Homicides (per 100,000 population)	1.3	2017		1
Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	28.6	2018		1
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	74.1	2019	•	↑
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	5.2	2019	٠	٠
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	100.0	2018		٠
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)	69.0	2019	•	1
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	0.0	2016		
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per	35	2019	•	•
100,000 population)				
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst) Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population)		2019		T
Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population)	106.1	2017	-	->
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	13.2	2018	•	Т
For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	0.4	2017	•	ѫ
public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI) Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	NA	NA		
Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)		2019		
Financial Secrecy Score (best 0–100 worst)		2019		•
Shifted profits of multinationals (US\$ billion)		2020		•
	50.0	-010	-	-

GERMANY





Current Assessment – SDG Dashboard



SDG Trends

1 NO POVERTY	2 ZERO HUNGER	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING	4 QUALITY EDUCATION	5 GENDER EQUALITY	6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION	7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY	8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH	9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTUR
7	7	7	↗	→	7	1	1	1
10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES	11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES and communities	12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION	13 CLIMATE ACTION	14 LIFE BELOW WATER	15 LIFE ON LAND	16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS	17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS	
\rightarrow		•	\rightarrow			Τ		

GERMANY

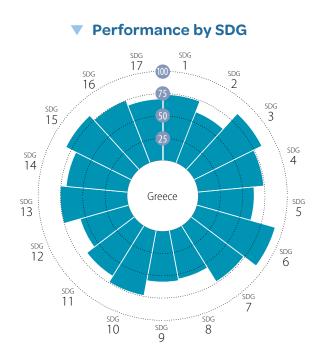
Performance	by	Indicator
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SDG1 – No Poverty	Value Year	,	Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	0.2 2020		Ť
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	0.2 2020		1
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers (%) ntergenerational poverty gap (p.p.)	10.4 2017 8.4 2017		Ť
	0.4 2017	-	
5 DG2 – Zero Hunger Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	2.5 2017		•
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	1.3 2005		1
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	1.0 2005		Ť
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% of adult population)	22.3 2016		4
luman Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.4 2017	•	4
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	7.3 2017		1
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	0.5 2015		4
(ield gap closure (% of potential yield)	77.3 2015	•	•
5DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being			
laternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	7 2017		1
leonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	2.2 2018		Ť
Aortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	3.7 2018		T
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	7.3 2018		T
lew HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population) \qe-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	0.0 2018		
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%) ge-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and	12.1 2016		1
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	16 2016		•
raffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	4.1 2016		1
ife expectancy at birth (years)	81.0 2016		T
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	8.1 2017		T
irths attended by skilled health personnel (%) ercentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	98.7 2015 93 2018		T T
Iniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	83 2017	•	1
ubjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	7.0 2019		Ť
Sap in self-reported health status by income (percentage points)	29.8 2017		¥
Daily smokers (% of population aged 15 and over)	18.8 2017	•	1
5DG4 – Quality Education			
Vet primary enrollment rate (%)	98.7 2017		1
ower secondary completion rate (%)	98.7 2017		1
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	NA NA		٠
Participation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6	98.8 2017		1
ertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34)	32.3 2018		1
PISA score (worst 0–600 best)	500.3 2018		↑ ↓
/ariation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%)	18.6 2018 19.6 2018		Ť
Inderachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds) Resilient students in science (% of 15-year-olds)	37.5 2018		Å
	57.5 2010		
5DG5 – Gender Equality Jemand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females)	83.0 2017	•	1
aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions) Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	93.8 2018		
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	83.6 2019		Ť
eats held by women in national parliament (%)	31.2 2020		Ţ
Gender wage gap (% of male median wage)	16.2 2017		Ā
Gender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day)	91.8 2013		
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation			
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%)	100.0 2017		
opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%)	99.2 2017		
reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	34.4 2010		•
carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	48.6 2013		-
opulation using safely managed water services (%)	99.8 2017		1
opulation using safely managed sanitation services (%)	97.2 2017	٠	1
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy			
Population with access to electricity (%)	100 2017		1
opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	100.0 2016	٠	1
O_2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating	1.2 2017	•	4
per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)			
hare of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)	14.1 2018	•	Т
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth			
djusted GDP growth (%)	0.0 2018		•
(ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	2.0 2018	•	•
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	99.1 2017	•	1
mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over) atal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)			
atai work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population) imployment-to-population ratio (%)	76.7 2010		
outh not in employment, education or training (NEET)			
	9.2 2018		T

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value	Year	Ratinc	ı Trend
Population using the internet (%)		2018	-	1
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	82.6	2018	٠	Ť.
Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	4.4	2018	٠	1
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	75.1	2020	•	٠
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)		2018		1
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)		2017		Ť
Researchers (per 1,000 employed population)		2018		T
Triadic patent families filed (per million population) Gap in internet access by income (percentage points)		2017 2019		T
Women in science and engineering (% of tertiary graduates in science				
and engineering) SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities	24.7	2015	•	•
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	227	2015	•	de
Palma ratio		2015		7
Elderly poverty rate (% of population aged 66 or over)		2017		÷.
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than				
2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μ g/m ³)	12.0	2017	•	Т
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	99.0	2017	٠	1
Satisfaction with public transport (%)	67.3	2019	•	+
Population with rent overburden (%)	4.8	2017	•	1
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
Electronic waste (kg/capita)	22.8	2016	٠	
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)		2012		٠
SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2012		•
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)		2010		•
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2010		•
Non-recycled municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day) SDG13 – Climate Action	0.5	2018	-	-
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	8.7	2017	٠	$\mathbf{+}$
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)	2.4	2015	٠	>
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	231.9	2018	•	
SDG14 – Life Below Water				
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	85.6	2018		1
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	51.0	2019	٠	+
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	51.0 46.6	2014	•	1
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%)	51.0 46.6 80.6	2014 2014	•	↑ →
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	51.0 46.6 80.6	2014	•	1
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG15 – Life on Land	51.0 46.6 80.6 0.3	2014 2014 2018	•	↑ →
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	51.0 46.6 80.6 0.3 78.3	2014 2014 2018 2018	•	↑ →
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	51.0 46.6 80.6 0.3 78.3 81.1	2014 2014 2018 2018 2018 2018	• • • •	↑ →
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	51.0 46.6 80.6 0.3 78.3 81.1 1.0	2014 2014 2018 2018 2018 2018 2019	• • • •	↑ →
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	51.0 46.6 80.6 0.3 78.3 81.1 1.0 0.0	2014 2014 2018 2018 2018 2018 2019 2018	•	↑ ● ↑ ↓ <p< td=""></p<>
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GREECE





Current Assessment – SDG Dashboard



SDG Trends

1 NO POVERTY	2 ZERO HUNGER	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING	4 QUALITY EDUCATION	5 GENDER EQUALITY	6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION	7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY	8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH	9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTUR
1	7	7	7	7	1	1	1	7
10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES	11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES	12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION	13 CLIMATE ACTION	14 UFE BELOW WATER	15 LIFE ON LAND	16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS	17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS	
7	7	•	\rightarrow	\rightarrow	7	7	\rightarrow	

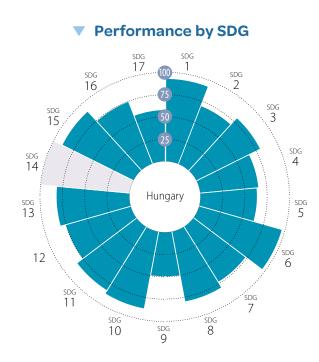
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SDG1 – No Poverty	Value Year Ra	ting Tren
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	1.4 2020 2.4 2020	• Т • 7
overty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%) overty rate after taxes and transfers (%)	12.6 2017	• 1
ntergenerational poverty gap (p.p.)	8.6 2017	• •
DG2 – Zero Hunger	0.0 2017	-
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	2.5 2017	• 1
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	2.6 2016	• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	0.7 2016	• 🛉
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)	24.9 2016	• 4
luman Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.4 2017	• ->
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	3.8 2017	• 1
ustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	0.6 2015	• ↓
(ield gap closure (% of potential yield)	51.7 2015	•
DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being		
Naternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	3 2017	• 1
leonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	2.6 2018	• ↑
lortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	4.5 2018	• 1
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	4.5 2018	• T
lew HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	NA NA	• •
ge-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	12.4 2016	• 1
ge-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and	20.000	
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	28 2016	•
affic deaths (per 100,000 population)	9.2 2016	• ->
fe expectancy at birth (years)	81.2 2016	• 1
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	7.2 2017	• 1
irths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	NA NA	• •
ercentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	97 2018	• 1
niversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	75 2017	• 1
ubjective well-being (average ladder score, worst $0-10$ best)	6.0 2019	• •
ap in self-reported health status by income (percentage points)	6.5 2017	
aily smokers (% of population aged 15 and over)		• •
DG4 – Quality Education		
let primary enrollment rate (%)	97.5 2017	• 1
ower secondary completion rate (%)	97.5 2017	• 1
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	99.2 2018	• •
articipation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6)	92.7 2017	• 1
ertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34)	42.8 2018	• 1
ISA score (worst 0–600 best)	453.3 2018	• ↓
ariation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%)	10.9 2018	• 1
Inderachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)	31.7 2018	• ->
esilient students in science (% of 15-year-olds)	19.5 2018	• -)
DG5 – Gender Equality		
emand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females	62.0 2017	• 7
aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)		
atio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	95.4 2018	• 1
atio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%) eats held by women in national parliament (%)	74.8 2019	
ender wage gap (% of male median wage)	4.5 2017	
ender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day)	164.4 2013	
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation		
	100.0 2017	
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%) opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%)	100.0 2017 99.0 2017	• •
eshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	19.3 2005	• •
carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	34.8 2013	
opulation using safely managed water services (%)	100.0 2017	
opulation using safely managed sanitation services (%)	90.4 2017	• 1
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy		
opulation with access to electricity (%)	100 2017	• •
opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	94.3 2016	• 1
O_2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating		
per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.2 2017	• Т
hare of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)	13.0 2018	• 1
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth		
djusted GDP growth (%)	-1.3 2018	•
ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	7.9 2018	• •
dults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	85.5 2017	•
mobile monoy convice provider (04 of penulation aged 1E or over)		- 1
mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)		<u> </u>
atal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)		
	1.3 2010 56.5 2019	• 1

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value	Vear	Dating	Trand
Population using the internet (%)		Year 2018		
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)		2018		*
Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)		2018		1
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	37.4	2020	•	٠
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	1.0	2018	٠	1
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	1.1	2017	٠	1
Researchers (per 1,000 employed population)	8.6	2018	٠	1
Triadic patent families filed (per million population)	1.3	2017	٠	↓
Gap in internet access by income (percentage points)	36.9	2019	•	7
Women in science and engineering (% of tertiary graduates in science and engineering)	NA	NA	•	•
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	45.1	2015	٠	→
Palma ratio		2017		Ť
Elderly poverty rate (% of population aged 66 or over)	7.2	2017	•	1
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (µg/m ³)	16.2	2017	•	7
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	00 0	2017		•
Satisfaction with public transport (%)		2019		j.
Population with rent overburden (%)		2015		7
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
Electronic waste (kg/capita)	175	2016		
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	102.5			
SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2012		•
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)		2010		•
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2010		•
Non-recycled municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)		2017		٠
SDG13 – Climate Action				
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	61	2017	•	T
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)		2015		÷
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	5.1	2019	٠	•
SDG14 – Life Below Water				
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	86.4	2018	•	•
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)		2019		j,
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)		2014		Ĵ
Fish caught by trawling (%)		2014		Ŕ
Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.2	2018	٠	
SDG15 – Life on Land				
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	85.8	2018	•	4
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018		$\mathbf{\dot{\mathbf{T}}}$
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)		2019		÷
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.0	2018	٠	٠
Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)		2018		•
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
Homicides (per 100,000 population)	0.7	2017		•
Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)		2017		1
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	/	2018		¥
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	4.0	2019	•	٠
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	100.0			
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		2019		7
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)		2016		
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)	0.3	2019	•	٠
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	29.1	2019	٠	1
Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population)		2017		1
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	8.9	2018	•	Ŧ
For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional				
	0.2	2017	•	>
public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)		NIA		
Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	NA			
Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP) Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)	39.1	2019	٠	۲
Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	39.1 51.5		•	•

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Current Assessment – SDG Dashboard



SDG Trends

1 NO POVERTY	2 ZERO HUNGER	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING	4 QUALITY EDUCATION	5 GENDER EQUALITY	6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION	7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY	8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH	9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATIO AND INFRASTRUCTUR
1	7	7	→	7	1	→	1	7
10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES	11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES	12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION	13 CLIMATE ACTION	14. LIFE BELOW WATER	15 LIFE ON LAND	16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS	17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS	
7	7	•	•	•		\rightarrow	7	

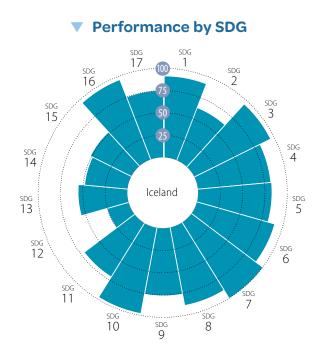
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SDG1 – No Poverty Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)		Year Ra 2020	ating	Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.50 day (%)		2020	•	$\mathbf{\dot{\uparrow}}$
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers (%)	8.0	2017	•	1
Intergenerational poverty gap (p.p.)	2.8	2017	•	1
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%) Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2017 2016	•	Ť
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2016	•	1
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)		2016		$\mathbf{\Phi}$
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)		2017		¥
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land) Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)		2017 2015	•	Ť
Yield gap closure (% of potential yield)			•	-
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	0	2015	-	
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	12	2017	•	1
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	2.3	2018	•	Ť.
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		2018	•	1
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)		2018 2018	•	T
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population) Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,			•	T
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	23.0	2016	•	→
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and	39	2016	•	•
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population) Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	78	2016	•	1
Life expectancy at birth (years)		2016	•	7
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)		2017	•	1
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	99.2	2014	•	٠
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	99	2018	•	1
Universal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)		2017	•	1
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)			•	1
Gap in self-reported health status by income (percentage points) Daily smokers (% of population aged 15 and over)		2018 2014	•	•
	23.0	2014	-	-
SDG4 – Quality Education Net primary enrollment rate (%)	95 5	2017	•	T
Lower secondary completion rate (%)		2017	•	Ť
Literacy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)		2014	•	
Participation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6)		2017		+
Tertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34) PISA score (worst 0–600 best)	30.6 479.3		•	↓ ↑
Variation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%)		2018	•	÷
Underachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)			•	7
Resilient students in science (% of 15-year-olds)	22.7	2018	•	7
SDG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	75.6	2017	•	1
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	96.7	2018	•	1
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	74.5	2019	•	1
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)		2020		→
Gender wage gap (% of male median wage) Gender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day)		2016 2010		*
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation	101.4	2010	-	-
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	100.0	2017	•	
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)		2017	•	•
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2015	•	٠
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)		2013		1
Population using safely managed water services (%) Population using safely managed sanitation services (%)		2017 2017	•	T
	93.7	2017	•	T
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%)	100	2017	•	4
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	100.0		•	1
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating		2017	•	4
per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)				
Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)	10.6	2018	•	•
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	0.7	2010		
Adjusted GDP growth (%) Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)		2018 2018	•	•
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a		2017	•	•
mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)				
Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population) Employment-to-population ratio (%)		2010 2019	•	T
Youth not in employment, education or training (NEET)		2019	-	•
(% of population aged 15 to 29)	15.5	ZUIÖ	-	F

CDC0 Induction law continue and inferentiations				
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure		Year R	lating	Trend
Population using the internet (%)	76.1		-	
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population) Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	67.8 3.3	2018	•	1
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of	32.5	2020	•	٠
top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best) Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	07	2018	•	1
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)		2017		-
Researchers (per 1,000 employed population)		2018		1
Triadic patent families filed (per million population)	3.4	2017	٠	4
Gap in internet access by income (percentage points)	50.5	2019	•	->
Women in science and engineering (% of tertiary graduates in science and engineering)	29.2	2015	•	٠
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	35.8	2015	•	1
Palma ratio	1.0	2017	•	\rightarrow
Elderly poverty rate (% of population aged 66 or over)	4.9	2017		1
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than	15.0	2017		
2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μg/m ³)	15.9	2017	•	7
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	99.0	2017	٠	1
Satisfaction with public transport (%)		2019	•	Ť
Population with rent overburden (%)	8.9	2017	•	Τ
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
Electronic waste (kg/capita)	13.8	2016	٠	٠
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	38.2	2012	•	٠
SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2012		
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)		2010		•
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)			•	
Non-recycled municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	0.7	2018	•	
SDG13 – Climate Action				
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	4.8	2017	٠	$\mathbf{+}$
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)		2015	٠	→
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	266.3	2019	•	
SDG14 – Life Below Water				
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA	NA		
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	NA NA	NA NA	•	•
			٠	
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA	NA	٠	٠
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	NA NA NA	NA NA	•	•
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA NA NA	NA NA NA	•	•
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	NA NA NA	NA NA NA 2018	•	•
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG15 – Life on Land	NA NA NA 0.0	NA NA 2018	•	•
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA NA 0.0 83.1 84.9	NA NA 2018	•	•
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	NA NA 0.0 83.1 84.9 0.9	NA NA 2018 2018 2018	•	•
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports	NA NA 0.0 83.1 84.9 0.9 0.0	NA NA 2018 2018 2018 2019		• • • •
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	NA NA 0.0 83.1 84.9 0.9 0.0	NA NA 2018 2018 2018 2019 2018		• • • •
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions	NA NA 0.0 83.1 84.9 0.9 0.0 0.0	NA NA 2018 2018 2018 2019 2018 2018	• • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • •
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population)	NA NA 0.0 83.1 84.9 0.9 0.0 0.0 0.4	NA NA 2018 2018 2018 2018 2019 2018 2018	• • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • •
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	NA NA 0.0 83.1 84.9 0.9 0.0 0.0	NA NA 2018 2018 2018 2018 2019 2018 2018	• • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • •
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population) Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city	NA NA 0.0 83.1 84.9 0.9 0.0 0.4 2.5 20.1	NA NA 2018 2018 2018 2018 2019 2018 2017 2017	• • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • •
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population) Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	NA NA NA 0.0 83.1 84.9 0.9 0.0 0.4 2.5 20.1 63.2	NA NA 2018 2018 2018 2018 2019 2018 2017 2018 2019		• • • •
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population) Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	NA NA NA 0.0 83.1 84.9 0.9 0.0 0.4 2.5 20.1 63.2	NA NA 2018 2018 2018 2019 2018 2019 2018 2017 2017 2018 2019		• • • • • •
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population) Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	NA NA NA 0.0 83.1 84.9 0.9 0.0 0.4 2.5 20.1 63.2 4.0 100.0	NA NA 2018 2018 2018 2019 2018 2019 2018 2017 2017 2018 2019		• • • • • • •
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population) Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) Property Rights (worst 1–7 best) Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	NA NA NA 0.0 83.1 84.9 0.9 0.0 0.4 2.5 20.1 63.2 4.0 100.0 44.0	NA NA 2018 2018 2018 2018 2019 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2019 2019		
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population) Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) Property Rights (worst 1–7 best) Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5) Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)	NA NA NA 0.0 83.1 84.9 0.9 0.0 0.4 2.5 20.1 63.2 4.0 100.0 44.0 0.0	NA NA 2018 2018 2018 2018 2019 2018 2017 2018 2019 2019 2019 2018		
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population) Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) Property Rights (worst 1–7 best) Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5) Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per	NA NA NA 0.0 83.1 84.9 0.9 0.0 0.4 0.0 63.2 4.0 100.0 44.0 0.0	NA NA 2018 2018 2018 2018 2019 2018 2017 2018 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019		
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population) Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) Property Rights (worst 1–7 best) Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5) Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)	NA NA NA 0.0 83.1 84.9 0.9 0.0 0.4 0.0 63.2 4.0 100.0 44.0 0.0	NA NA NA 2018 2018 2019 2018 2019 2018 2017 2018 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019		
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population) Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) Property Rights (worst 1–7 best) Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5) Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population) Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst) Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population)	NA NA NA NA 0.0 83.1 84.9 0.9 0.0 0.4 0.4 63.2 4.0 100.0 44.0 0.0 0.0 30.4	NA NA NA 2018 2018 2019 2018 2019 2018 2017 2018 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019		
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Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population) Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) Property Rights (worst 1–7 best) Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5) Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population) Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst) Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population)	NA NA NA 0.0 83.1 84.9 0.9 0.0 0.0 0.4 100.0 44.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 30.4 178.4	NA NA NA 2018 2018 2018 2019 2018 2017 2018 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019		
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population) Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) Property Rights (worst 1–7 best) Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5) Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population) Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst) Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government spending on health and education (% of GDP) For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	NA NA NA 83.1 84.9 0.9 0.0 0.4 2.5 20.1 63.2 4.0 100.0 44.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 30.4 178.4 9.6 0.1	NA NA NA 2018 2018 2018 2018 2019 2018 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019		
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population) Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) Property Rights (worst 1–7 best) Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5) Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government spending on health and education (% of GDP) For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI) Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	NA NA NA 83.1 84.9 0.9 0.0 0.4 2.5 20.1 63.2 4.0 100.0 44.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 30.4 178.4 9.6 0.1 NA	NA NA NA 2018 2018 2019 2018 2019 2018 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019		
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Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population) Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) Property Rights (worst 1–7 best) Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5) Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) Expots of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population) Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst) Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government spending on health and education (% of GDP) For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI) Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP) Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst) Financial Secrecy Score (best 0–100 worst)	NA NA NA 0.0 83.1 84.9 0.9 0.0 0.0 0.4 10.0 100.0 44.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 30.4 178.4 9.6 0.1 NA 69.1 53.8	NA NA NA 2018 2018 2018 2019 2018 2017 2018 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019		$\begin{array}{c} \bullet \\ \bullet $
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Current Assessment – SDG Dashboard



SDG Trends

1 NO POVERTY	2 ZERO HUNGER	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING	4 QUALITY EDUCATION	5 GENDER EQUALITY	6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION	7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY	8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH	9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTUR
1	7	1	7	7	7	1	1	1
10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES	11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES	12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION	13 CLIMATE ACTION	14 LIFE BELOW WATER	15 LIFE ON LAND	16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS	17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS	
Τ	▶	•	•	→	•	1	7	

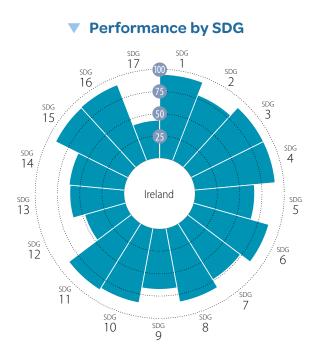
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Performance	by	Indicator
	_	

SDG1 – No Poverty	Value	Year	Rating	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)		2020	٠	1
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)		2020	•	T
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers (%) Intergenerational poverty gap (p.p.)		2015 2015	-	1
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	7.т	2015	-	-
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	25	2017	•	4
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2017	•	$\mathbf{\dot{\uparrow}}$
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2016	٠	1
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% of adult population)	21.9	2016	٠	↓
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)		2017		→
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	NA		•	•
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst) /ield gap closure (% of potential yield)	0.6 NA	2015 NA		-
	11/1	11/3		-
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being Naternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	1	2017		•
Veonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		2017		1
Nortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		2018	•	Ť
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	2.7	2018	٠	Ť
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0.1	2018	٠	1
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	9.1	2016	•	1
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%) Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and				
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	9	2016	•	•
raffic deaths (per 100,000 population)		2016		1
ife expectancy at birth (years)		2016		1
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)		2017		T
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%) Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended	97.9	2016	•	Т
vaccines (%)	91	2018	•	1
Iniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	84	2017	٠	1
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)		2019	٠	1
Gap in self-reported health status by income (percentage points)		2016		1
Daily smokers (% of population aged 15 and over)	8.6	2018	•	Т
SDG4 – Quality Education				
Net primary enrollment rate (%)		2017	•	T
ower secondary completion rate (%). .iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24).	99.0 NA	2017 NA		1
Participation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6)		2017	•	1
Fertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34)		2018	•	Ť
PISA score (worst 0–600 best)	481.3	2018	٠	→
/ariation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%)		2018	٠	1
Underachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)		2018	•	→
Resilient students in science (% of 15-year-olds)	18.6	2018	•	->
5DG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	NA	NA	٠	٠
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	96.9	2018	•	→
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)		2019	٠	1
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)	38.1	2020	•	4
Gender wage gap (% of male median wage)		2016	•	T
Gender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day)	NA	NA		
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation		2.5	-	
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)		2017	•	•
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2017 2015		•
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)		2013	•	4
Population using safely managed water services (%)		2015	•	Ť
Population using safely managed sanitation services (%)		2017	•	1
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				
Population with access to electricity (%)	100	2017	٠	1
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)		2016		Ť
O_2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating	0.1	2017	•	1
per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)				
Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)	రర./	2018	•	T
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	1.0	2015		
Adjusted GDP growth (%)		2018		
/ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a		2018		-
mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	NA	NA	•	•
Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)		2010	٠	1
Employment-to-population ratio (%)	85.1	2018	٠	1
Youth not in employment, education or training (NEET)				

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Valuo	Year	Dating	Trond
Population using the internet (%)		2018	nauny	
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	125.1		•	$\mathbf{\dot{\mathbf{T}}}$
Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)		2018	•	1
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	44.5	2020	•	٠
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	2.0	2018		1
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	2.2	2017	٠	Ť.
Researchers (per 1,000 employed population)	10.3	2017	٠	1
Triadic patent families filed (per million population)	7.0	2017	٠	1
Gap in internet access by income (percentage points)	4.9	2017	٠	1
Women in science and engineering (% of tertiary graduates in science and engineering)	NA	NA	•	٠
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	29.7	2014	٠	1
Palma ratio	0.9	2015	٠	1
Elderly poverty rate (% of population aged 66 or over)	3.0	2015	٠	1
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than	65	2017		•
2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μ g/m ³)				
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)		2017		T
Satisfaction with public transport (%)		2019		•
Population with rent overburden (%)	18.0	2016	•	-
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
Electronic waste (kg/capita)		2016		
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	344.9			•
SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2012		
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)		2010		•
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2010		•
Non-recycled municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day) SDG13 – Climate Action	1.4	2017	•	•
Energy-related CO_2 emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	7.8	2017	٠	4
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)	4.5	2015	٠	→
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	2017	٠	۲
SDG14 – Life Below Water				
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	14.6	2018	•	→
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	79.3	2019	٠	1
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	58.3	2014	•	4
Fish caught by trawling (%)	70.3	2014	٠	4
Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.0	2018	٠	
SDG15 – Life on Land				
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) 15.0	2018	•	->
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%		2018	•	->
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	0.9	2019	•	4
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	NA	NA	٠	
Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.4	2018	•	•
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
Homicides (per 100,000 population)	0.0	2017		•
Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)		2017		•
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	/	2019	•	1
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	5.9	2019	•	٠
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	100.0			•
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		2019		1
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)		2016		
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)		2019		٠
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	14.7	2019	٠	1
Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population)	39.1	2017	٠	1
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	14.2	2016		1
For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional				-
public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	0.3	2017	•	~
Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	NA			٠
	0.0	2019		
Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)				
	57.4	2020 2016		•





Current Assessment – SDG Dashboard



SDG Trends

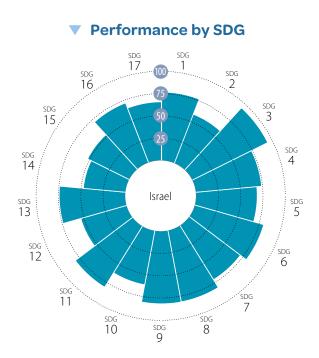
1 NO POVERTY	2 ZERO HUNGER	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING	4 QUALITY EDUCATION	5 GENDER EQUALITY	6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION	7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY	8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH	9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURI
1	7	7	7	7	7	7	1	7
10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES	11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES	12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION	13 CLIMATE ACTION	14 UFE BELOW WATER	15 LIFE ON LAND	16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS	17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS	
7	7	•	\rightarrow	7		1	↓	

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SDG1 – No Poverty	Value Year Rating Trer
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	0.2 2020 • 1
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	0.2 2020
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers (%)	9.0 2017 • 1 0.0 2017 • 1
ntergenerational poverty gap (p.p.)	0.0 2017
5DG2 – Zero Hunger	25 2017
revalence of undernourishment (%) Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	2.5 2017 • 1 2.6 2016 • 1
Prevalence of starting in children under 5 years of age (%)	0.7 2016
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)	25.3 2016
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.4 2017
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	8.8 2017 • 1
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	0.0 2015 • 1
/ield gap closure (% of potential yield)	74.5 2015 😐 🖷
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	
Naternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	5 2017 • 1
Veonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	2.3 2018 • 1
Nortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	3.7 2018 🌒 🕇
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	7.0 2018 🔍 🕇
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0.1 2018 🍨 🕇
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	10.3 2016 🌒 🕇
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	12 2016 •
raffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	4.1 2016 • 1
ife expectancy at birth (years)	81.5 2016 • 1
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	7.5 2017 •
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	99.7 2015 • 1
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended	92 2018 • 1
vaccines (%)	
Jniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	76 2017 😐 🎽
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	7.3 2019
Gap in self-reported health status by income (percentage points)	20.0 2017
Daily smokers (% of population aged 15 and over)	17.0 2018 • 1
SDG4 – Quality Education	
Net primary enrollment rate (%)	100.0 2017 • 1
ower secondary completion rate (%)	100.0 2017 • 1
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	NA NA •
Participation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6)	
Fertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34)	56.2 2018 • 1 504.7 2018 • 1
Variation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%)	11.1 2018
Underachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)	17.0 2018
Resilient students in science (% of 15-year-olds)	34.0 2018
	•
5DG5 – Gender Equality Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females)	
aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	80.2 2017 • 1
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	103.3 2018 • 1
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	81.2 2019 • 1
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)	22.5 2020 • 🗾
Gender wage gap (% of male median wage)	10.6 2014 😐 🖷
Gender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day)	165.5 2005 🔍 🖷
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation	
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	97.4 2017 🔍 🖷
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	91.2 2017
reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	3.6 2010 •
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	39.3 2013 🔸 🎵
Population using safely managed water services (%)	97.3 2017 🌒 🕇
Population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	82.4 2017 😐 🕇
5DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy	
Population with access to electricity (%)	100 2017 • 1
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	100.0 2016 •
O_2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating	1.2 2017 • 1
per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	
hare of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)	10.3 2018 🔍 🏹
5DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	
	3.3 2018 •
Adjusted GDP growth (%)	1.7 2018 🔍 🖷
/ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	
/ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	95,3 2017 • 1
/ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	95.3 2017 •
/ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over) Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)	1.7 2010 😐 🕇
Adjusted GDP growth (%) Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over) Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population) Employment-to-population ratio (%) Youth not in employment, education or training (NEET)	

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure		Year Ra	ting	Tren
Population using the internet (%)		2018	•	T
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population) Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related	103.8	2018	•	Т
infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	3.3	2018	•	T
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of	53.4	2020	•	
top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best) Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	15	2018	•	4
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)		2017		Ļ
Researchers (per 1,000 employed population)		2018		Ť
Triadic patent families filed (per million population)	21.8	2017	•	1
Gap in internet access by income (percentage points)	25.4	2018	•	•
Women in science and engineering (% of tertiary graduates in science and engineering)	23.4	2015	•	
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	33.1	2015	•	1
Palma ratio	1.1	2017	•	1
Elderly poverty rate (% of population aged 66 or over)	11.4	2017	•	4
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than	82	2017	•	1
2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μg/m ³)				
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population) Satisfaction with public transport (%)		2017 2019		3
Population with rent overburden (%)		2015		1
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
Electronic waste (kg/capita)	199	2016	•	•
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)		2012		•
SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	19.5	2012	•	•
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	57.0	2010	•	•
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2010		•
Non-recycled municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	0.9	2017	•	•
SDG13 – Climate Action			_	
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)		2017	•	
CO2 emissions embodied in imports (tCO2/capita) CO2 emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)		2015 2018	•	-)
SDG14 – Life Below Water	10.1	2010	-	
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	0 / E	2018		•
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)		2018		4
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)		2019	•	1
Fish caught by trawling (%)			•	÷
Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.1	2018	•	•
SDG15 – Life on Land				
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	87.7	2018	•	1
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	97.7	2018	•	1
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	0.9	2019	•	1
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.0	2018	•	•
Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	1.7	2018	•	
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
Homicides (per 100,000 population)	0.9	2017	•	1
Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	18.7	2018	•	1
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city	75 Q	2019	•	4
or area where they live (%)				
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best) Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)		2019 2018		
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		2018		4
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)		2015		
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per		2010		
100,000 population)				
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)		2019		1
Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population)	/8.5	2017	•	Т
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	9.0	2016	•	4
For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	0.3	2017	•	4
Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	NA	NA	•	
		2019	•	
Corporate lax maven score (dest 0–100 worst)				
Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst) Financial Secrecy Score (best 0–100 worst)	48.2	2020	•	





Current Assessment – SDG Dashboard



SDG Trends

1 NO POVERTY	2 ZERO HUNGER	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING	4 QUALITY EDUCATION	5 GENDER EQUALITY	6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION	7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY	8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH	9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE
7	7	1	→	→	1	7	7	7
10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES	11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES	12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION	13 CLIMATE ACTION	14 LIFE BELOW WATER	15 LIFE ON LAND	16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS	17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS	
7	→	•	\rightarrow	→	→	1	7	

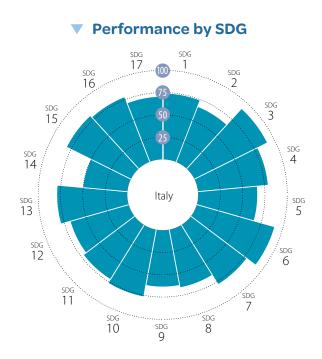
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Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%) Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%) Poverty rate after taxes and transfers (%) Intergenerational poverty gap (p.p.) SDG2 – Zero Hunger Prevalence of undernourishment (%) Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of obesity, BMI \ge 30 (% of adult population) Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst) Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land) Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst) Yield gap closure (% of potential yield) SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births) Neonatal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births) Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births) Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population) New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population) Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%) Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population) Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population) Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population) Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population) Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population) Dife expectancy at birth (years) Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19) Births attended by skilled health personnel (%) Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%) Universal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best) Sapia in self-reported health status by income (percentage points) Daily smokers (% of population aged 15 to 24) Participation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6 Tertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34) PISA score (worst 0–600 best) Variation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%) Underachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)	0.6 16.9 0.0 2.5 2.6 0.7 26.1 2.4 3.6 0.9 NA 3 1.9 8.7 4.0 0.1 9.6 15 4.2 82.3 9.6 NA 98 82 7.3 8.7 16.9 97.0 97.0 97.0 97.0 97.0 97.0 97.0			$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
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Life expectancy at birth (years) Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19) Births attended by skilled health personnel (%) Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%) Universal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best) Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best) Gap in self-reported health status by income (percentage points) Daily smokers (% of population aged 15 and over) SDG4 – Quality Education Net primary enrollment rate (%) Liveracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24) Participation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 60 Tertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34) PISA score (worst 0–600 best) Variation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%) Underachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)	82.3 9.6 NA 98 82 7.3 8.7 16.9 97.0 97.0 97.0 97.0 99.1 XA 99.1 48.0	2016 2017 NA 2018 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017 NA	• • • • •	↑ ↑ • ↑ ↑ ↑↑ ↓
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Births attended by skilled health personnel (%) Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%) Universal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best) Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best) Gap in self-reported health status by income (percentage points) Daily smokers (% of population aged 15 and over) SDG4 – Quality Education Net primary enrollment rate (%) Lower secondary completion rate (%) Literacy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24) Participation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6 Tertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34) PISA score (worst 0–600 best) Variation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%) Underachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)	NA 98 82 7.3 8.7 16.9 97.0 97.0 97.0 NA 99.1 48.0	NA 2018 2017 2019 2017 2017 2017 2017 NA	٠	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%) Universal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best) Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best) Gap in self-reported health status by income (percentage points) Daily smokers (% of population aged 15 and over) SDG4 – Quality Education Net primary enrollment rate (%) Lower secondary completion rate (%) Literacy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24) Participation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6 Tertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34) PISA score (worst 0–600 best) Variation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%) Underachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)	98 82 7.3 8.7 16.9 97.0 97.0 97.0 NA 99.1 48.0	2018 2017 2019 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017 NA	٠	↑ ↑ ↑ ↑
Universal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best) Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best) Gap in self-reported health status by income (percentage points) Daily smokers (% of population aged 15 and over) SDG4 – Quality Education Net primary enrollment rate (%) Lower secondary completion rate (%) Literacy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24) Participation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 60 Tertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34) PISA score (worst 0–600 best) Variation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%) Underachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)	82 7.3 8.7 16.9 97.0 97.0 97.0 NA 99.1 48.0	2017 2019 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017 NA	٠	↑ ↑ ↑ ↑
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best) Gap in self-reported health status by income (percentage points) Daily smokers (% of population aged 15 and over) SDG4 – Quality Education Net primary enrollment rate (%) Lower secondary completion rate (%) Literacy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24) Participation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6 Tertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34) PISA score (worst 0–600 best) Variation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%) Underachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)	7.3 8.7 16.9 97.0 97.0 NA 99.1 48.0	2019 2017 2017 2017 2017 NA	٠	↑ ↑
Gap in self-reported health status by income (percentage points) Daily smokers (% of population aged 15 and over) SDG4 – Quality Education Net primary enrollment rate (%) Lower secondary completion rate (%) Literacy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24) Participation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6 Tertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34) PISA score (worst 0–600 best) Variation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%) Underachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)	8.7 16.9 97.0 97.0 NA 99.1 48.0	2017 2017 2017 2017 NA	٠	↑ ↑
Daily smokers (% of population aged 15 and over) SDG4 – Quality Education Net primary enrollment rate (%) Literacy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24) Participation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6 Tertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34) PISA score (worst 0–600 best) Variation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%) Underachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)	16.9 97.0 97.0 NA 99.1 48.0	2017 2017 2017 NA	•	↑ ↓
Net primary enrollment rate (%) Lower secondary completion rate (%) Literacy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24) Participation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6 Tertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34) PISA score (worst 0–600 best) Variation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%) Underachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)	97.0 NA) 99.1 48.0	2017 NA	•	↓ ↑
Lower secondary completion rate (%) Literacy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24) Participation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6 Tertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34) PISA score (worst 0–600 best) Variation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%) Underachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)	97.0 NA) 99.1 48.0	2017 NA	•	↓ ↑
Literacy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24) Participation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6 Tertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34) PISA score (worst 0–600 best) Variation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%) Underachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)	NA 99.1 48.0	NA	•	1
Participation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6 Tertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34) PISA score (worst 0–600 best) Variation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%) Underachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)) 99.1 48.0			
Tertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34) PISA score (worst 0–600 best) Variation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%) Underachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)	48.0			•
PISA score (worst 0–600 best) Variation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%) Underachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)				1
Underachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)	465.0	2018	•	÷
· · · ·	13.6	2018	•	4
		2018	•	+
Resilient students in science (% of 15-year-olds)	16.0	2018	•	->
SDG5 – Gender Equality Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of female:				
aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	ý 71.1	2017	•	\rightarrow
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)		2018		1
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)		2019		T
Seats held by women in national parliament (%) Gender wage gap (% of male median wage)		2020 2017		1
Gender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day)	NA	NA		•
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	100.0	2017	٠	٠
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)		2017		٠
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2005		•
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)		2013		
Population using safely managed water services (%) Population using safely managed sanitation services (%)		2017 2017		
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy		_017	-	
Population with access to electricity (%)	100	2017	٠	1
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	100.0		٠	1
CO_2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating	1.0	2017	•	1
per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)		2018		-
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	2.0	2010	-	
Adjusted GDP growth (%)	-().1	2018	•	
Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)		2018	٠	٠
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	92.8	2017	•	1
mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over) Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population		2010		•
Employment-to-population ratio (%)		2010		1
Youth not in employment, education or training (NEET)		2018		-
(% of population aged 15 to 29)	10.0	2010	-	

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value	Year F	atina	Trand
Population using the internet (%)		2018		
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	113.3	2018	•	Ť.
Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	3.3	2018	•	1
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	48.9	2020	•	٠
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	1.5	2018		1
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)		2017		1
Researchers (per 1,000 employed population)		NA		
Triadic patent families filed (per million population) Gap in internet access by income (percentage points)		2017 2017	•	
Women in science and engineering (% of tertiary graduates in science and engineering)	NA	NA		•
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	43.2	2016	•	7
Palma ratio		2018		7
Elderly poverty rate (% of population aged 66 or over)	20.6	2018	•	7
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μ g/m ³)		2017	•	→
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)		2017	•	T
Satisfaction with public transport (%) Population with rent overburden (%)	59.0 NA	2019 NA		•
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production	1 1/ 1	14/ 1	-	-
Electronic waste (kg/capita)	14 1	2016	•	
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)		2012		
SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2012		٠
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	60.5	2010	•	٠
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2010	•	
Non-recycled municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	1.4	2018	•	
SDG13 – Climate Action				
Energy-related CO_2 emissions (t CO_2 /capita)		2017	•	-
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita) CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)		2015 2018		-
SDG14 – Life Below Water				
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA	NA		
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	30.2	2019	•	→
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	NA	NA		
Fish caught by trawling (%)		2014	•	7
Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.0	2018	•	
SDG15 – Life on Land	20.0	2010		
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018 2018		
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)		2018		4
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)		2018		•
Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	2.1	2018	•	•
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
Homicides (per 100,000 population)		2015	•	٠
Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population) Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city		2015 2019	•	•
or area where they live (%) Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)		2019		
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	100.0		•	•
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		2019	•	1
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	0.0	2016	•	٠
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)		2019		•
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)		2019	•	T
Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population)	232.2	2017	•	~
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals	10.4	2014		
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP) For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional		2016		1
public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	0.1	2017	•	→
Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	NA			٠
Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)		2019		•
Financial Secrecy Score (best 0–100 worst)		2020		•
Shifted profits of multinationals (US\$ billion)	2.4	2016	•	•

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Current Assessment – SDG Dashboard



SDG Trends

1 NO POVERTY	2 ZERO HUNGER	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING	4 QUALITY EDUCATION	5 GENDER EQUALITY	6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION	7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY	8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH	9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURI
7	7	7	7	7	1		1	7
10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES	11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES and communities	12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION	13 CLIMATE ACTION	14 LIFE BELOW WATER	15 LIFE ON LAND	16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS	17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS	
\rightarrow	→	•	\rightarrow	→		7		

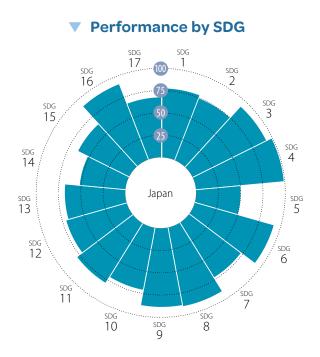
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SDG1 – No Poverty		Year F	Rating	Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%) Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)		2020 2020	-	T T
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers (%)		2020		÷
ntergenerational poverty gap (p.p.)		2017	•	Ā
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				-
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	2.5	2017	•	1
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2016	•	Ť
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	0.7	2016	٠	1
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)	19.9	2016	٠	1
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)		2017		>
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)		2017		Ť
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)		2015	•	->
(ield gap closure (% of potential yield)	58.9	2015	•	•
5DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	-			
Vaternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)		2017		T
Veonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		2018 2018		↑ ↑
Nortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births) ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)		2018		
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)		2018		*
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,				
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	9.5	2016	•	Т
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and	15	2016	•	•
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				
Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population)		2016		1
.ife expectancy at birth (years) Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)		2016 2017		
Sirths attended by skilled health personnel (%)		2017		
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended				
vaccines (%)	93	2018	•	Т
Jniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)		2017	٠	1
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)		2019		Ť
Gap in self-reported health status by income (percentage points)		2017		T
Daily smokers (% of population aged 15 and over)	19.9	2017	•	->
SDG4 – Quality Education				
Net primary enrollment rate (%)		2017	•	T
ower secondary completion rate (%)		2017		T
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)		2018		
Participation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6) Fertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34)		2017 2018	-	1 7
PISA score (worst 0–600 best)		2018	•	Ĵ,
Variation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%)		2018	•	*
Underachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)		2018	•	÷
Resilient students in science (% of 15-year-olds)		2018	•	÷
SDG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females	60.2	2017		_
aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	68.2	2017	•	~
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)		2018		4
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)		2019		1
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)		2020		Ť
Gender wage gap (% of male median wage)		2016		T
Gender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day)	1/5.6	2014	•	•
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)		2017	•	
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)		2017	•	•
reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2015		
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)		2013		T
Population using safely managed water services (%) Population using safely managed sanitation services (%)		2017 2017		Т
· · · ·	90.2	2017	-	
5DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy	100	2017		
Population with access to electricity (%)		2017		T
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	100.0	2016	•	Т
per total electricity output (MtCO2/TWh)	1.1	2017	•	1
Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)	17.9	2018	•	↓
5DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				
Adjusted GDP growth (%)	0.2	2018	•	
/ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)		2018		
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a				
mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	93.8	2017	•	Т
	1.0	2010		1
atal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)				
Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population) Employment-to-population ratio (%) Youth not in employment, education or training (NEET)		2019	•	Ť

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value	Year F	Rating	Trend
Population using the internet (%)		2018	•	
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	89.9	2018	٠	Ť
Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	3.9	2018	•	1
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	56.8	2020	•	•
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	1.2	2018	•	1
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	1.4	2017	•	7
Researchers (per 1,000 employed population)	5.5	2018	٠	7
Triadic patent families filed (per million population)		2017	٠	4
Gap in internet access by income (percentage points)	47.4	2013	•	٠
Women in science and engineering (% of tertiary graduates in science and engineering)	NA	NA	•	•
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income		2015	•	>
Palma ratio		2017	•	*
Elderly poverty rate (% of population aged 66 or over)	9.7	2017	•	₩
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than	16.8	2017	•	7
2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (µg/m ³)			-	
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)		2016		7
Satisfaction with public transport (%)		2019		*
Population with rent overburden (%)	9.1	2017	-	7
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
Electronic waste (kg/capita)		2016		•
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)		2012		•
SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2012		•
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)		2010		•
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2010 2018		•
Non-recycled municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	0.0	2010	•	-
SDG13 – Climate Action				
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)		2017	•	*
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)		2015	•	7
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	8.2	2018	•	•
SDG14 – Life Below Water				
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018	•	Ť
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)		2019	•	+
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)		2014		4
Fish caught by trawling (%)		2014	•	7
Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.3	2018	•	
SDG15 – Life on Land				
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	77.9	2018	٠	1
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018	٠	1
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)		2019		Т
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.0	2018	•	•
Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	3.5	2018	•	•
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
Homicides (per 100,000 population)	0.7	2016	٠	1
Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)		2018	•	1
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	68.3	2019	•	1
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)		2019		٠
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	100.0			•
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		2019		1
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	0.0	2016	•	۲
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)		2019		•
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)		2019		Ţ
Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population)	100.5	2017	•	+
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	10.5	2016	٠	1
For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	03	2017	•	4
			-	•
public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)		NA		
public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI) Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	NA		~	-
public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI) Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP) Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)	50.5	2019		•
public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI) Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	50.5 50.4		•	•

JAPAN





Current Assessment – SDG Dashboard



SDG Trends

1 NO POVERTY	2 ZERO HUNGER	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING	4 QUALITY EDUCATION	5 GENDER EQUALITY	6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION	7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY	8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH	9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTUR
7	7	1	1	→	1	7	1	1
10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES	11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES	12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION	13 CLIMATE ACTION	14. LIFE BELOW WATER	15 LIFE ON LAND	16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS	17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS	
1		•	\rightarrow	\rightarrow	7	1	7	

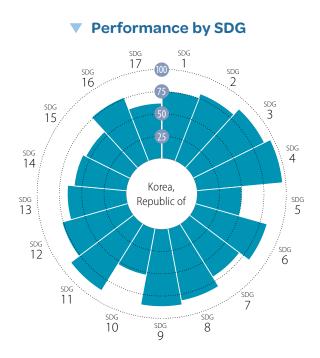
JAPAN

SDG1 – No Poverty	Value Year Rating Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	0.5 2020 • 🕇
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	0.7 2020 • ↑ 15.7 2015 • →
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers (%) Intergenerational poverty gap (p.p.)	15.7 2015 ● → 0.9 2015 ● ●
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	0.5 2015 0 0
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	2.5 2017 • 个
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	7.1 2010
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	2.3 2010 • 🕇
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)	4.3 2016 • 🕇
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.4 2017 • ->
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land) Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	6.0 2017 • ↑ 0.6 2015 • ↓
Yield gap closure (% of potential yield)	NA NA •
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	5 2017 • 个
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	0.9 2018 • 个
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	2.5 2018 • 🕇
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	14.0 2018 • 🕇
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0.0 2018 • 个
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	8.4 2016 🌒 🕇
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and	12 2016
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	12 2016
Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	4.1 2016
Life expectancy at birth (years) Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	84.2 2016 • ↑ 3.8 2017 • ↑
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	99.9 2015
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended	97 2018 • 1
vaccines (%)	
Universal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	83 2017 • 1
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best) Gap in self-reported health status by income (percentage points)	5.9 2019 • 7 11.4 2016 • 1
Daily smokers (% of population aged 15 and over)	17.7 2017
SDG4 – Quality Education	11.1 2011
Net primary enrollment rate (%)	100.0 2017 • 个
Lower secondary completion rate (%)	100.0 2017 • 1
Literacy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	NA NA 🔍 🔍
Participation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6)	
Tertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34)	60.7 2018 • 个
PISA score (worst 0–600 best)	520.0 2018 • ↑ 7.7 2018 • ↑
Variation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%) Underachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)	10.8 2018
Resilient students in science (% of 15-year-olds)	50.2 2018
SDG5 – Gender Equality	
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females	(0.1. 2017
aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	00.1 2017
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	103.2 2018
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%) Seats held by women in national parliament (%)	73.0 2019 ● ↑ 9.9 2020 ● →
Gender wage gap (% of male median wage)	24.5 2017 ● →
Gender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day)	183.5 2016
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation	
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	99.0 2017 • •
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	99.9 2017 •
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	37.3 2010 •
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	20.9 2013 • 1
Population using safely managed water services (%) Population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	98.5 2017 ● ↑ 98.8 2017 ● ↑
Population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	70.0 2017 • 1
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy	100 2017
Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	100 2017 • ↑ 100.0 2016 • ↑
CO_2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating	
per total electricity output (MtCO $_2$ /TWh)	1.1 2017 😐 🎵
Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)	5.9 2018 🔹 🔶
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	
Adjusted GDP growth (%)	-2.0 2018 🔍 🌒
	0.3 2018 🌒 🔍
Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	98.2 2017 • 🕇
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over) Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)	1.2 2010 • 🕇

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value	Year	Ratinɑ	Trend
Population using the internet (%)		2018	-	1
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	193.3	2018	٠	1
Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	4.2	2018	٠	1
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	64.0	2020	٠	٠
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.8	2018	٠	1
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)		2017		1
Researchers (per 1,000 employed population)		2018		T
Triadic patent families filed (per million population)	142.9 NA	2017 NA		T
Gap in internet access by income (percentage points) Women in science and engineering (% of tertiary graduates in science and engineering)	NA	NA	•	•
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	35.7	2008	•	٠
Palma ratio	1.3	2015	٠	$\mathbf{+}$
Elderly poverty rate (% of population aged 66 or over)	19.6	2015	٠	4
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (µg/m ³)	11.7	2017	•	↑
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	NA			٠
Satisfaction with public transport (%)		2019		7
Population with rent overburden (%)	8.1	2016	•	1
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
Electronic waste (kg/capita)		2016		•
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)		2012		•
SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita) Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)		2012 2010		•
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2010	•	•
Non-recycled municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)		2017	•	•
SDG13 – Climate Action		-		
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	8.8	2017	٠	>
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)		2015		→
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	2019	•	
SDG14 – Life Below Water				•
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018	•	T
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)		2019		*
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%)		2014 2014		
Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)		2014		
SDG15 – Life on Land				
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	65.8	2018	•	1
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018	•	$\mathbf{\dot{\mathbf{T}}}$
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	0.8	2019	•	4
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.0	2018	٠	•
Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	5.1	2018	•	٠
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
Homicides (per 100,000 population)	0.2	2017	•	1
Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)		2018	٠	Ť.
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	73.3	2019	•	↑
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	6.2	2019	٠	
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	100.0			
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		2019		T
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	0.0	2016	•	
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)		2019		•
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)		2019		T
Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population)	40.6	2017	•	T
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals		201		
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	12.3	2016	•	Т
For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	0.2	2017	٠	>
Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	NA	NA		٠
Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)		2019		٠
Financial Secrecy Score (best 0–100 worst)	62.9	2020	٠	٠
Shifted profits of multinationals (US\$ billion)	11.8	2016	•	

KOREA, REPUBLIC OF





Current Assessment – SDG Dashboard



SDG Trends

NO Poverty	2 ZERO HUNGER	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING	4 QUALITY EDUCATION	5 GENDER EQUALITY	6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION	7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY	8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH	9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTUR
1	7	1	1	7	1	7	1	1
10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES	11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES and communities	12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION	13 CLIMATE ACTION	14. LIFE BELOW WATER	15 LIFE ON LAND	16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS	17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS	
•	▶	•	\rightarrow	\rightarrow	•		7	

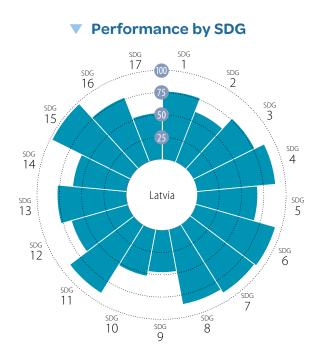
KOREA, REPUBLIC OF

SDG1 – No Poverty Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)		Year		Tren
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)		2020 2020		1
overty rate after taxes and transfers (%)		2020		
ntergenerational poverty gap (p.p.)		2017		1
DG2 – Zero Hunger				
revalence of undernourishment (%)	25	2017	•	1
revalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2010		ń
revalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2010		Ť
evalence of obesity, $BMI \ge 30$ (% of adult population)	4.7	2016	٠	1
uman Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.3	2017	•	4
ereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)		2017		1
ustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)		2015		4
eld gap closure (% of potential yield)	NA	NA		•
DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
laternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	11	2017	٠	1
eonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		2018		1
lortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		2018		Т
cidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)		2018		7
ew HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population) ge-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	NA		•	
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	7.8	2016	٠	1
ge-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and	20	2014		-
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	20	2016	•	•
affic deaths (per 100,000 population)		2016		1
fe expectancy at birth (years)		2016		1
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)		2017		1
rths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	100.0	2015	•	Т
ercentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	98	2018	٠	1
niversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	86	2017	•	1
ubjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)		2019		ń
ap in self-reported health status by income (percentage points)	14.4	2017	٠	Ť
aily smokers (% of population aged 15 and over)	17.5	2017	٠	1
DG4 – Quality Education				
let primary enrollment rate (%)	974	2017	•	1
ower secondary completion rate (%)		2017		Ť
teracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	NA	NA		
articipation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6)	95.9	2017	٠	1
ertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34)		2018	٠	1
ISA score (worst 0–600 best)	519.7	2018	٠	1
ariation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%)		2018		1
Inderachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)		2018		Ţ
esilient students in science (% of 15-year-olds)	45.0	2018	•	1
DG5 – Gender Equality				
emand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females	83.4	2017	•	1
aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)				
atio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)		2018		~
atio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)		2019 2020		T
eats held by women in national parliament (%) ender wage gap (% of male median wage)		2020		2
ender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day)	166.0			-
	100.0	2014	-	9
DC6 Cloop Water and Constantion	00.0	2017	-	-
		2017		
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%)	10110	2017		
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%) opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%)				-
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%) opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	84.8	2(1) 2		4
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%) opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	84.8 17.7			
ppulation using at least basic drinking water services (%) ppulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) eshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) ppulation using safely managed water services (%)	84.8 17.7 98.2	2013 2017 2017		т
ppulation using at least basic drinking water services (%) ppulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) eshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) opulation using safely managed water services (%) opulation using safely managed sanitation services (%)	84.8 17.7 98.2	2017		T
ppulation using at least basic drinking water services (%) ppulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) eshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) opulation using safely managed water services (%) opulation using safely managed sanitation services (%) DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy	84.8 17.7 98.2 99.9	2017 2017	•	T
oppulation using at least basic drinking water services (%) oppulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) eshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) oppulation using safely managed water services (%) DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy opulation with access to electricity (%)	84.8 17.7 98.2 99.9	2017 2017 2017	•	T 1
population using at least basic drinking water services (%) population using at least basic sanitation services (%) eshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) population using safely managed water services (%) DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy population with access to electricity (%) population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	84.8 17.7 98.2 99.9 100 96.7	2017 2017 2017 2017 2016	•	Υ ↑ ↑
oppulation using at least basic drinking water services (%) oppulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) eshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) oppulation using safely managed water services (%) DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy opulation with access to electricity (%) oppulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) O2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating	84.8 17.7 98.2 99.9 100 96.7	2017 2017 2017	•	↑ ↑ →
oppulation using at least basic drinking water services (%) oppulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) perpulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) oppulation using safely managed water services (%) DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy oppulation with access to electricity (%) oppulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) O2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	84.8 17.7 98.2 99.9 100 96.7 1.1	2017 2017 2017 2017 2016	•	
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%) opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) opulation using safely managed water services (%) DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy opulation with access to electricity (%) opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) hare of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)	84.8 17.7 98.2 99.9 100 96.7 1.1	2017 2017 2017 2016 2017	•	
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%) opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) opulation using safely managed water services (%) DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy opulation with access to electricity (%) opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) hare of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%) DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	84.8 17.7 98.2 99.9 100 96.7 1.1 1.9	2017 2017 2017 2016 2017 2018	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
oppulation using at least basic drinking water services (%) oppulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) opulation using safely managed water services (%) DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy opulation with access to electricity (%) opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) O2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) hare of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%) DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth djusted GDP growth (%)	84.8 17.7 98.2 99.9 100 96.7 1.1 1.9 -0.2	2017 2017 2016 2017 2018 2018	•	
oppulation using at least basic drinking water services (%) oppulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) opulation using safely managed water services (%) DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy opulation with access to electricity (%) opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) O2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) hare of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%) DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth djusted GDP growth (%) ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	84.8 17.7 98.2 99.9 100 96.7 1.1 1.9 -0.2 1.9	2017 2017 2016 2017 2018 2018 2018	•	
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%) opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) opulation using safely managed water services (%) DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy opulation with access to electricity (%) opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) hare of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%) DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth djusted GDP growth (%) ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) dults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	84.8 17.7 98.2 99.9 100 96.7 1.1 1.9 -0.2 1.9	2017 2017 2016 2017 2018 2018	•	
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%) opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) opulation using safely managed water services (%) DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy opulation with access to electricity (%) opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) hare of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%) DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth djusted GDP growth (%) icitims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) dults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over) atal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)	84.8 17.7 98.2 99.9 100 96.7 1.1 1.9 -0.2 1.9 94.9 1.0	2017 2017 2016 2017 2018 2018 2018 2018 2017 2010	 • •<	
 5DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%) opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) carce water consumption embodied in imports (m³/capita) opulation using safely managed water services (%) opulation using safely managed sanitation services (%) computed and Clean Energy opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) C_2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO₂/TWh) hare of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%) 5DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth djusted GDP growth (%) fictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) dults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over) atal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population) mployment-to-population ratio (%) outh not in employment, education or training (NEET) 	84.8 17.7 98.2 99.9 100 96.7 1.1 1.9 -0.2 1.9 94.9 1.0	2017 2017 2016 2017 2018 2018 2018 2018 2017	 • •<	

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure		Year F	lating	Tre
Population using the internet (%)		2018	•	1
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population) Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related	113.6	2018	•	1
infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	3.7	2018	•	1
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	64.1	2020	•	•
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)		2018	٠	1
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)		2017		1
Researchers (per 1,000 employed population)		2018	•	1
Triadic patent families filed (per million population)		2017	•	1
Sap in internet access by income (percentage points) Nomen in science and engineering (% of tertiary graduates in science and engineering)		2018 2015	•	(
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	27.2	2012	•	
Palma ratio		2012		
Elderly poverty rate (% of population aged 66 or over)		2017		
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			-	
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than				
2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μ g/m ³)	25.0	2017	•	7
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	NA	NA	•	
atisfaction with public transport (%)		2019		1
Population with rent overburden (%)	3.1	2012	٠	(
5DG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
lectronic waste (kg/capita)	13.1	2016	•	(
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)		2012		(
O ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	9.9	2012	•	(
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	30.2	2010	•	(
litrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	6.9	2010	•	(
Ion-recycled municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	0.4	2016	•	(
nergy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	11.8	2017	•	
CO2 emissions embodied in imports (tCO2/capita)		2015	•	-
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)		2018	•	(
5DG14 – Life Below Water				
Aean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	24.2	2018	•	
Dcean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)		2019	•	
ish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)		2014	•	
ish caught by trawling (%)	45.1	2014	•	-
Narine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.4	2018	•	(
5DG15 – Life on Land				
Alean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	32.5	2018	•	
Aean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018	•	-
led List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)		2019	•	•
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.0	2018	٠	(
errestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	2.5	2018	•	(
DG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
Iomicides (per 100,000 population)	0.6	2017	•	
Insentenced detainees (% of prison population)		2018	•	
ercentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)		2019	•	
roperty Rights (worst 1–7 best)	5.0	2019	•	(
irth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	NA	NA		
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		2019		1
hildren involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	0.0	2016	•	
xports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)		2019		
rress Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst) rersons held in prison (per 100,000 population)	24.9 108.3	2019		1
DG17 – Partnerships for the Goals	.00.0	2017	-	
Sovernment spending on health and education (% of GDP)	80	2017		
or high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional			-	
public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	0.1	2017	•	-
שטווכ ווומווככ, ווכוטטווק טווכומו טביכוטטוווכות מסטטנמווכב דא טיי כויאוי	NA	NA		(
				-
Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	0.0	2019	•	
Differ countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP) Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst) Financial Secrecy Score (best 0–100 worst)		2019 2020		

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Current Assessment – SDG Dashboard



SDG Trends

1 NO POVERTY	2 ZERO HUNGER	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING	4 QUALITY EDUCATION	5 GENDER EQUALITY	6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION	7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY	8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH	9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTUR
7	7	7	7	1	1	1	1	→
10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES	11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES and communities	12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION	13 CLIMATE ACTION	14 LIFE BELOW WATER	15 LIFE ON LAND	16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS	17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS	
\rightarrow		•	\rightarrow	\rightarrow			$\mathbf{+}$	

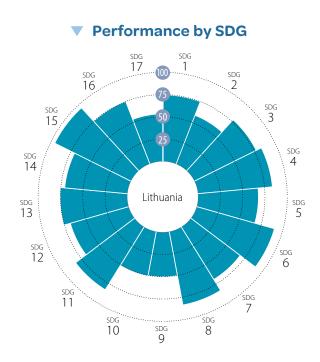
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SDG1 – No Poverty	Value Year Rating Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	0.5 2020 • 🛧
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	0.9 2020 • ↑
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers (%) Intergenerational poverty gap (p.p.)	16.6 2017 ● ↓ 0.0 2017 ● ↑
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	0.0 2017
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	2.5 2017 • 个
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	2.6 2016
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	0.7 2016 • 个
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% of adult population)	23.62016 🔍 🔶
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.4 2017 • 🔸
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	4.3 2017
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst) Yield gap closure (% of potential yield)	0.6 2015 ● → 44.6 2015 ● ●
	44.0 2015
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	19 2017 • 个
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	2.0 2018
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	3.9 2018 • 🛧
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	29.0 2018 😐 🕇
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0.2 2018 • 个
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	21.9 2016 🔸 🛧
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%) Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and	11 0011
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	41 2016 •
Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	9.3 2016 • 个
Life expectancy at birth (years)	75.0 2016
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19) Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	16.2 2017 ● ↑ 99.9 2016 ● ↑
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended	
vaccines (%)	96 2018 • 个
Universal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	71 2017 • 🕇
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	6.0 2019
Gap in self-reported health status by income (percentage points) Daily smokers (% of population aged 15 and over)	45.7 2018 • ↓ 24.1 2014 •
	24.1 2014
SDG4 – Quality Education Net primary enrollment rate (%)	98.4 2017 • 个
Lower secondary completion rate (%)	98.4 2017
Literacy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	99.8 2018 • •
Participation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6)	98.1 2017 • 🕇
Tertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34)	41.6 2018 • 🕇
PISA score (worst 0–600 best)	487.3 2018 • 7 8.4 2018 • 1
Variation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%) Underachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)	8.4 2018 • ↑ 18.5 2018 • ↓
Resilient students in science (% of 15-year-olds)	33.0 2018
SDG5 – Gender Equality	•
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females	77.0.2017
aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	77.9 2017 • 个
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	104.8 2018 • ↑
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%) Seats held by women in national parliament (%)	81.7 2019 • ↑ 30.0 2020 • ↑
Gender wage gap (% of male median wage)	21.1 2014
Gender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day)	123.5 2003
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation	
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	98.6 2017 • •
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	92.1 2017 •
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	1.3 2015 • •
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	17.4 2013 •
Population using safely managed water services (%) Population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	95.2 2017 • ↑
	85.8 2017 • 个
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy	100 2017
Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	100 2017 • ↑ 95.3 2016 • ↑
CO_2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating	
per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	0.9 2017 • 个
Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)	40.0 2018 • 个
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	
Adjusted GDP growth (%)	2.2 2018 • •
Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	3.9 2018 • •
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	93.2 2017 • 个
Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)	0.5 2010 • 个
Employment-to-population ratio (%)	72.3 2019 • 🕇
Youth not in employment, education or training (NEET)	11.2 2018 😐 🛧
(% of population aged 15 to 29)	

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value	Year	Rating	Trend
Population using the internet (%)		2018	٠	1
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	130.2	2018	•	Т
Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best) The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of	3.0	2018	•	+
top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	19.3	2020	•	٠
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.7	2018	٠	1
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	0.5	2017	٠	4
Researchers (per 1,000 employed population)	4.1	2018	٠	4
Triadic patent families filed (per million population)	1.8	2017	٠	⇒
Gap in internet access by income (percentage points)	39.6	2019	٠	7
Women in science and engineering (% of tertiary graduates in science and engineering)	27.0	2015	•	٠
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	39.1	2015	•	1
Palma ratio	1.4	2017	٠	4
Elderly poverty rate (% of population aged 66 or over)	35.3	2017	٠	1
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than				
2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μ g/m ³)	13.4	2017	•	Т
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	97.2	2017	•	1
Satisfaction with public transport (%)	64.4	2019	•	4
Population with rent overburden (%)	2.9	2017	٠	1
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
Electronic waste (kg/capita)	11.0	2016	•	٠
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	114.6			٠
SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	16.0	2012	٠	
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	36.3	2010	•	٠
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	7.0	2010	•	٠
Non-recycled municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	0.8	2018	٠	
SDG13 – Climate Action				
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	34	2017	•	-
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)		2015		÷
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)		2018		
SDG14 – Life Below Water				_
	OE 0	2010		
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018		T
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)		2019 2014		→ ↓
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%)		2014		Ť
Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)		2018		•
	0.0	2010	-	-
SDG15 – Life on Land Man area that is protocted in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (9/)	07.2	2010		
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018		Ť
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018		T
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)		2019 2018		1
Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports	0.0	2010		
(per million population)	0.2	2018	•	•
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
Homicides (per 100,000 population)		2017	•	>
Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population) Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city		2018 2019	•	T J
or area where they live (%)	47	2010		•
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best) Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	100.0	2019		•
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		2018		-
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)		2019		•
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per	0.0	2010		•
100,000 population)	0.0	2019	٠	٠
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	19.5	2019		1
Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population)	193.1			Ť
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	81	2016	•	Ŧ
For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional				
public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	0.1	2017	•	>
Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	NA	NA		
Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)	68.1	2019	٠	٠
Financial Secrecy Score (best 0–100 worst)		2020		۲
Shifted profits of multinationals (US\$ billion)	0.3	2016	•	

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Current Assessment – SDG Dashboard



SDG Trends

1 NO Poverty	2 ZERO HUNGER	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING	4 QUALITY EDUCATION	5 GENDER EQUALITY	6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION	7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY	8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH	9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURI
7	→	7	7	7	1		1	→
10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES	11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES	12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION	13 CLIMATE ACTION	14 LIFE BELOW WATER	15 LIFE ON LAND	16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS	17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS	
1	7	•	•	7	1	1	\rightarrow	

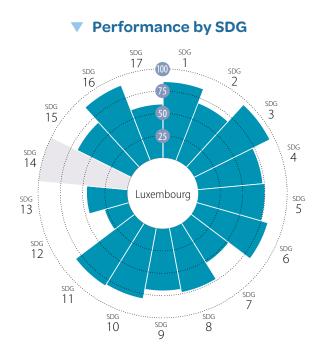
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SDG1 – No Poverty	Value Year Ra	ting Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	0.6 2020	• ↑
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%) Poverty rate after taxes and transfers (%)	17.3 2017	● ↑ ● ↓
Intergenerational poverty gap (p.p.)		• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger		
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	2.5 2017	• 1
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	2.6 2016	• ↑
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	0.7 2016	
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% of adult population) Human Trophic Level (best 2−3 worst)	26.3 2016	● ↓ ● ↓
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	4.2 2017	• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)		• •
(ield gap closure (% of potential yield)	45.6 2015	• •
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being		
Vaternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	8 2017	• ↑
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) Nortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	2.1 2018	T T
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)		• •
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	NA NA	• •
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	20.7 2016	•
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)		- 1
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	34 2016	•
raffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	8.0 2016	• ↑
ife expectancy at birth (years)		• 1
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	10.9 2017	• 1
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%) Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended	100.0 2014	• •
vaccines (%)	92 2018	• ↑
Jniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	73 2017	• 1
subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	6.1 2019	• ↑
Gap in self-reported health status by income (percentage points)		• ↓
Daily smokers (% of population aged 15 and over)	20.3 2014	•
SDG4 – Quality Education	100.0 2017	•
Net primary enrollment rate (%) Lower secondary completion rate (%)	100.0 2017	• 1
Literacy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	99.9 2011	
Participation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6		• 1
Fertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34)	55.6 2018	• 1
PISA score (worst 0–600 best)		• ↑ • ↓
Variation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%) Underachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)		• •
Resilient students in science (% of 15-year-olds)	26.4 2018	•
5DG5 – Gender Equality		- •
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females	72 6 2017	
aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	72.6 2017	
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	100.0 2018	• T
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%) Seats held by women in national parliament (%)	84.6 2019 24.1 2020	
Gender wage gap (% of male median wage)	12.5 2014	
Gender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day)	140.3 2003	•
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation		
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	97.5 2017	•
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	93.4 2017	•
reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	19.9 2015	
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m³/capita) Population using safely managed water services (%)	21.5 2013	• 1
Population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	92.0 2017	• •
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy		•
Population with access to electricity (%)	100 2017	• 1
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	100.0 2016	• 🛉
CO_2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating	3.5 2017	• ->
per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)	19.3 2018	•
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	19.9 2010	- 1
Adjusted GDP growth (%)	2.7 2018	
/ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	5.8 2018	•
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	82.9 2017	•
mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)		
	0.6 2010	• Т
		•
Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population) Employment-to-population ratio (%) Youth not in employment, education or training (NEET)	73.0 2019	• ↑

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value	Vear D	lating	Trand
Population using the internet (%)		Year F 2018	-	
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)		2018	•	
Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)		2018	•	Ŷ
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	19.3	2020	•	٠
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.8	2018	•	1
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	0.9	2017	•	÷.
Researchers (per 1,000 employed population)	6.4	2018	•	+
Triadic patent families filed (per million population)	1.0	2017	•	Ŧ
Gap in internet access by income (percentage points)	41.3	2019	•	1
Women in science and engineering (% of tertiary graduates in science and engineering)	29.7	2015	•	•
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	44.2	2015	•	+
Palma ratio		2017	•	+
Elderly poverty rate (% of population aged 66 or over)	28.2	2017	•	4
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (µg/m ³)	11.9	2017	•	↑
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	99.0	2017	•	1
Satisfaction with public transport (%)		2019		+
Population with rent overburden (%)	4.5	2017	•	Τ
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
Electronic waste (kg/capita)	13.4	2016	•	
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)		2012		٠
SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2012		
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)		2010		•
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2010		•
Non-recycled municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	0.5	2018	•	
SDG13 – Climate Action				
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)		2017		*
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)		2015		-
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	2018	•	•
SDG14 – Life Below Water				•
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018	•	T
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)		2019		→
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	NA	NA 2014		•
Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)			•	
	0.1	2010	•	•
SDG15 – Life on Land Mone area that is protected in terractical sites important to biodiversity (0/)	00 F	2010		
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018 2018		1
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)		2010		*
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)		2018		•
Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports				
(per million population)	0.8	2018	•	•
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
Homicides (per 100,000 population)	4.5	2017	•	1
Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	9.1	2018	•	1
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	71.0	2019	•	↑
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)		2019		٠
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)		2018		
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		2019	•	T
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	0.0	2016	•	•
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)	2.2	2019	•	
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	22.1	2019		1
Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population)	228.3		٠	1
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	84	2016	•	T
For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional				
public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	0.1	2017	•	7
Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	NA		•	
Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)		2019		•
Financial Secrecy Score (best 0–100 worst)		2020		•
Shifted profits of multinationals (US\$ billion)	NA	NA	-	-

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Current Assessment – SDG Dashboard



SDG Trends

1 NO POVERTY	2 ZERO HUNGER	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING	4 QUALITY EDUCATION	5 GENDER EQUALITY	6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION	7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY	8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH	9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATIO AND INFRASTRUCTUR
1	7	1	→	→		7	1	7
10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES	11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES	12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION	13 CLIMATE ACTION	14 LIFE BELOW WATER	15 LIFE ON LAND	16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS	17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS	
\rightarrow	▶	•	\rightarrow	•	7	7	\rightarrow	

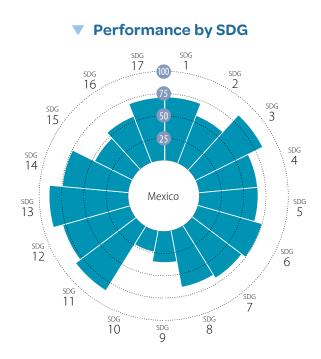
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Performance by Indicator

SDG1 – No Poverty	Value	Year I	latine	Tron
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)		2020	-	
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)		2020		Ť
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers (%)	12.2	2017	•	٠
ntergenerational poverty gap (p.p.)	1.2	2017	•	1
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	2.5	2017	•	1
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	2.6	2016	٠	1
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2016	٠	1
Prevalence of obesity, $BMI \ge 30$ (% of adult population)		2016	•	ł
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)		2017		→
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land) Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)		2017 2015	-	Ļ
(ield gap closure (% of potential yield)		2015	•	
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Waternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	5	2017	•	4
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		2018	•	*
Nortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		2018	٠	Ť
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	8.0	2018	٠	1
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0.1	2018	٠	1
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	10.0	2016	•	4
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%) Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and				
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	12	2016	•	
Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population)		2016	•	1
ife expectancy at birth (years)		2016	•	↑
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)		2017		T
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%) Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended		2009	•	
vaccines (%)	99	2018	•	T
Jniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	83	2017	٠	1
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	7.4	2019	٠	1
Gap in self-reported health status by income (percentage points)	10.6	2017	٠	1
Daily smokers (% of population aged 15 and over)	14.5	2018	•	Τ
SDG4 – Quality Education				
Net primary enrollment rate (%)	96.4	2017	•	4
Lower secondary completion rate (%)		2017	•	T
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	NA		•	
Participation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6)		2017	•	↑ ↑
Fertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34)	476.7	2018	-	↓
Variation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%)		2018	•	Ť
Underachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)		2018	•	Ť
Resilient students in science (% of 15-year-olds)		2018	•	Ť
SDG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females	NA	NA	•	•
aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)				
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)		2018 2019	-	
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%) Seats held by women in national parliament (%)		2019		_
Gender wage gap (% of male median wage)		2020		
Gender wage gap (70 of mate incluain wage) Gender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day)	118.5		•	•
5DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	99.9	2017	•	•
Population using at least basic cumining water services (%)		2017	•	
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2015	•	
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	156.0		٠	-
	99.7	2017	•	1
Population using safely managed water services (%)	06.6	2017	•	1
	96.6			
Population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	96.6			
Population using safely managed sanitation services (%) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy		2017	•	1
Population using safely managed sanitation services (%) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%)			•	↑ ↑
Population using safely managed sanitation services (%) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating	100 100.0	2016	•	↑ ↑
Population using safely managed sanitation services (%) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	100 100.0 22.5	2016 2017	•	↑ ↑ ↓
Population using safely managed sanitation services (%) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)	100 100.0 22.5	2016	• • • •	↑ ↑ ↓ ↗
Population using safely managed sanitation services (%) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	100 100.0 22.5 7.5	2016 2017 2018	•	↑ ↑ ↓ ↗
Population using safely managed sanitation services (%) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%)	100 100.0 22.5 7.5 0.5	2016 2017 2018 2018	•	↑ ↑ ↓ 7
Population using safely managed sanitation services (%) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%) Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	100 100.0 22.5 7.5 0.5	2016 2017 2018	•	↑↑ ↓
Population using safely managed sanitation services (%) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%) Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	100 100.0 22.5 7.5 0.5 1.5	2016 2017 2018 2018	• • • • •	↑↑ ↓ 7 • •
Population using safely managed sanitation services (%) SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) C02 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO2/TWh) Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%) Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	100 100.0 22.5 7.5 0.5 1.5 98.8	2016 2017 2018 2018 2018	•	
Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%) Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	100 100.0 22.5 7.5 0.5 1.5 98.8 6.4	2016 2017 2018 2018 2018 2017		

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value	Year	Rating	Trend
Population using the internet (%)		2018	•	T
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	94.0	2018	•	Т
Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	3.6	2018	•	1
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	51.9	2020	•	٠
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)		2018	٠	1
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)		2017		+
Researchers (per 1,000 employed population)		2018		>
Triadic patent families filed (per million population)		2017	•	T
Gap in internet access by income (percentage points)	/./	2019	•	->
Women in science and engineering (% of tertiary graduates in science and engineering)	18.3	2015	•	•
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income		2015	•	→
Palma ratio		2017	•	•
Elderly poverty rate (% of population aged 66 or over)	10.9	2017	•	
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than $(0.125)(-(-2.125))(-(-2.1$	10.4	2017	•	1
2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μ g/m ³)				
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population) Satisfaction with public transport (%)		2017 2019		T
Population with rent overburden (%)		2019		4
	10.9	2017	-	•
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production	20.0	2016		•
Electronic waste (kg/capita)		2016		•
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)		2012 2012		•
SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita) Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)		2012		•
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2010		•
Non-recycled municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)		2018		•
SDG13 – Climate Action			-	-
	15 1	2017		-
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita) CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)		2017	-	2
CO ₂ emissions embodied in finipolis (tCO ₂ /Capita)		2013		•
SDG14 – Life Below Water	0.0	2010	•	-
	NIA	NLA		
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	NA NA			•
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	NA			•
Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA	NA	•	•
Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)		2018		•
SDG15 – Life on Land				
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%	023	2018		
Mean area that is protected in tenestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018	-	4
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)		2018		*
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)		2018		•
Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports				
(per million population)	7.9	2018	•	
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
Homicides (per 100,000 population)	0.3	2017	٠	1
Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)		2018	•	4
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	6.6	2019	•	1
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	6.1	2019	•	•
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)		2018		
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		2019		1
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	0.0	2016	٠	•
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)	0.0	2019	•	٠
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	15.7	2019		1
Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population)		2017	•	->
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	9.0	2015	•	Ţ
For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional				
,	1.0	2017	•	Т
public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)		N.L.A		٠
public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI) Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	NA	NA	-	
Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP) Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)	72.4	2019	٠	٠
Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	72.4 55.5		•	•





Current Assessment – SDG Dashboard



SDG Trends

1 NO Poverty	2 ZERO HUNGER	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING	4 QUALITY EDUCATION	5 GENDER EQUALITY	6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION	7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY	8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH	9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE
7	7	7	7	7		7	7	→
10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES	11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES	12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION	13 CLIMATE ACTION	14 LIFE BELOW WATER	15 LIFE ON LAND	16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS	17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS	
\rightarrow	1	•	7		→	\rightarrow	\rightarrow	

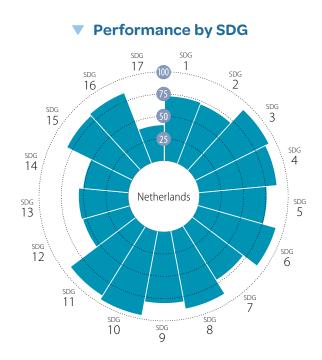
MEXICO

SDG1 – No Poverty	Value Year Rating	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	1.7 2020 •	1
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	11.9 2020	~
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers (%) Intergenerational poverty gap (p.p.)	16.6 2016 • 0.0 2016 •	→ ●
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	0.0 2010	
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	3.6 2017 •	1
Prevalence of anderhounsinnen (70) Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	12.4 2015	Ť
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	1.0 2015 •	Ť
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \ge 30 (% of adult population)	28.9 2016	÷
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.3 2017 🔸	->
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	3.8 2017 ●	1
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	0.8 2015 🔸	4
Yield gap closure (% of potential yield)	NA NA ●	
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being		
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	33 2017 •	1
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	7.5 2018 ●	Ť
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	12.7 2018	T
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	23.0 2018	7
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population) Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	0.1 2018 ●	T
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	15.7 2016 😐	1
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and	27 2014	-
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	37 2016 😐	•
Fraffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	13.1 2016 🔸	4
ife expectancy at birth (years)	76.6 2016 •	→
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	60.4 2017	→
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	97.7 2015 🔸	4
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	88 2018 😐	1
Jniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	76 2017 😐	1
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	6.4 2019 •	Ť
Gap in self-reported health status by income (percentage points)	NA NA ●	
Daily smokers (% of population aged 15 and over)	7.6 2017 🏾 🗨	1
SDG4 – Quality Education		
Net primary enrollment rate (%)	100.0 2017 •	1
ower secondary completion rate (%)	100.0 2017 •	1
Literacy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	99.3 2018 🏾	
Participation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6)	99.0 2017 🔍	1
Tertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34)	23.4 2018 😐	7
PISA score (worst 0–600 best)	416.0 2018 •	→
Variation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%)	12.1 2018	Ť
Underachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds) Resilient students in science (% of 15-year-olds)	46.8 2018 • 21.6 2018 •	\rightarrow
	21.0 2010 -	Τ
SDG5 – Gender Equality Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females)		
aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	79.8 2015 😐	1
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	95.5 2018 😐	-
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	55.7 2019	÷
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)	48.2 2020 •	1
Gender wage gap (% of male median wage)	14.0 2018 😐	Ť
Gender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day)	199.9 2014 鱼	۲
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation		
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	99.3 2017 ●	
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	91.2 2017 😐	•
reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	32.2 2015 😐	٠
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	4.3 2013 🏼	1
Population using safely managed water services (%)	42.9 2017 鱼	->
Population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	50.4 2017 •	7
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy		
Population with access to electricity (%)	100 2017 ●	1
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	85.4 2016 •	1
CO_2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating	1.5 2017 🔸	7
per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)		-
Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)	9.0 2018 ●	7
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	2.2.0015	6
Adjusted GDP growth (%)	-2.3 2018	•
/ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	2.7 2018 ●	•
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	36.9 2017 鱼	↓
mobile money service provider (// or population aged 15 or 0/el)	0.2 2010 ●	•
Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100 000 population)		
	62.2 2019 •	T
Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population) Employment-to-population ratio (%) Youth not in employment, education or training (NEET)	62.2 2019 • 20.9 2018 •	T •

SDC9 - Industry. Innovation and Infrastructure Wale Yea Rateg Teed Population sump the internet (%) 65.8 2018 • Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population) 70.0 2018 • Infrastructure (worst 1-5 best) 71.8 2000 21.8 2018 • The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0-100 best) 71.8 2000 • • Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population) 10.2 2017 • • Scientific and technical journal articles (per 0,000 population) 0.2 2017 • • Spenditure on research and development (% of CDP) 52.8 2012 • • Spenditure on research and development (% of CDP) 52.8 2012 • • Spenditure on research and development (% of CDP) 2.8 2016 • • Spenditure on research and development (% of CDP) 2.8 2016 • • Spenditure on research and development (% of CDP) 2.8 2016 • • Spenditure on research and development (% of Drah opopulation) 2.8 2016 • • Spenditure on research and development (% of drah opopulation)					
Mobile broadhand subscriptions (per 100 population) 70.0 20.8 • Ingistrice: Werformance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related 2.8 20.18 • Instrince: Worst 1-5 best 31.8 20.00 • Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population) 0.1 20.18 • Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population) 0.2 20.17 • Scientific and technical journal articles (per entage points) 5.98 20.2 • • Static patent families filed (per million population) 0.2 20.17 • • SDG10 - Reduced Inequalities Gint coefficient adjusted for top income 5.4 20.16 • Palma ratio 2.5 2.017 • • • SDG11 - Sustainable Cities and Communities Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 2.017 • • Sources to improved water source, piped (% of urban population) 6.3.4 2.019 • • Sources to improved water source, piped (% of urban population) 6.3.5 2.010 • • Sources to improved water source, piped (% of urban populatio	SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value	Year F	Rating	Trend
Logistic Performance Indies Quality of trade and transport-related 2.8 2.8 2.018 ■ Infrastructure Worst 1-5 best) 31.8 2.020 ■ Scientific and textincial journal articles (per 1,000 population) 0.1 2.016 ■ Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP) 0.5 2.016 ■ Researchers (per 1,000 employed population) 0.2 2.017 ■ Gap in internet access by income (percentage points) 59.8 2.012 ■ SOC10 - Reduced Inequalities 54.4 2.016 ● Gini coefficient adjusted for top income 55.4 2.016 ● SDC10 - Reduced Inequalities 2.7 2.7 2.7 Gini coefficient adjusted for top income 55.4 2.016 ● SDC10 - Reduced Inequalities 2.7 2.7 7 7 Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population) 9.1 2.7 7 7 Suffaction with end uncleaf (M2.5) (ug/m ³) 8.2 2.016 ● 9 Production-based SOp emissions (kg/capita) 8.2 2.016 ● 9 SUffact - Responsibl	Population using the internet (%)	65.8	2018	•	1
infrastructure (worst 1-5 best) 2.8 2018 ● The Thers Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0-100 best) 31.8 2020 ● Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 opopulation) 1.0 2016 ● Researchers (per 1,000 employed population) 1.0 2016 ● Gap in internet access by income (percentage points) 59.8 2012 ● SDG10 - Reduced Inequalities 9.9 2017 ● Gini coefficient adjusted for top income 55.4 2016 ● Palma ratio 2.5 2016 ● ● SDG11 - Reduced Inequalities 2.9 2017 ● ● SDG11 - Sustainable Cities and Communities Annual mean concentration of patriculate matter of less than 2.0 9 2017 ● 2.5 microns in diameter (Mb2.5) (ug/m ³) 6.4 2019 ● ● Population with public transport (%) 6.4 2019 ● ● Population with public transport (%) 6.4 2010 ● ● Social - Caess toin moryons (kg/capita) 1.1 2012 ● ● Production-based 50.2 emissions (kg/capita) 1.2 2012 ● ● Social - Caess Soins (kg/capita) <td></td> <td>70.0</td> <td>2018</td> <td>•</td> <td>1</td>		70.0	2018	•	1
top 3 universities (worst 0-100 best) 1.1 ± 2000 1.1 ± 2000 Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population) 0.1 2018 -> Researchers (per 1,000 employed population) 0.2 2017 -> Gap in internet access by income (percentage points) 59.8 2012 -> SDG10 - Reduced Inequalities 29.2 2015 -> Gini coefficient adjusted for top income 5.5.4 2016 -> Palma ratio 2.5 2016 -> SDG11 - Sutsianble Cities and Communities -> Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 2016 -> Zstifaction with public transport (%) 6.4 2019 -> Population with public transport (%) 6.4 2019 -> Staffaction with public transport (%) 6.7 2014 -> Population with envolumed (%) 6.7 2014 -> Soc emissions (%/capita) 1.8 1 2012 -> Production-based Size pensisions (%/capita) 2.8 2010 -> Production-based Size pensisions (%/capita) 2.8 2010 -> Production-based Size pensisions (%/capita) 2.8 2010 -> Soze emissions embodied in imports (%/capita)	infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	2.8	2018	•	↓
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population) 0.1 2018 → Expenditure on research and development (% of GP) 0.5 2016 → Researchers (per 1,000 employed population) 0.2 2017 → Gap in interme access by income (percentage points) 59.8 2012 ● SUB10 - Reduced Inequalities 29.2 2015 ● Solicit - Reduced Inequalities 29.2 2015 ● Solicit - Sustainable Cities and Communities 25.2016 ● Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 2016 ● ● 2.5 microns in diameter (PALS) (jug/m ³) 20.9 2017 ● ● Population with rent overburden (%) 6.7 2014 ● ● Suffaction with rent overburden (%) 6.7 2014 ● ● Population with rent overburden (%) 6.7 2014 ● ● Production-based SO ₂ emisions (kg/capita) 18.1 2012 ● ● SOE13 - Responsible Consumption and Production 8.2 2016 ● ● Production-based SO ₂ emisions (kg/capita) 18.1 2012 ● ● ● SOE13 - Climate Action 0.9 2017 ● ● <td></td> <td>31.8</td> <td>2020</td> <td>•</td> <td>٠</td>		31.8	2020	•	٠
Researchers (per 1,000 employed population) 1.0 2016 → Triadic patent families filed (per million population) 0.2 2017 → Gap in internet access by income (percentage points) 59.8 2012 ● SDC10 - Reduced Inequalities 29.2 2015 ● SDI10 - Reduced Inequalities 25.2 016 → Edderly poverty rate (% of population aged 66 or over) 24.7 2016 → SDG11 - Sustainable Cities and Communities 20.9 2017 ● 2 Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.6 2016 ● → SDG12 - Responsible Consumption and Production 98.1 2017 ● 7 Suffaction with public transport (%) 6.7 2014 ● ● Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) 18.1 2012 ● ● SUrage emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita) 3.5 2010 ● ● Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) 4.2 2016 ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ●		0.1	2018	•	→
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Current Assessment – SDG Dashboard



SDG Trends

1 NO POVERTY	2 ZERO HUNGER	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING	4 QUALITY EDUCATION	5 GENDER EQUALITY	6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION	7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY	8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH	9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURI
1	7	7	7	7	7	7	1	1
10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES	11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES	12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION	13 CLIMATE ACTION	14 LIFE BELOW WATER	15 LIFE ON LAND	16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS	17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS	
1			→	7	1		\rightarrow	

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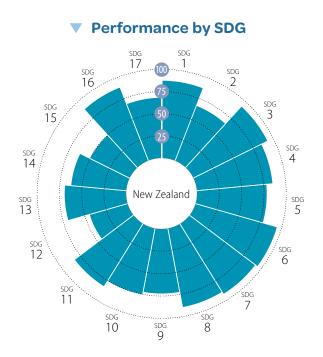
Performance by Indicator

SDG1 – No Poverty		Year R	ating	Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)		2020	•	1
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)		2020		T
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers (%) Intergenerational poverty gap (p.p.)		2016 2016		•
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	2.5	2017	•	1
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	2.6	2016	•	Ť
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2016	•	1
Prevalence of obesity, $BMI \ge 30$ (% of adult population)		2016	•	*
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst) Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)		2017 2017	-	*
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)		2017	•	J.
Yield gap closure (% of potential yield)		2015	•	•
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	5	2017	•	1
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		2018	•	1
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		2018	•	T
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population) New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)		2018 2017		T
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,				
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30-70 years (%)	11.2	2016	•	Т
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and	14	2016	•	•
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population) Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population)		2016	•	4
Life expectancy at birth (years)		2010	•	1
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)		2017	•	1
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	100.0	2003	•	٠
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended	93	2018	•	1
vaccines (%) Universal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	86	2017	•	4
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)		2019	•	$\dot{\mathbf{T}}$
Gap in self-reported health status by income (percentage points)	24.0	2017	•	¥
Daily smokers (% of population aged 15 and over)	16.8	2017	•	1
SDG4 – Quality Education				
Net primary enrollment rate (%)		2017	•	1
Lower secondary completion rate (%)		2017	•	T
Literacy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24) Participation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6	NA	NA 2017	-	•
Tertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34)		2017	•	$\mathbf{\dot{\uparrow}}$
PISA score (worst 0–600 best)	502.3	2018	•	Ť
Variation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%)	12.9	2018	•	+
Underachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)		2018	•	+
Resilient students in science (% of 15-year-olds)	34.9	2018	•	Т
SDG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	86.3	2017	•	1
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	95.2	2018	•	1
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	84.4	2019	•	1
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)		2020		+
Gender wage gap (% of male median wage)		2014	•	•
Gender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day)	79.5	2016	•	
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation	100.0	2017		
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%) Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	100.0	2017		
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2017	•	•
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)		2013	•	7
Population using safely managed water services (%)	100.0		•	1
Population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	97.5	2017	•	1
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				
Population with access to electricity (%)		2017	•	1
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating	100.0	2016	•	T
per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.4	2017	•	1
Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)	6.4	2018	•	→
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				
Adjusted GDP growth (%)	0.3	2018	•	٠
Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	1.8	2018	•	٠
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	99.6	2017	•	1
mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over) Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)		2010		•
Employment-to-population ratio (%)		2010	•	1
		2019		
Youth not in employment, education or training (NEET)	70			

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure		Year Ra	nting	Tre
Population using the internet (%)		2018	•	1
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	90.9	2017	•	1
Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	4.2	2018	•	1
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	68.1	2020	•	
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	1.8	2018	•	1
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	2.0	2017	•	1
Researchers (per 1,000 employed population)	10.3	2018	•	1
Triadic patent families filed (per million population)	69.1	2017	•	1
Gap in internet access by income (percentage points)	3.4	2019	•	1
Women in science and engineering (% of tertiary graduates in science and engineering)	26.1	2015	•	
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	28.8	2015	•	1
Palma ratio	1.0	2016	•	1
Elderly poverty rate (% of population aged 66 or over)	3.1	2016	•	1
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than				
2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) ($\mu q/m^3$)	12.0	2017	•	1
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	99.0	2017	•	1
Satisfaction with public transport (%)		2019	•	-
Population with rent overburden (%)		2017		
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				_
Electronic waste (kg/capita)	23.0	2016	•	
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)			•	-
502 emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2012		
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)		2012		(
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2010		(
Non-recycled municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)		2010		(
SDG13 – Climate Action	0.0	2010	•	
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	10.1	2017	•	
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)		2015	•	-
CO_2 emissions embodied in imports ($CO_2/Capita$)		2013	•	(
	57.0	2010	•	
SDG14 – Life Below Water			-	
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)		2010	•	•
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)		2019	•	
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)		2011	•	•
Fish caught by trawling (%)			•	-
Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.3	2018	•	(
SDG15 – Life on Land				
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	90.6	2018	•	
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	93.4	2018	•	
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	0.9	2019	•	
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.0	2018	•	1
Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports	6.0	2018	•	
(per million population)				
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions	0.0	2017		
Homicides (per 100,000 population)		2017	-	
Jnsentenced detainees (% of prison population) Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city	25.8	2018	•	í
or area where they live (%)	80.1	2019	•	•
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	61	2019	•	
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)		2019	•	
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		2018		
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)		2015		
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per				
100,000 population)	3.2	2019	•	(
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	8.6	2019	•	
Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population)		2017	•	
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				_
	12.0	2014		
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	13.9	2016	•	1
For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	0.6	2017	•	•
Dublic linance, including official development assistance (% of GNI) Dther countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	NA	NA	•	
		2019	•	
Orborate Lay Haven Score (best ()=100 worst)	10.0			1
	71.0	2020		
Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst) Financial Secrecy Score (best 0–100 worst) Shifted profits of multinationals (US\$ billion)	71.8 -104.6	2020		1

NEW ZEALAND





Current Assessment – SDG Dashboard



SDG Trends

1 NO POVERTY	2 ZERO HUNGER	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING	4 QUALITY EDUCATION	5 Gender Equality	6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION	7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY	8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH	9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTUR
1	7	7	7	1	1	1	1	7
10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES	11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES and communities	12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION	13 CLIMATE ACTION	14 LIFE BELOW WATER	15 LIFE ON LAND	16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS	17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS	
•		•	\rightarrow	7	↓ ↓	7	\rightarrow	

NEW ZEALAND

Performance by Indicator

SDG1 – No Poverty		Year	Rating	Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)		2020	•	1
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%) Poverty rate after taxes and transfers (%)		2020 2014	-	T •
ntergenerational poverty gap (p.p.)		2014	•	•
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	25	2017	•	1
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2016	•	$\dot{\mathbf{T}}$
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	0.7	2016	٠	1
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)	30.8	2016	٠	1
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)		2017	٠	+
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)		2017	•	T
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst) /ield gap closure (% of potential yield)	0.6 NA	2015 NA		-
	INA	IN/A	-	-
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being Naternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	0	2017		•
Veonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		2017		1
Nortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		2018	•	$\dot{\mathbf{T}}$
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)		2018	٠	Ť
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0.0	2018	٠	1
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	10.1	2016	•	•
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%) Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and			-	
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	7	2016	٠	•
raffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	7.8	2016	٠	1
ife expectancy at birth (years)	82.2	2016	٠	1
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	19.3	2017	٠	1
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	96.3	2015	•	\rightarrow
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	92	2018	٠	1
Jniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	87	2017		1
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)		2019	٠	Ť
Gap in self-reported health status by income (percentage points)	2.1	2018	٠	1
Daily smokers (% of population aged 15 and over)	13.1	2018	٠	1
SDG4 – Quality Education				
Net primary enrollment rate (%)	NA	NA	٠	٠
Lower secondary completion rate (%)	NA	NA	٠	٠
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	NA	NA	•	
Participation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6)		2016	•	1
Fertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34) PISA score (worst 0–600 best)	45.8 502.7	2018		个 个
/ariation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%)		2018		¥
Jnderachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)		2018	•	÷
Resilient students in science (% of 15-year-olds)		2018	٠	1
5DG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females	047	2017		
aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)			•	T
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)		2018	•	Ť
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)		2019		T
eats held by women in national parliament (%) Gender wage gap (% of male median wage)		2020 2018		T
Gender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day)		2018	•	•
5DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation	. 20.0			-
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	100.0	2017		
Population using at least basic contraing water services (%)	100.0		•	
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2017	•	•
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)		2013		1
Population using safely managed water services (%)	100.0	2017	٠	1
Population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	88.7	2017	•	1
5DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				
Population with access to electricity (%)	100	2017	٠	1
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	100.0	2016	٠	1
CO_2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating	0.8	2017	•	1
per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) hare of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)	41.8	2018		•
	0.11	2010	-	-
SDG8 - Decent Work and Economic Growth	_1 0	2018		
		2018		
Adjusted GDP growth (%)	06	2010	-	
Adjusted GDP growth (%) /ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)		201-	-	-
Adjusted GDP growth (%) /ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)		2017	•	1
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%) /ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over) Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)	99.2	2017 2010	•	个 个
Adjusted GDP growth (%) /ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	99.2 1.0		•	↑ ↑ ↑

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure		Year F		Trend
Population using the internet (%) Mabile broadband subscriptions (par 100 population)	90.8 114.5	2017		T
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population) Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related				T
infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	4.0	2018	•	Т
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of	51.9	2020	•	
top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)		2018	•	1
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population) Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)		2018	-	•
Researchers (per 1,000 employed population)		2015		1
Triadic patent families filed (per million population)		2017	•	÷
Gap in internet access by income (percentage points)	19.0	2012	•	٠
Women in science and engineering (% of tertiary graduates in science	26.7	2015	•	•
and engineering)	200	2010	_	
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income		NA	•	•
Palma ratio		2014 2014	-	•
Elderly poverty rate (% of population aged 66 or over)	10.0	2014	-	
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μg/m ³)	6.0	2017	•	1
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	99.0	2017	•	1
Satisfaction with public transport (%)		2019	•	+
Population with rent overburden (%)	NA	NA		٠
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
Electronic waste (kg/capita)	20.1	2016	•	٠
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	142.7	2012	•	٠
SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2012		٠
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)		2010		•
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	8.2 NA	2010 NA	•	•
Non-recycled municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	IN/A	IN/A	-	-
SDG13 – Climate Action	7.0	0047		
Energy-related CO_2 emissions (t CO_2 /capita)		2017		*
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita) CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)		2015 2019	-	-
	113.7	2019	-	-
SDG14 – Life Below Water	116	2010		-
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)		2018 2019	-	*
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)		2019	•	*
Fish caught by trawling (%)		2014	•	÷
Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.4	2018	•	۲
SDG15 – Life on Land				
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	43.0	2018	•	→
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	29.3	2018	•	→
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	0.6	2019	•	1
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.0	2018	•	•
Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	2.6	2018	•	
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions	0.7	2017		٨
Homicides (per 100,000 population) Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)		2017		4
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city			-	
or area where they live (%)	68.0	2019	•	Т
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)		2019		٠
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)		2018	•	
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		2019		T
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per		2016	•	
100,000 population)	0.1	2019	•	٠
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	10.8	2019		1
Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population)	221.7	2017	•	↓
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	13.7	2016		1
For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	0.2	2017	•	Ŧ
public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)				-
Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP) Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)		NA 2019		
Financial Secrecy Score (best 0–100 worst)		2019		•
Shifted profits of multinationals (US\$ billion)		2020		•

NORWAY





Current Assessment – SDG Dashboard



SDG Trends

1 NO Poverty	2 ZERO HUNGER	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING	4 QUALITY EDUCATION	5 GENDER EQUALITY	6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION	7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY	8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH	9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE
7	7	1	7	1	→	1	1	7
10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES	11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES	12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION	13 CLIMATE ACTION	14 LIFE BELOW WATER	15 LIFE ON LAND	16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS	17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS	
1	1	•	\rightarrow		1	1		

NORWAY

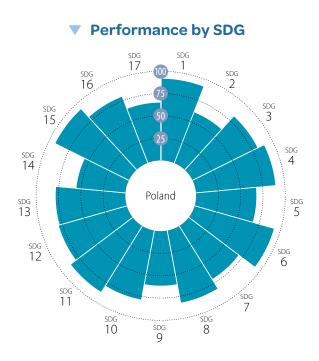
Performance by Indicator

SDG1 – No Poverty		Year F	-	
overty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%) overty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)		2020 2020		T T
overty rate after taxes and transfers (%)		2020		$\dot{\mathbf{T}}$
ntergenerational poverty gap (p.p.)	22.5	2018	٠	↓
DG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)		2017	٠	1
revalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%) revalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2016 2016	-	T T
Prevalence of obesity, $BMI \ge 30$ (% of adult population)		2010	•	¥
luman Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)		2017		÷
ereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)		2017	٠	1
(and non-standard for the standard for t			•	+
(ield gap closure (% of potential yield)	50.9	2015	•	•
DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	2	2017		
Naternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births) leonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		2017 2018		1 1
Nortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		2018	•	Ť
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	4.1	2018	٠	1
lew HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0.0	2018	•	T
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	9.2	2016	٠	1
ge-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and	0	2016	•	•
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)			-	
raffic deaths (per 100,000 population) ife expectancy at birth (years)		2016 2016	•	1 1
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)		2010	•	1
irths attended by skilled health personnel (%)		2016	٠	Ť
ercentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended	96	2018	•	1
vaccines (%) Iniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)		2017		1
ubjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)		2017	•	$\mathbf{\dot{\uparrow}}$
ap in self-reported health status by income (percentage points)		2017	٠	Ť
aily smokers (% of population aged 15 and over)	12.0	2018	•	1
DG4 – Quality Education				
let primary enrollment rate (%)		2017	•	1
ower secondary completion rate (%)	99.4 NA	2017 NA		T
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24) articipation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6)		2017	•	1
ertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34)		2018	•	Ť
ISA score (worst 0–600 best)	496.7		٠	1
ariation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%)			•	1
Inderachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds) esilient students in science (% of 15-year-olds)		2018 2018	•	\downarrow
DG5 – Gender Equality	23.1	2010	-	•
emand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females				
aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	84.3	2017	•	T
atio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	100.8		٠	1
atio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)		2019		1
eats held by women in national parliament (%) ender wage gap (% of male median wage)		2020 2015		Ť
iender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day)		2011	•	
5DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%)	100.0	2017	٠	٠
opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%)	98.1	2017	٠	٠
reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2005		•
carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)		2013 2017		*
opulation using safely managed water services (%) opulation using safely managed sanitation services (%)		2017		+
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy	, 5.5	/	-	-
opulation with access to electricity (%)	100	2017	•	1
opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	100.0		٠	Ť
D_2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating	0.2	2017	•	1
per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)				
nare of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)	4/.1	2018	•	T
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	0.0	2010		-
djusted GDP growth (%) ctims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)		2018 2018		
dults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a				
mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)		2017	•	Т
atal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)		2010	•	1
mployment-to-population ratio (%)		2019		T
outh not in employment, education or training (NEET)		2018		

	SDC0 Industry Innovation and Infrastructure		V		т
ł	SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Population using the internet (%)		Year F 2018	ating	Iren
	Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)		2018	•	4
	Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related				
	infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	5./	2018	•	T
	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of	50.4	2020	•	
	top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best) Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	22	2018	•	4
	Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)		2017		1
	Researchers (per 1,000 employed population)		2018		1
	Triadic patent families filed (per million population)	18.8	2017	•	4
	Gap in internet access by income (percentage points)	3.6	2019	•	1
	Women in science and engineering (% of tertiary graduates in science and engineering)	26.6	2015	•	•
	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
	Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	27.4	2015	•	1
	Palma ratio	0.9	2017	•	1
	Elderly poverty rate (% of population aged 66 or over)	4.3	2017	•	1
	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than	70	2017	•	1
	2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μg/m ³)				
	Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population) Satisfaction with public transport (%)		2017 2019		T
	Population with rent overburden (%)		2019		1
	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production	/.T		-	
	Electronic waste (kg/capita)	78 5	2016	•	
	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)		2010		
	SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2012		
	Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	43.0	2010	•	•
	Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2010		•
	Non-recycled municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	1.2	2018	•	•
	SDG13 – Climate Action				
	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)		2017		-
	CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)		2015		-
	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	45,780.3	2018	•	•
	SDG14 – Life Below Water				
	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018	•	1
	Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)		2019		1
	Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%)		2014 2014		T
	Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)		2014	-	
		0.4	2010	-	4
	SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	E1 0	2010		
	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018 2018		
	Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)		2018	•	1
	Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.0	2019	•	
	Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports		2018	•	
	(per million population)	0.0	2010	•	
	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
	Homicides (per 100,000 population)		2017	•	1
	Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)		2018	•	1
	Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	92.2	2019	•	1
	Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	5.8	2019	•	
	Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)		2019		
	Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		2019		1
	Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)		2016		•
	Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per	2.1	2019	•	
	100,000 population)				
	Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst) Persons held in pricon (per 100.000 population)		2019		T
	Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population)	0.50	2017	-	1
	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals	16.0	2016		
	Government spending on health and education (% of GDP) For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional		2016		Т
	public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	1.0	2017	•	1
	Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	NA	NA		•
	Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)	0.0	2019	•	•
	Financial Secrecy Score (best 0–100 worst) Shifted profits of multinationals (US\$ billion)		2020 2016		•

POLAND





Current Assessment – SDG Dashboard



SDG Trends

1 NO Poverty	2 ZERO HUNGER	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING	4 QUALITY EDUCATION	5 GENDER EQUALITY	6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION	7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY	8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH	9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATIO AND INFRASTRUCTUR
1	7	7	1	7	1	→	1	7
10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES	11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES	12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION	13 CLIMATE ACTION	14 LIFE BELOW WATER	15 LIFE ON LAND	16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS	17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS	
\rightarrow	▶	•	\rightarrow	7	1	7	\rightarrow	

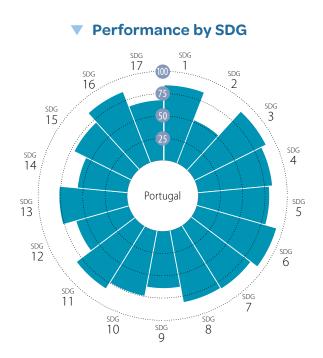
POLAND

SDG1 – No Poverty		Year F		
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%) Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)		2020 2020		↑ ↑
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers (%)		2020		1
Intergenerational poverty gap (p.p.)		2017	٠	$\mathbf{\dot{\uparrow}}$
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	2.5	2017	٠	1
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2016	٠	1
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2016		1
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population) Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)		2016 2017		\downarrow
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)		2017	•	•
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	0.6	2015	٠	->
Yield gap closure (% of potential yield)	44.5	2015	٠	
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)		2017	•	1
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		2018 2018	•	Ť
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births) Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)		2018	-	1
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)		2018	•	$\mathbf{\dot{T}}$
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	187	2016		•
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	10.7	2010	-	•
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	38	2016	•	٠
Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	9.7	2016	٠	1
Life expectancy at birth (years)		2016		1
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)		2017	•	T
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%) Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended		2016	•	Т
vaccines (%)	93	2018	•	Τ
Universal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)		2017	•	1
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)		2019	•	T
Gap in self-reported health status by income (percentage points) Daily smokers (% of population aged 15 and over)		2017 2014	-	•
	22.1	2014	-	
SDG4 – Quality Education Net primary enrollment rate (%)	NA	NA		•
Lower secondary completion rate (%)	NA	NA	•	•
Literacy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)		2008	٠	
Participation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6)	99.1	2017	٠	1
Tertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34)		2018	•	1
PISA score (worst 0–600 best) Variation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%)	513.0	2018	-	↑
Underachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)		2018	•	*
Resilient students in science (% of 15-year-olds)		2018	٠	1
SDG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females	68.2	2017	•	7
aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)				
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%) Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)		2018 2019		T
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)		2019		÷
Gender wage gap (% of male median wage)	9.4	2016	•	1
Gender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day)	136.2	2013	•	٠
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)		2017	•	•
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)		2017 2015		
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)		2015		1
Population using safely managed water services (%)		2015		1
Population using safely managed sanitation services (%)		2017		1
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				
		2017	٠	1
Population with access to electricity (%)	100.0	2016	•	1
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	100.0		•	->
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating		2017		
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	1.9	2017 2018		4
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.9			¥
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)	1.9 8.2			•
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%) Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	1.9 8.2 0.8	2018		•
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%) Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	1.9 8.2 0.8 3.4	2018 2018		•
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%) Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	1.9 8.2 0.8 3.4 86.7	2018 2018 2018 2017		• • • •
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%) Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	1.9 8.2 0.8 3.4 86.7 0.5	2018 2018 2018	•	 ↓ • • ↑ ↑ ↑
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%) Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over) Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)	1.9 8.2 0.8 3.4 86.7 0.5 68.2	2018 2018 2018 2017 2010	•	↓ •• • ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value	Year	Rating	Trend
Population using the internet (%)		2018		1
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	171.7	2018	•	T
Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	3.2	2018	٠	1
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	29.6	2020	•	٠
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.9	2018	٠	1
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	1.0	2017	٠	7
Researchers (per 1,000 employed population)		2018		1
Triadic patent families filed (per million population)		2017		>
Gap in internet access by income (percentage points)	34.9	2019	•	7
Women in science and engineering (% of tertiary graduates in science and engineering)	41.0	2015	•	•
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income		2016		>
Palma ratio		2017		Ţ
Elderly poverty rate (% of population aged 66 or over)	11.2	2017	•	¥
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μ g/m ³)	20.9	2017	٠	7
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	99.0	2017	٠	1
Satisfaction with public transport (%)	66.4	2019	•	4
Population with rent overburden (%)	6.2	2017	٠	1
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
Electronic waste (kg/capita)	11.9	2016	٠	
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	30.7	2012	٠	٠
SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2012		
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)		2010		•
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2010		•
Non-recycled municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	0.6	2018	•	
SDG13 – Climate Action				
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)		2017		*
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita) CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	387.1	2015		-
	307.1	2019	•	•
SDG14 – Life Below Water	02.0	2010		
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018 2019		Т
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)		2019		7
Fish caught by trawling (%)		2014		÷.
Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)		2018		•
SDG15 – Life on Land				
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	87.6	2018	•	1
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018	•	Ť.
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	1.0	2019	٠	Ť
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.0	2018	٠	٠
Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	1.0	2018	•	•
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions	0.0	2017		
Homicides (per 100,000 population) Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)		2017		*
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city		2010		
or area where they live (%)	/1./	2019		
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)		2019		•
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	100.0			•
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		2019		*
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per	0.0	2016	•	
100,000 population)	0.0	2019	•	
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	28.9	2019	٠	1
Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population)	195.1	2017	٠	7
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	9.2	2016	•	4
For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	0.1	2017	•	->
public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)				
Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)		NA 2019		
Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst) Financial Secrecy Score (best 0–100 worst)		2019		•
Shifted profits of multinationals (US\$ billion)		2020		•
1				

PORTUGAL





Current Assessment – SDG Dashboard



SDG Trends

1 NO POVERTY	2 ZERO HUNGER	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING	4 QUALITY EDUCATION	5 GENDER EQUALITY	6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION	7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY	8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH	9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATIO AND INFRASTRUCTUR
1	7	7	7	1	1	1	1	7
10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES	11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES and communities	12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION	13 CLIMATE ACTION	14. LIFE BELOW WATER	15 LIFE ON LAND	16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS	17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS	
\rightarrow		•	•	\rightarrow	7	7	\rightarrow	

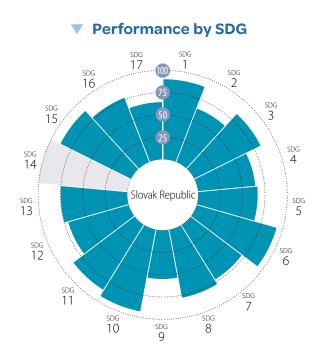
PORTUGAL

overty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)		Year	-	Trer
		2020		1
overty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)		2020		1
overty rate after taxes and transfers (%) Itergenerational poverty gap (p.p.)		2017 2017	-	1
DG2 – Zero Hunger	5.7	2017	-	
revalence of undernourishment (%)	2.5	2017	•	1
revalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2016	٠	1
revalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	0.7	2016	٠	1
revalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)		2016		4
uman Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)		2017	•	-
ereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land) ustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)		2017 2015	-	T
ield gap closure (% of potential yield)		2015	•	
DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
laternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	8	2017	٠	1
eonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	2.1	2018	٠	1
lortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		2018		1
cidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)		2018	•	-
ew HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population) ge-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	0.1	2018	•	Т
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%) ge-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and	4	2016	•	1
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	10	2016	•	
affic deaths (per 100,000 population)		2016	•	1
fe expectancy at birth (years) delescent fastility rate (births par 1 000 adelescent families aged 15 to 10)		2016	•	1
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19) rths attended by skilled health personnel (%)		2017 2015	-	1
ercentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended				
vaccines (%)	99	2018	•	1
niversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)		2017	٠	1
ubjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)		2019	•	1
ap in self-reported health status by income (percentage points)		2017	-	
aily smokers (% of population aged 15 and over)	10.8	2014	-	
DG4 – Quality Education	00.6	2017		
et primary enrollment rate (%) ower secondary completion rate (%)		2017 2017		1
teracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)		2017	•	
articipation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6		2017	•	1
ertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34)		2018	•	1
SA score (worst 0–600 best)	492.0	2018	٠	1
ariation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%)		2018	•	
nderachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)		2018 2018	-	
esilient students in science (% of 15-year-olds)	41.1	2010	•	
DG5 – Gender Equality emand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of female	s 791	2017	•	4
aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)				
atio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%) atio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	100.0	2018	-	1
eats held by women in national parliament (%)		2019		
ender wage gap (% of male median wage)		2017		1
ender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day)	NA	NA	٠	
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%)	99.9	2017	٠	
opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%)		2017	٠	•
eshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2005	٠	
carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)		2013	•	1
opulation using safely managed water services (%) opulation using safely managed sanitation services (%)		2017 2017	•	1
· · · ·	04./	2017	-	1
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy	100	2017	•	
opulation with access to electricity (%) opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	100	2017		
ACCOUNT AND ACCOUNT OF CONTACTS AND ACCOUNTED AND ACCOUNTED AND				
		2017 2018		1
2 ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)				
O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) nare of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)			•	
O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) nare of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%) DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	-0 3	2018	-	
D2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO2/TWh) nare of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%) DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth djusted GDP growth (%)		2018 2018	٠	
O2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO2/TWh) nare of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%) DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth djusted GDP growth (%) ctims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	2.5	2018	•	
O2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO2/TWh) hare of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%) DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth djusted GDP growth (%) ctims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) dults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	2.5 92.3	2018 2017	•	1
O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) hare of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%) DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth djusted GDP growth (%) ctims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) dults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over) atal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)	2.5 92.3 1) 1.1	2018 2017 2010	•	1
O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) nare of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%) DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth djusted GDP growth (%) (ctims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) dults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	2.5 92.3 1) 1.1 70.5	2018 2017		1 1 1

SDC9 - Industry, Innovation and Intrastructure Weie Year Rating Treed Population using the internet (%) 74.2018 • Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population) 73.8 2018 • Infastructure (worst 1-5 best) 73.8 2018 • • The Times Highe Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0-100 best) 40.3 2020 • Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population) 45.2 2018 • Tadic paetr families lifed (per unillion population) 34.2 2017 • Gap in internet access by income (percentage points) 41.2 2019 • # SDC10 - Reduced Inequalities Gin coefficient adjusted for top income 42.1 2015 • Gin coefficient adjusted for top income 42.1 2015 • # Anted mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.2) (gafm3) 82.2 2017 • Spication with public transport (%) 84.2 2017 • # Spication with public transport (%) 84.2 2017 • # Spication with public transport (%) 84.2 2017 • #	SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value	Veen		Trend
Mobile broadhand subscriptions (per 100 population) 73.8 2018 • Logistics Performance Index Quality of trade and transport-related 3.2 2018 • Infastructure (worst 1-5 best) 40.3 2020 • The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of 40.3 2020 • Deg a universities (worst 0-100 best) 42.018 • Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population) 42.018 • Researchers (per 1,000 employed population) 42.018 • • Gap in internet access by income (percentage points) 41.2 2019 • • Vortical cpatert families filed (per multilion population) 42.1 2015 • • SDG10 - Reduced Inequalities 12.2 017 • • Palma ratio 12.2 017 • • SCG1- Sustinable Cities and Communities • • • Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.2 2017 • • 2.5 microns in diameter (M2.5) (ug/m3) 52.2 2018 • • • Polutation with public transport (%) 52.2 2018 • • • Soria Cons in di				-	Irena
Legistic Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related 3.2 2.2					*
infrastructure (worst 1-5 best) 3.2 2018 ■ The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0-100 best) 40.3 2020 ● Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population) 1.4 2018 ● Researchers (per 1,000 employed population) 3.4 2017 ● Gap in intermet access by income (percentage points) 41.2 2019 ● Women in science and engineering (% of terfary graduates in science and engineering) 3.8 1 2015 ● SDC10 - Reduced Inequalities Gini coefficient adjusted for top income 4.1 2 1015 ● Paima ratio Cacess to improve dwater source, piped (% of urban population) 9.0 2017 ● SDC11 - Reduced Inequalities 8.2 2017 ● ● Sociation with public transport (%) 8.2 2017 ● ● Sociation with public transport (%) 8.2 2017 ● ● Sociation with public transport (%) 8.2 2017 ● ● Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) 8.2 2017 ● ● Sociation with public transport (%) 8.2 2017 ● ● Sociation with public transport (%) 8.2 2017 ● <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
top 3 universities (worst 0-100 best) 40.3 2000 40.3 2000 Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population) 14 2018 7 Researchers (per 1,000 employed population) 34 2017 7 Gap in intermet access by income (percentage points) 41.2 2019 7 Gap in intermet access by income (percentage points) 41.2 2019 7 SDG10 - Reduced Inequalities 81.1 2015 9 Gini coefficient adjusted for top income 12.2 2017 1 SDG11 - Sustainable Cites and Communities 82.2 2017 1 Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 8.2 2017 1 Zess to improved water source, piped (% of urban population) 90.0 2017 1 Satisfaction with public transport (%) 52.2 2019 3 Population with ret overburden (%) 8.4 2017 1 Sold - Responsible Consumption and Production 84.2 2017 1 Restriction waste (kg/capita) 12.2 2010 0 Notaction-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) 12.9 2010 0 Notaction-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) 12.9 2010 0 Notaction-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) 12.9 2010 <td></td> <td>3.2</td> <td>2018</td> <td>•</td> <td>Т</td>		3.2	2018	•	Т
top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best) 1.4 2018 ↑ Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP) 1.3 2017 → Researchers (per 1,000 employed population) 3.4 2017 → Gap in intermet access by income (percentage points) 4.2 2019 → Gap in intermet access by income (percentage points) 4.2 2015 → SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities Gini coefficient adjusted for top income 4.1 2017 → Gini coefficient adjusted for top income 1.2 2017 → ↑ Palma ratio 1.2 2017 → ↑ SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities 3.1 2017 ↓ Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.2 2017 ↓ Sz microns in diameter (PM2.5) (µg/m3) 8.2 2017 ↓ ↑ Subscription and Production 8.4 2017 ↓ ↑ Subscription with public transport (%) 8.2 2017 ↓ ↑ Subscription add production 8.4 2017 ↓ ↓ Subscription add production 8.4 2017 ↓ ↓ ↓ Subscription inforced (%) capita) 5.5 2010 ● ● ● </td <td></td> <td>40.3</td> <td>2020</td> <td>•</td> <td>•</td>		40.3	2020	•	•
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP) 1.3 2017 9 Researchers (per 1,000 employed population) 3.4 2017 9 Gap in intermet access by income (percentage points) 41.2 2019 7 Women in science and engineering (% of trettary graduates in science and engineering) 38.1 2015 9 SDG10 - Reduced Inequalities 11.2 2017 1 Gini coefficient adjusted for top income 42.1 2015 9 Palma ratio 1.2 2017 1 1 SDG11 - Sustainable Cities and Communities Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 8.2 2017 1 Staffaction with public transport (%) S2.2 2019 9 2 1 Socard Consumption and Production 17.3 2016 0					
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Financial Secrecy Score (best 0–100 worst)54.0 2020•				٠	
				•	
Shifted profits of multinationals (US\$ billion) 3.3 2016 • •	-			•	
	Shifted profits of multinationals (US\$ billion)	3.3	2016	•	•

SLOVAK REPUBLIC





Current Assessment – SDG Dashboard



SDG Trends

1 NO POVERTY	2 ZERO HUNGER	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING	4 QUALITY EDUCATION	5 GENDER EQUALITY	6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION	7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY	8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH	9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATIO AND INFRASTRUCTUR
1	7	7	→	7		→	1	7
10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES	11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES	12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION	13 CLIMATE ACTION	14 LIFE BELOW WATER	15 LIFE ON LAND	16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS	17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS	
7	\rightarrow	•	↓ ↓	•	1	→	\rightarrow	

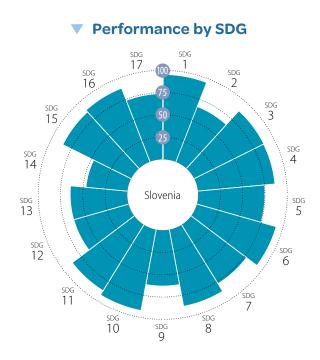
SLOVAK REPUBLIC

SDG1 – No Poverty	Value	Year F	Rating	Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)		2020		1
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)		2020		T
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers (%)		2016	•	T
ntergenerational poverty gap (p.p.)	2.9	2017	•	Т
5DG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)		2017	•	T
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2016		Ť
revalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2016		1
revalence of obesity, BMI \ge 30 (% of adult population)		2016		Ť
luman Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)		2017		*
ereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)		2017 2015	•	T
ustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)		2013	-	
	40.9	2015	-	
DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	E	2017		
Aaternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)		2017 2018		T
leonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 1ortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		2018		T
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)		2018		
lew HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)		2018		
ge-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,				
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	17.2	2016	•	1
ge-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and	2.4	2014		
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)		2016	•	
raffic deaths (per 100,000 population)		2016		1
ife expectancy at birth (years)		2016	•	1
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	25.7		•	4
irths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	98.5	2014	•	٠
ercentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended	96	2018	•	1
vaccines (%)				1
Iniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)		2017		
ubjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)		2019		T A
ap in self-reported health status by income (percentage points)		2017 2014	•	
aily smokers (% of population aged 15 and over)	22.9	2014	-	-
DG4 – Quality Education				
let primary enrollment rate (%)	94.8		•	7
ower secondary completion rate (%)	94.8		•	Т
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	NA	NA	•	•
articipation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6)			•	+
ertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34)	37.2		•	T
ISA score (worst 0–600 best)	469.3		•	1
'ariation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%) Inderachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)				¥
esilient students in science (% of 15-year-olds)		2018 2018	-	3
	17.5	2010	-	-
DG5 – Gender Equality				
lemand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females	75.1	2017	•	1
aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions) atio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	08.4	2018		•
atio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)		2010		*
eats held by women in national parliament (%)		2019		4
ender wage gap (% of male median wage)		2020		Ĵ.
ender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day)	NA			
	1.47.3	13/3	-	
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation	00.0	2017	•	
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%)		2017		
opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%)		2017		-
reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2015		
carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)		2013 2017		T
opulation using safely managed water services (%) opulation using safely managed sanitation services (%)		2017		1
· · · ·	JZ.J	/	-	-7
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy	100	2017	•	
opulation with access to electricity (%)		2017	•	T
opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	96.6	2016	•	Т
O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.2	2017	•	→
hare of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)	80	2018		J
	0.7	2010	-	-
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth		2017		
djusted GDP growth (%)		2018	•	
fictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) dults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	2.9	2018	•	•
	84.2	2017	٠	1
		2010		•
mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	07		-	
mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over) atal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)				-
	68.4	2010 2019 2018		1

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value	Year F	Rating	Tre
Population using the internet (%)		2018	•	1
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	86.0	2018	٠	1
Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	3.0	2018	•	1
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	16.4	2020	•	
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	1.0	2018	٠	1
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	0.9	2017	٠	-
Researchers (per 1,000 employed population)	6.8	2018	٠	-
Triadic patent families filed (per million population)	1.6	2017	٠	-
Gap in internet access by income (percentage points)	28.5	2019	•	1
Nomen in science and engineering (% of tertiary graduates in science and engineering)	33.9	2015	•	
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	33.9	2015	•	-
Palma ratio	0.8	2016		1
Elderly poverty rate (% of population aged 66 or over)	4.4	2016	٠	1
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than	17.6	2017	•	_
2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μg/m ³)				
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)		2017		
Satisfaction with public transport (%)		2019		1
Population with rent overburden (%)	3.8	2015	•	
5DG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
lectronic waste (kg/capita)	12.3	2016	٠	(
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	80.1	2012	•	(
O ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	9.3	2012	٠	(
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	39.1	2010		
Vitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	7.4	2010	•	
lon-recycled municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	0.7	2018	٠	(
5DG13 – Climate Action				
nergy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	5.0	2017		
O_2 emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)		2017	-	-
02 emissions embodied in inports (ICO2/Capita)		2013		(
	04.0	2010	-	
5DG14 – Life Below Water				
Nean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA	NA	•	(
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	NA		•	(
ish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	NA	NA		(
ish caught by trawling (%)	NA	NA	•	1
Narine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.1	2018	•	(
DG15 – Life on Land				
Nean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	82.7	2018		
Nean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	81.5	2018		
		2018 2019	•	
led List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	1.0			
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	1.0 0.0	2019 2018	•	
ed List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) ermanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) errestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports	1.0 0.0	2019	•	
ed List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) ermanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) errestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	1.0 0.0	2019 2018	•	
ed List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) ermanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) errestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) DG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions	1.0 0.0 1.4	2019 2018 2018	•	
ed List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) ermanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) errestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) DG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions lomicides (per 100,000 population)	1.0 0.0 1.4 1.5	2019 2018 2018 2017	•	
ed List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) ermanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) errestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) DG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions lomicides (per 100,000 population) Insentenced detainees (% of prison population)	1.0 0.0 1.4 1.5 14.9	2019 2018 2018 2017 2017 2018	•	
ed List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) ermanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) errestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) DG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions lomicides (per 100,000 population) Insentenced detainees (% of prison population) ercentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city	1.0 0.0 1.4 1.5 14.9	2019 2018 2018 2017	•	
ed List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) ermanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) errestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) DG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions lomicides (per 100,000 population) Insentenced detainees (% of prison population) ercentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	1.0 0.0 1.4 1.5 14.9 62.0	2019 2018 2018 2017 2017 2018	• • •	
ed List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) ermanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) errestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) DG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions lomicides (per 100,000 population) Insentenced detainees (% of prison population) ercentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) roperty Rights (worst 1–7 best)	1.0 0.0 1.4 1.5 14.9 62.0 4.4	2019 2018 2018 2017 2017 2018 2019	• • •	
ed List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) ermanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) errestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) DG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions lomicides (per 100,000 population) Insentenced detainees (% of prison population) ercentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) roperty Rights (worst 1–7 best) irth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	1.0 0.0 1.4 1.5 14.9 62.0 4.4 100.0	2019 2018 2018 2017 2017 2018 2019	• • • • • •	
ed List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) ermanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) errestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) DG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions lomicides (per 100,000 population) Insentenced detainees (% of prison population) ercentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) roperty Rights (worst 1–7 best) irth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5) orruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)	1.0 0.0 1.4 1.5 14.9 62.0 4.4 100.0 50.0	2019 2018 2018 2017 2018 2019 2019 2018 2019	• • • • • • •	
ed List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) ermanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) errestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) 5DG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions lomicides (per 100,000 population) Insentenced detainees (% of prison population) ercentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) roperty Rights (worst 1–7 best) irth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5) corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) hildren involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) xports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per	1.0 0.0 1.4 1.5 14.9 62.0 4.4 100.0 50.0 0.0	2019 2018 2018 2017 2018 2019 2019 2018 2019 2016	 • •<	
ted List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) termanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) 5DG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions tomicides (per 100,000 population) Insentenced detainees (% of prison population) tercentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) troperty Rights (worst 1–7 best) tirth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5) corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) xports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)	1.0 0.0 1.4 1.5 14.9 62.0 4.4 100.0 50.0 0.0 0.3	2019 2018 2018 2017 2018 2019 2019 2018 2019 2016 2019	 • •<	
ted List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) termanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) 5DG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions tomicides (per 100,000 population) Jnsentenced detainees (% of prison population) tercentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) troperty Rights (worst 1–7 best) tirth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5) corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) hildren involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) xports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population) tress Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	1.0 0.0 1.4 1.5 14.9 62.0 4.4 100.0 50.0 0.0 0.3 23.6	2019 2018 2018 2017 2018 2019 2019 2018 2019 2016 2019	 • •<	
ed List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) ermanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) errestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) 5DG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions lomicides (per 100,000 population) Insentenced detainees (% of prison population) ercentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) roperty Rights (worst 1–7 best) irth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5) iorruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) hildren involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) xports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population) ress Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	1.0 0.0 1.4 1.5 14.9 62.0 4.4 100.0 50.0 0.0 0.3 23.6	2019 2018 2018 2017 2018 2019 2019 2018 2019 2016 2019	 • •<	
ted List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) termanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) 5DG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions tomicides (per 100,000 population) Insentenced detainees (% of prison population) tercentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) troperty Rights (worst 1–7 best) inth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5) forruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) xports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population) ress Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst) tersons held in prison (per 100,000 population)	1.0 0.0 1.4 1.5 14.9 62.0 4.4 100.0 50.0 0.0 0.3 23.6	2019 2018 2018 2017 2018 2019 2019 2018 2019 2016 2019	 • •<	
ted List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) termanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) 5DG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions tomicides (per 100,000 population) Insentenced detainees (% of prison population) tercentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) troperty Rights (worst 1–7 best) inth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5) corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) xports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population) ress Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst) tersons held in prison (per 100,000 population) 5DG17 – Partnerships for the Goals	1.0 0.0 1.4 1.5 14.9 62.0 4.4 100.0 50.0 0.0 0.3 23.6 192.3	2019 2018 2017 2018 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019	 • •<	
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) rerrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) 5DG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) Jnsentenced detainees (% of prison population) Vercentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) Property Rights (worst 1–7 best) Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5) corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population) Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst) Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population) 5DG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Bovernment spending on health and education (% of GDP)	1.0 0.0 1.4 1.5 14.9 62.0 4.4 100.0 50.0 0.0 0.3 23.6 192.3 9.6	2019 2018 2017 2018 2019 2019 2019 2016 2019 2019 2019 2017 2016	 • •<	
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) rerrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) 5DG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) Jnsentenced detainees (% of prison population) Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) Property Rights (worst 1–7 best) Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5) Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) -hildren involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) ixports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population) Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst) Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population) 5DG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Sovernment spending on health and education (% of GDP) or high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	1.0 0.0 1.4 1.5 14.9 62.0 4.4 100.0 50.0 0.0 0.3 23.6 192.3 9.6	2019 2018 2017 2018 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019	 • •<	
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Rermanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) errestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) 5DG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) Insentenced detainees (% of prison population) Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) Property Rights (worst 1–7 best) Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5) Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population) Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst) Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population) 5DG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Eovernment spending on health and education (% of GDP) or high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	1.0 0.0 1.4 1.5 14.9 62.0 4.4 100.0 50.0 0.0 0.3 23.6 192.3 9.6	2019 2018 2018 2017 2018 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2017 2016 2017	 • •<	
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Rermanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) rerrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Iomicides (per 100,000 population) Insentenced detainees (% of prison population) Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) Property Rights (worst 1–7 best) Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5) Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) ixports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population) Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst) Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government spending on health and education (% of GDP) or high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI) Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	1.0 0.0 1.4 1.5 14.9 62.0 4.4 100.0 50.0 0.0 0.3 23.6 192.3 9.6 0.1 NA	2019 2018 2018 2017 2018 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2017 2016 2017		•
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Insentenced detainees (% of prison population) Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) Property Rights (worst 1–7 best) Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5) Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population) Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst) Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Sovernment spending on health and education (% of GDP) For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	1.0 0.0 1.4 1.5 14.9 62.0 4.4 100.0 50.0 0.0 0.3 23.6 192.3 9.6 0.1 NA 53.0	2019 2018 2018 2017 2018 2019 2019 2019 2016 2019 2017 2016 2017 2016		

SLOVENIA





Current Assessment – SDG Dashboard



SDG Trends

1 NO POVERTY	2 ZERO HUNGER	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING	4 QUALITY EDUCATION	5 GENDER EQUALITY	6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION	7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY	8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH	9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURI
1	7	7	7	7	7	7		7
10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES	11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES	12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION	13 CLIMATE ACTION	14 LIFE BELOW WATER	15 LIFE ON LAND	16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS	17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS	
7	7	•	\rightarrow	\rightarrow	1	1	7	

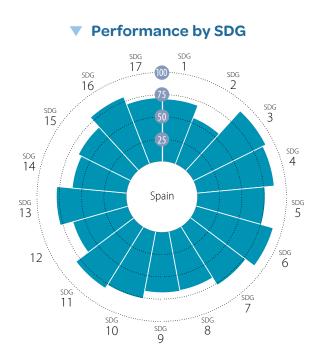
SLOVENIA

5DG1 – No Poverty	Value	Year	Rating	Tren
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)		2020		1
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)		2020		T
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers (%)		2017		T A
ntergenerational poverty gap (p.p.)	0.0	2017	•	T
5DG2 – Zero Hunger Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	2 5	2017		•
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2017		1
Prevalence of stanting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2016	•	$\dot{\mathbf{T}}$
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% of adult population)		2016		÷
luman Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.4	2017	٠	↓
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	5.5	2017	٠	1
ustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)		2015	•	→
(ield gap closure (% of potential yield)	57.6	2015	•	•
5DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	7	2017		
Aaternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)		2017 2018		T
leonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) Aortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		2018		T T
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)		2018	•	*
lew HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	NA		•	
ge-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,		2016		
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30-70 years (%)	12.7	2010	•	Т
ge-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	23	2016	•	•
raffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	6.4	2016	•	1
ife expectancy at birth (years)		2016	•	1
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)		2017	٠	Ť
irths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	99.8	2012	٠	•
ercentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended	93	2018	•	4
vaccines (%)				
Iniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)		2017		T
ubjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best) ap in self-reported health status by income (percentage points)		2019 2017	-	
ally smokers (% of population aged 15 and over)		2017		
DG4 – Quality Education	10.5	2011		-
let primary enrollment rate (%)	98.0	2017	•	1
ower secondary completion rate (%)		2017	•	1
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	99.8	2014	٠	
articipation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6) 94.1	2017	٠	1
ertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34)	40.7	2018	٠	1
ISA score (worst 0–600 best)	503.7			1
(ariation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%)		2018	•	7
Inderachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)		2018	-	T
esilient students in science (% of 15-year-olds)	57.7	2018	-	Τ
DG5 – Gender Equality				
emand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	78.6	2017	•	1
atio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	99.2	2018	٠	1
atio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)		2019	٠	Ť
eats held by women in national parliament (%)		2020		Ý
ender wage gap (% of male median wage)	5.0	2014	٠	
ender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day)	119.7	2001	•	•
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%)		2017	٠	•
opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%)		2017		•
reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2015		•
carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)		2013		Ť
opulation using safely managed water services (%) opulation using safely managed sanitation services (%)		2017 2017		T
· · · ·	03.0	2017	-	7
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy	100	2017	-	
opulation with access to electricity (%)		2017		T
opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating		2016		T
per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	0.9	2017	•	1
hare of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)	16.8	2018	•	¥
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				
djusted GDP growth (%)	2.1	2018	٠	
ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)		2018	٠	•
dults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a		2017		•
mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)			-	
atal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)	1.0	2010	•	T
mployment-to-population ratio (%) outh not in employment, education or training (NEET)	71.9	2019	•	Т

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value Year I	Rating	Trend
Population using the internet (%)	79.8 2018		T
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population) Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related	77.7 2018	•	T
infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	3.3 2018	•	1
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	28.5 2020	•	٠
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	1.5 2018	٠	1
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	1.9 2017	٠	1
Researchers (per 1,000 employed population)	9.9 2018	٠	1
Triadic patent families filed (per million population)	3.8 2017	•	+
Gap in internet access by income (percentage points)	29.3 2019	•	Т
Women in science and engineering (% of tertiary graduates in science and engineering)	31.1 2015	•	٠
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	27.4 2015	٠	1
Palma ratio	0.8 2017	٠	1
Elderly poverty rate (% of population aged 66 or over)	13.2 2017	•	4
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than	16.0 2017		-
2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μg/m ³)			
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	99.0 2017	•	T
Satisfaction with public transport (%)	59.7 2019	•	*
Population with rent overburden (%)	5.2 2017	•	Т
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
Electronic waste (kg/capita)	16.1 2016	٠	
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	126.2 2012		•
SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	15.1 2012		
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	29.2 2010		•
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	11.9 2010		•
Non-recycled municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day) SDG13 – Climate Action	0.3 2018	•	•
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	6.4 2017	•	J.
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)	2.6 2015	•	÷
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	54.8 2018	٠	•
SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	88.6 2018	•	1
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	28.4 2019	•	÷
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	NA NA		•
Fish caught by trawling (%)	89.7 2012	•	•
Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.1 2018	٠	٠
SDG15 – Life on Land			
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	85.1 2018	•	•
Mean area that is protected in reshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)		•	*
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	0.9 2019	٠	Ť
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.0 2018	٠	٠
Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	2.2 2018	•	•
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions	0.9 2017		
Homicides (per 100,000 population) Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	18.3 2017		T
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city			
or area where they live (%)	90.3 2019	•	1
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	4.6 2019	•	٠
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	100.0 2018	٠	
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)	60.0 2019	٠	1
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	0.0 2016	٠	
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)	0.0 2019	•	•
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	22.3 2019	٠	1
Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population)	63.3 2017	٠	1
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	10.9 2016	•	1
For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional			
	0.2 2017	•	->
public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)			
public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI) Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	NA NA		
	NA NA 49.6 2019	•	•
Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)		•	•

SPAIN





Current Assessment – SDG Dashboard



SDG Trends

1 NO POVERTY	2 ZERO HUNGER	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING	4 QUALITY EDUCATION	5 GENDER EQUALITY	6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION	7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY	8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH	9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURI
1	7	1	7	7	1	7	1	7
10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES	11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES and communities	12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION	13 CLIMATE ACTION	14 LIFE BELOW WATER	15 LIFE ON LAND	16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS	17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS	
\rightarrow	7	•	•	7	→	1	7	

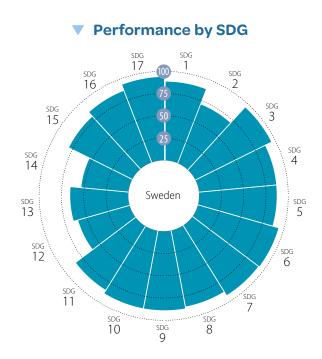
SPAIN

SDC1 No Povortu	Value Vers Dation Trand
SDG1 – No Poverty Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	Value Year Rating Trend 0.9 2020 • ↑
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	1.3 2020
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers (%)	14.8 2017 🔍 🎵
Intergenerational poverty gap (p.p.)	8.7 2017 😐 个
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	
Prevalence of undernourishment (%) Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	2.5 2017
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	2.6 2016 ● ↑ 0.7 2016 ● ↑
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \ge 30 (% of adult population)	23.8 2016
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.4 2017 🔹 🖊
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	2.8 2017
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst) Yield gap closure (% of potential yield)	0.8 2015 • ↓ 45.7 2015 • •
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	45.7 2015
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	4 2017 • 🛧
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	1.7 2018 • 🛧
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	3.0 2018 • 🕇
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	9.4 2018
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population) Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	0.1 2018 • 个
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	9.9 2016 • 🕇
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and	10 2016 • •
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population) Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	4.1 2016 • 1
Life expectancy at birth (years)	83.1 2016
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	7.7 2017 🔹 🕇
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	NA NA 🗨 🔴
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	93 2018 🔹 🛧
Universal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	83 2017 • 🛧
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	6.5 2019 🔹 🕇
Gap in self-reported health status by income (percentage points)	12.3 2017 • 🕇
Daily smokers (% of population aged 15 and over)	22.1 2017 😐 🎵
SDG4 – Quality Education	
Net primary enrollment rate (%)	97.2 2017 ● ↑ 97.2 2017 ● ↑
Lower secondary completion rate (%) Literacy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	99.7 2018
Participation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6)	
Tertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34)	44.3 2018 • 🕇
PISA score (worst 0–600 best)	486.7 2018 • ↓
Variation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%) Underachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)	10.0 2018 • ↑ 21.3 2018 • ↓
Resilient students in science (% of 15-year-olds)	37.3 2018
SDG5 – Gender Equality	
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females	94 E 2017 🌰 📥
aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	84.5 2017 • 个
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%) Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	97.0 2018 ● → 81.8 2019 ● ↑
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)	44.0 2020
Gender wage gap (% of male median wage)	11.5 2014
Gender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day)	143.2 2010 • •
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation	
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	99.9 2017 • •
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	99.9 2017
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	44.0 2015 • • 24.0 2013 • ↑
Population using safely managed water services (%)	98.4 2017
Population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	96.6 2017 • 🕇
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy	
Population with access to electricity (%)	100 2017 • 🕇
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	100.0 2016 • 个
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.0 2017 • 🕇
Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)	14.6 2018 😐 🕹
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	
Adjusted GDP growth (%)	0.3 2018 • •
Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	2.3 2018 • •
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	93.8 2017 • 🕇
Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)	1.8 2010 🗕 🕇
Employment-to-population ratio (%)	63.3 2019 • 1
Youth not in employment, education or training (NEET)	19.1 2018 鱼 🕇
(% of population aged 15 to 29)	•

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value Year Rating Trend
Population using the internet (%)	86.1 2018 • 个
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	98.5 2018 • 个
Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	3.8 2018 • 个
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	55.5 2020 • •
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	1.2 2018 🔹 🕇
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	1.2 2017 🔸 🦊
Researchers (per 1,000 employed population)	7.0 2018 🔍 🎵
Triadic patent families filed (per million population)	5.8 2017
Gap in internet access by income (percentage points) Women in science and engineering (% of tertiary graduates in science	21.2 2019 • 个
and engineering)	27.1 2015 • •
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities	
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	38.6 2015 🔍 🔶
Palma ratio	1.3 2017 • 7
Elderly poverty rate (% of population aged 66 or over)	10.2 2017 😐 🕹
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities	
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μg/m ³)	9.7 2017 • 🕇
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	99.0 2017 🌒 🕇
Satisfaction with public transport (%)	63.4 2019 🔸 🦊
Population with rent overburden (%)	12.9 2017 😐 个
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production	
Electronic waste (kg/capita)	20.1 2016 🔍 🔍
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	37.2 2012 • •
SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	8.2 2012 •
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	45.0 2010
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita) Non-recycled municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	11.0 2010 • • 0.8 2018 • •
SDG13 – Climate Action	0.0 2018
	5.3 2017 • 🗸
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita) CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)	1.3 2017 ● ◆
CO_2 emissions embodied in finipolis (CO_2 /capita) CO_2 emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	22.7 2018
SDG14 – Life Below Water	
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	85.6 2018 • 个
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	48.6 2019
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	35.5 2014 • 1
Fish caught by trawling (%)	33.6 2014 😐 🕇
Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.6 2018 😐 🔍
SDG15 – Life on Land	
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	56.6 2018 • 个
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	56.6 2018 ● ↑ 46.1 2018 ● →
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	46.1 2018 ● → 0.8 2019 ● ↓
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	46.1 2018 🔹 🔶
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	46.1 2018 ● → 0.8 2019 ● ↓
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	46.1 2018 ● → 0.8 2019 ● ↓ 0.0 2018 ● ●
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports	46.1 2018 ● → 0.8 2019 ● ↓ 0.0 2018 ● ●
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	46.1 2018 ● → 0.8 2019 ● ↓ 0.0 2018 ● ● 3.6 2018 ● ●
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population)	46.1 2018 ● → 0.8 2019 ● ↓ 0.0 2018 ● ● 3.6 2018 ● ●
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population) Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city	46.1 2018 ● → 0.8 2019 ● ↓ 0.0 2018 ● ● 3.6 2018 ● ● 0.7 2017 ● ↑ 14.4 2018 ● ↓
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population) Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) Property Rights (worst 1–7 best) Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	46.1 2018 ● → 0.8 2019 ● ↓ 0.0 2018 ● ● 3.6 2018 ● ● 0.7 2017 ● ↑ 14.4 2018 ● ↑ 77.5 2019 ● ↑
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population) Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) Property Rights (worst 1–7 best) Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5) Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)	46.1 2018 ● → 0.8 2019 ● ↓ 0.0 2018 ● ● 3.6 2018 ● ● 0.7 2017 ● ↑ 14.4 2018 ● ↑ 77.5 2019 ● ↑ 4.8 2019 ● ● 100.0 2018 ● ● 62.0 2019 ● ↑
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population) Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) Property Rights (worst 1–7 best) Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5) Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	46.1 2018 ● → 0.8 2019 ● ↓ 0.0 2018 ● ● 3.6 2018 ● ● 0.7 2017 ● ↑ 14.4 2018 ● ↑ 77.5 2019 ● ↑ 4.8 2019 ● ● 100.0 2018 ● ●
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population) Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) Property Rights (worst 1–7 best) Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5) Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)	46.1 2018 ● → 0.8 2019 ● ↓ 0.0 2018 ● ● 3.6 2018 ● ● 0.7 2017 ● ↑ 14.4 2018 ● ↑ 77.5 2019 ● ↑ 4.8 2019 ● ↑ 100.0 2018 ● ● 62.0 2019 ● ↑ 0.0 2016 ● ● 1.9 2019 ● ↓
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population) Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) Property Rights (worst 1–7 best) Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5) Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population) Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	46.1 2018 ● 0.8 2019 ● 0.0 2018 ● 3.6 2018 ● 0.7 2017 ● 14.4 2018 ● 77.5 2019 ● 4.8 2019 ● 100.0 2018 ● 62.0 2019 ● 0.0 2016 ●
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Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population) Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) Property Rights (worst 1–7 best) Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5) Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population) Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst) Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals	46.1 2018 ● 0.8 2019 ● ● 0.0 2018 ● ● 3.6 2018 ● ● 0.7 2017 ● ● 14.4 2018 ● ● 77.5 2019 ● ● 100.0 2018 ● ● 62.0 2019 ● ● 0.0 2016 ● ● 1.9 2019 ● ● 22.0 2019 ● ●
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population) Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) Property Rights (worst 1–7 best) Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5) Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population) Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst) Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	46.1 2018 ● 0.8 2019 ● ● 0.0 2018 ● ● 3.6 2018 ● ● 0.7 2017 ● ● 14.4 2018 ● ● 77.5 2019 ● ● 100.0 2018 ● ● 62.0 2019 ● ● 0.0 2016 ● ● 1.9 2019 ● ● 22.0 2019 ● ●
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population) Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) Property Rights (worst 1–7 best) Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5) Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population) Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst) Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government spending on health and education (% of GDP) For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	46.1 2018 ● 0.8 2019 ● 0.0 2018 ● 3.6 2018 ● 0.7 2017 ● 14.4 2018 ● 77.5 2019 ● 10.0 2018 ● 62.0 2019 ● 1.9 2019 ● 22.0 2019 ● 12.6.9 2017 ●
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population) Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) Property Rights (worst 1–7 best) Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5) Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population) Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst) Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government spending on health and education (% of GDP) For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	46.1 2018 ● 0.8 2019 ● 0.0 2018 ● 3.6 2018 ● 0.7 2017 ● 1.4.4 2018 ● 7.7.5 2019 ● 4.8 2019 ● 10.0 2018 ● 62.0 2019 ● 1.9 2019 ● 1.9 2019 ● 126.9 2017 ● 10.6 2016 ● 10.6 2016 ●
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population) Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) Property Rights (worst 1–7 best) Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5) Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population) Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst) Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government spending on health and education (% of GDP) For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GDP)	46.1 2018 • 0.8 2019 • 0.0 2018 • 3.6 2018 • • 0.7 2017 • • 1.4 2018 • • 7.7.5 2019 • • 1.4.4 2018 • • 10.0 2018 • • 62.0 2019 • • 1.9 2019 • • 1.9 2019 • • 126.9 2017 • • 10.6 2016 • •
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population) Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) Property Rights (worst 1–7 best) Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5) Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population) Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst) Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government spending on health and education (% of GDP) For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	46.1 2018 ● 0.8 2019 ● 0.0 2018 ● 3.6 2018 ● 0.7 2017 ● 1.4.4 2018 ● 7.7.5 2019 ● 4.8 2019 ● 10.0 2018 ● 62.0 2019 ● 1.9 2019 ● 126.9 2017 ● 10.6 2016 ● 10.6 2016 ● 10.7 2017 ● 10.8 2017 ● 10.4 2017 ● 10.5 2017 ● 10.6 2016 ● 0.2 2017 ● 10.8 2016 ● 10.4 NA NA
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population) Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) Property Rights (worst 1–7 best) Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5) Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population) Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst) Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government spending on health and education (% of GDP) For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GDP) Cotporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)	46.1 2018 ● 0.8 2019 ● 0.0 2018 ● 3.6 2018 ● 0.7 2017 ● 1.4 2018 ● 7.7.5 2019 ● 1.4.4 2018 ● 1.4.5 2019 ● 1.4.8 2019 ● 10.0.0 2018 ● 62.0 2019 ● 1.9 2019 ● 1.9 2017 ● 126.9 2017 ● 10.6 2016 ● 10.6 2016 ● 10.7 2017 ● 10.8 2017 ● 10.4 2017 ● 10.5 2017 ● 10.4 2017 ● 10.5 2017 ● 10.4 NA NA 54.5 2019 ●

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Current Assessment – SDG Dashboard



SDG Trends

1 NO Poverty	2 ZERO HUNGER	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING	4 QUALITY EDUCATION	5 GENDER EQUALITY	6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION	7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY	8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH	9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTUR
7	7	1	7	1	7	1	1	1
10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES	11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES	12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION	13 CLIMATE ACTION	14. LIFE BELOW WATER	15 LIFE ON LAND	16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS	17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS	
\rightarrow	7	•	→	\rightarrow		1		

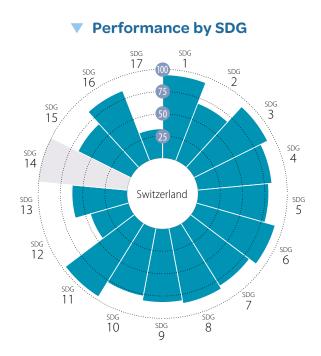
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SDG1 – No Poverty		Year F	-	Tren
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)		2020		1
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)		2020 2017		T
Yoverty rate after taxes and transfers (%) ntergenerational poverty gap (p.p.)		2017	-	1
	4.0	2010	-	
DG2 – Zero Hunger Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	2 5	2017		
revalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2017		1
revalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2010		•
revalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)		2016		Ļ
luman Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)		2017		÷
ereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	6.0	2017	٠	1
ustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	0.5	2015	•	4
ield gap closure (% of potential yield)	68.6	2015	•	•
DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
laternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	4	2017	٠	1
leonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	1.5	2018	٠	1
lortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		2018	٠	1
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)		2018	•	T
lew HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	NA	NA	•	•
ge-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	9.1	2016	•	1
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%) .ge-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and				
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	7	2016	•	•
raffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	2.8	2016	•	1
ife expectancy at birth (years)	82.4	2016	٠	1
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	5.1	2017	٠	1
irths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	NA	NA		•
ercentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended	97	2018	•	1
vaccines (%) Iniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	86	2017		4
ubjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)		2017		•
Gap in self-reported health status by income (percentage points)		2017		•
Daily smokers (% of population aged 15 and over)		2017		Ť
5DG4 – Quality Education				
Net primary enrollment rate (%)	100.0	2017		1
ower secondary completion rate (%)		2017		1
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	NA			
Participation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6)		2017	•	1
ertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34)		2018	•	1
PISA score (worst 0–600 best)	502.3		•	Ť
/ariation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%)	12.7	2018	•	4
Inderachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)	19.0	2018	•	1
Resilient students in science (% of 15-year-olds)	30.4	2018	•	1
5DG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females	00.0	2017		
aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	00.0	2017	•	
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)		2018		1
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)		2019		Ţ
eats held by women in national parliament (%)		2020		T
iender wage gap (% of male median wage)		2018		Т
Gender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day)	49.2	2010	•	
		2017		•
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%)		0.0.1	•	
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%) opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%)	99.3	2017		-
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%) opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	99.3 3.9	2010		
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%) opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	99.3 3.9 32.3	2010 2013	٠	•
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%) opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) opulation using safely managed water services (%)	99.3 3.9 32.3 99.9	2010 2013 2017	•	
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%) opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) opulation using safely managed water services (%) opulation using safely managed sanitation services (%)	99.3 3.9 32.3 99.9	2010 2013	•	• -> 1 1
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%) opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) opulation using safely managed water services (%) opulation using safely managed sanitation services (%) DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy	99.3 3.9 32.3 99.9 93.4	2010 2013 2017 2017	•	
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%) opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) opulation using safely managed water services (%) opulation using safely managed sanitation services (%) CDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy opulation with access to electricity (%)	99.3 3.9 32.3 99.9 93.4 100	2010 2013 2017 2017 2017	•	
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%) opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) opulation using safely managed water services (%) opulation using safely managed sanitation services (%) DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy opulation with access to electricity (%) opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	99.3 3.9 32.3 99.9 93.4 100 100.0	2010 2013 2017 2017 2017 2016	•	
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%) opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) opulation using safely managed water services (%) opulation using safely managed sanitation services (%) CDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy opulation with access to electricity (%) opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating	99.3 3.9 32.3 99.9 93.4 100 100.0	2010 2013 2017 2017 2017	•	
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%) opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) opulation using safely managed water services (%) opulation using safely managed sanitation services (%) DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy opulation with access to electricity (%) opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	99.3 3.9 32.3 99.9 93.4 100 100.0 0.2	2010 2013 2017 2017 2017 2016	•	
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%) opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) opulation using safely managed water services (%) opulation using safely managed sanitation services (%) 5DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy opulation with access to electricity (%) opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) iO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) hare of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)	99.3 3.9 32.3 99.9 93.4 100 100.0 0.2	2010 2013 2017 2017 2017 2016 2017	•	•) ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%) opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) opulation using safely managed water services (%) opulation using safely managed sanitation services (%) opulation using safely managed sanitation services (%) opulation with access to electricity (%) opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) iO2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) hare of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%) iDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	99.3 3.9 32.3 99.9 93.4 100 100.0 0.2 37.8	2010 2013 2017 2017 2017 2016 2017 2018	•	
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%) opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) opulation using safely managed water services (%) opulation using safely managed sanitation services (%) opulation using safely managed sanitation services (%) opulation with access to electricity (%) opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) C02 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO2/TWh) hare of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth vdjusted GDP growth (%)	99.3 3.9 32.3 99.9 93.4 100 100.0 0.2 37.8 -0.8	2010 2013 2017 2017 2016 2017 2018	•	
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%) opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) opulation using safely managed water services (%) opulation using safely managed sanitation services (%) 5DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy opulation with access to electricity (%) opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) C0 ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) hare of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%) 5DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth adjusted GDP growth (%) fictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	99.3 3.9 32.3 99.9 93.4 100 100.0 0.2 37.8 -0.8 1.6	2010 2013 2017 2017 2016 2017 2018 2018 2018	• • • • • • • •	
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%) Population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Population using safely managed water services (%) Population using safely managed sanitation services (%) Population using safely managed sanitation services (%) Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	99.3 3.9 32.3 99.9 93.4 100 100.0 0.2 37.8 -0.8 1.6	2010 2013 2017 2017 2016 2017 2018	• • • • • • • •	
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%) Population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Population using safely managed water services (%) Population using safely managed water services (%) Population using safely managed sanitation services (%) Population using safely managed sanitation services (%) Population with access to electricity (%) Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) IO2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO2/TWh) Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%) (rictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) valuts with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	99.3 3.9 32.3 99.9 93.4 100 100.0 0.2 37.8 -0.8 1.6 99.7	2010 2013 2017 2017 2016 2017 2018 2018 2018		
There of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%) 5DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%) Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	99.3 3.9 32.3 99.9 93.4 100 100.0 0.2 37.8 -0.8 1.6 99.7 1.3	2010 2013 2017 2017 2016 2017 2018 2018 2018 2018		

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure		Year F	lating	Tre
Population using the internet (%)		2018	•	1
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	127.0	2018	•	1
Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	4.2	2018	•	1
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	66.3		•	
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)		2018		1
expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)		2017		1
Researchers (per 1,000 employed population)		2018		1
Friadic patent families filed (per million population)		2017		1
Gap in internet access by income (percentage points)	6.3	2019	•	1
Nomen in science and engineering (% of tertiary graduates in science and engineering)	30.0	2015	•	
5DG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	29.8	2015		1
Palma ratio	1.0	2017	•	
Iderly poverty rate (% of population aged 66 or over)	11.3	2017		
5DG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than				
2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μ g/m ³)	6.2	2017	•	1
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	99.0	2017	٠	
atisfaction with public transport (%)	62.6	2019	•	-
opulation with rent overburden (%)		2017	•	•
DG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
lectronic waste (kg/capita)	21.5	2016		(
roduction-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)		2010	•	
O_2 emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2012		(
roduction-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)		2012		(
litrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2010		(
		2010		
lon-recycled municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	0.7	2010	•	_
nergy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	13	2017		
O ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)		2017	-	
O ₂ emissions embodied in inports (CO ₂ /Capita)		2015		(
	0.0	2017	-	
DG14 – Life Below Water				
Alean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018	•	•
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)		2019		•
ish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)		2014		•
ish caught by trawling (%)		2014		-
Narine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.1	2018	•	(
DG15 – Life on Land				
Aean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	58.4	2018		
lean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	61.9	2018	•	
ed List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)		2019		
ermanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.0	2018	•	(
errestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports				
(per million population)	1.0	2018	•	
DG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
lomicides (per 100,000 population)	1.1	2017	٠	•
Insentenced detainees (% of prison population)		2018	•	
ercentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city	76.7	2019		
or area where they live (%)				
roperty Rights (worst 1–7 best)		2019		-
irth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	100.0			(
orruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		2019		1
hildren involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	0.0	2016	•	(
xports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)	1.8	2019	•	(
ress Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	8.3	2019		
ersons held in prison (per 100,000 population)		2017		
DG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				
	16.0	2016		
overnment spending on health and education (% of GDP)	10.8	2016	-	
or high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	1.0	2017	•	1
)ther countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	NA	NA		
Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)		2019		
טוייטואני ומא רומיכון שכאנ ט- וטט ייטואני		2019		
inancial Secrecy Score (best 0–100 worst)		ZUZU	-	-
inancial Secrecy Score (best 0–100 worst) ;hifted profits of multinationals (US\$ billion)		2016		

SWITZERLAND





Current Assessment – SDG Dashboard



SDG Trends

1 NO POVERTY	2 ZERO HUNGER	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING	4 QUALITY EDUCATION	5 GENDER EQUALITY	6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION	7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY	8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH	9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURI
1	7	1	7	7	7	1	1	1
10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES	11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES	12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION	13 CLIMATE ACTION	14. LIFE BELOW WATER	15 LIFE ON LAND	16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS	17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS	
↓ ↓	1	•	→	•	7	7	\rightarrow	

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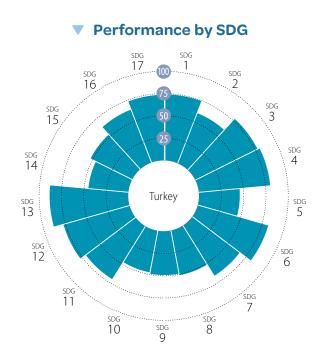
Performance by Indicator

SDG1 – No Poverty	Value Year		Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	0.1 2020		T T
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%) Poverty rate after taxes and transfers (%)	9.1 2020		1
Intergenerational poverty gap (p.p.)	0.0 2017		$\mathbf{\dot{\mathbf{T}}}$
SDG2 – Zero Hunger			
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	2.5 2017	٠	1
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	2.6 2016	٠	1
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	0.7 2016		1
Prevalence of obesity, $BMI \ge 30$ (% of adult population)	19.5 2016		+
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.5 2017		7
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land) Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	6.8 2017 0.7 2015		Ţ
Yield gap closure (% of potential yield)	64.2 2015		•
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being			
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	5 2017		1
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	2.9 2018	٠	Ť
Nortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	4.1 2018	٠	1
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	6.4 2018		T
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	NA NA		•
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	8.6 2016	٠	1
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and			
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	10 2016		•
Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	2.7 2016		1
.ife expectancy at birth (years) Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	83.3 2016 2.8 2017		T T
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	100.0 2006		•
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended			
vaccines (%)	96 2018	•	T
Universal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)			1
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	7.7 2019		T
Gap in self-reported health status by income (percentage points) Daily smokers (% of population aged 15 and over)	21.4 2017		1
	19.1 2017	-	-
SDG4 – Quality Education	00.0.2017		
Net primary enrollment rate (%) Lower secondary completion rate (%)	99.9 2017 99.9 2017		4
Literacy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	NA NA		•
Participation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6) 99.4 2017	٠	1
Tertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34)	51.2 2018	٠	1
PISA score (worst 0–600 best)	498.0 2018		1
Variation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%)			+
Underachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds) Resilient students in science (% of 15-year-olds)	20.2 2018		*
	51.2 2010		
SDG5 – Gender Equality Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of female:			
aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	86.4 2017		T
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	93.4 2018	•	↓
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	84.8 2019		1
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)	41.5 2020		T
Gender wage gap (% of male median wage) Gender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day)	14.8 2016 NA NA		T
	INA INA	-	-
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation	100.0.2017		
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%) Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	100.0 2017 99.9 2017		
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	7.6 2010		•
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	47.6 2013		->
Population using safely managed water services (%)	95.5 2017	٠	1
Population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	99.5 2017	٠	1
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy			
Population with access to electricity (%)	100 2017	٠	1
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	100.0 2016	٠	1
$2O_2$ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating	0.6 2017	٠	1
per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)	21.5 2018	•	•
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	21.2 2010	-	
Adjusted GDP growth (%)	-1.1 2018		
/ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	1.7 2018		
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a			
mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	98.4 2017		Т
Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population			1
Employment-to-population ratio (%) Youth not in employment, education or training (NEET)	80.5 2019	•	Т
	8.1 2018		

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure		Year	-	Tre
Population using the internet (%)		2017		1
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	99.4	2018	•	1
Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	4.0	2018	•	1
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of	75 5	2020	•	
top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)				
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)		2018 2015		1
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP) Researchers (per 1,000 employed population)		2015		4
Triadic patent families filed (per million population)	151.9			4
Gap in internet access by income (percentage points)		2014		
Women in science and engineering (% of tertiary graduates in science and engineering)		2015		
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	34.3	2015	•	4
Palma ratio	1.1	2015	•	-
Elderly poverty rate (% of population aged 66 or over)	19.5	2015	٠	-
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than	10.2	2017		
2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μg/m ³)		2017		1
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)		2017		1
Satisfaction with public transport (%)		2019		1
Population with rent overburden (%)	6.7	2016	•	1
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
Electronic waste (kg/capita)		2016		(
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)		2012		
SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2012		(
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)		2010		
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita) Non-recycled municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)		2010 2018		
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	0.9	2010	•	_
SDG13 – Climate Action				
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)		2017		-
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)		2015 2019		
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	2019	•	-
SDG14 – Life Below Water				
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA			
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	NA			
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	NA NA		•	•
Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)		2018		
	0.5	2010	-	_
SDG15 – Life on Land	25.0	2040		
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018	•	
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)		2018 2019		
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)		2019		
Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports				
(per million population)	5.8	2018	•	
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
Homicides (per 100,000 population)	0.5	2017	٠	1
Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)		2018		
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city	87.6	2019	•	
or area where they live (%)				
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best) Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)		2019		
Sirth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	100.0	2018		
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)		2019		
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per				
100,000 population)	3.1	2019	•	
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	10.5	2019	٠	1
Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population)	77.4	2017	٠	-
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	12.8	2016	٠	
For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional		2017		
public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)				
Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	NA			(
Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)		2019		
Financial Secrecy Score (best 0–100 worst) Shifted profits of multinationals (US\$ billion)		2020		
	_/~)	2016		. (

TURKEY





Current Assessment – SDG Dashboard



SDG Trends

1 NO POVERTY	2 ZERO HUNGER	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING	4 QUALITY EDUCATION	5 GENDER EQUALITY	6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION	7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY	8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH	9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE
7	7	7	7	→		7	7	7
10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES	11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES and communities	12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION	13 CLIMATE ACTION	14 LIFE BELOW WATER	15 LIFE ON LAND	16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS	17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS	
\rightarrow	\rightarrow	•	→	→	→	→	\rightarrow	

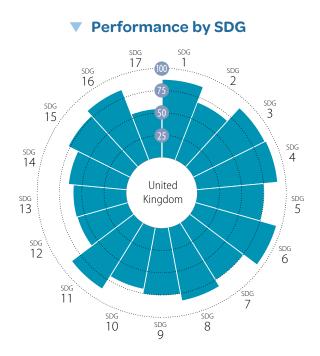
TURKEY

		Year F		, Tren
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%) Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)		2020 2020		T T
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers (%)		2020	-	Ļ
ntergenerational poverty gap (p.p.)		2015		
5DG2 – Zero Hunger	1.2	2015		-
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	25	2017	•	•
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2017		•
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2013		Ť
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)	32.1	2016	٠	4
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.3	2017	•	7
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	3.3	2017	٠	1
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	0.6	2015	٠	→
(ield gap closure (% of potential yield)	NA	NA		
5DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Naternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	17	2017	٠	1
leonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		2018		1
Nortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		2018	•	T
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)		2018	•	Т
lew HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population) ge-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	NA	NA	•	•
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	16.1	2016	•	1
ge-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and	47	2014		-
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)		2016	•	
raffic deaths (per 100,000 population)		2016		+
ife expectancy at birth (years)		2016		Ť
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)		2017		T
irths attended by skilled health personnel (%) ercentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended		2014	-	
vaccines (%)	96	2018	٠	1
Iniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	74	2017	•	1
ubjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	4.9	2019	٠	÷
Gap in self-reported health status by income (percentage points)	13.1	2017	٠	1
Daily smokers (% of population aged 15 and over)	26.5	2016	٠	7
SDG4 – Quality Education				
Net primary enrollment rate (%)	99.0	2017	٠	1
ower secondary completion rate (%)	99.0	2017	٠	1
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)		2017	٠	•
Participation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6		2017		¥
Fertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34)		2018		1
PISA score (worst 0–600 best)	462.7			1
/ariation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%) Jnderachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)		2018 2018	•	↓ ↑
Resilient students in science (% of 15-year-olds)		2018		•
	10.2	2010	•	
SDG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	59.7	2013	٠	-
	82.1	2018	•	_ _
atio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)		2018 2019		++
tatio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%) tatio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	46.2		٠	+++
atio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%) atio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%) eats held by women in national parliament (%) Gender wage gap (% of male median wage)	46.2 17.3	2019	•	+++
atio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%) atio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%) eats held by women in national parliament (%) eender wage gap (% of male median wage)	46.2 17.3 6.9	2019 2020	•	+ + + • •
atio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%) (atio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%) eats held by women in national parliament (%) iender wage gap (% of male median wage) iender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day)	46.2 17.3 6.9	2019 2020 2014	•	+ + + •
atio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%) (atio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%) eats held by women in national parliament (%) eender wage gap (% of male median wage) eender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day) EDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation	46.2 17.3 6.9 237.5	2019 2020 2014	• • •	+ + + + • • •
atio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%) (atio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%) eats held by women in national parliament (%) eender wage gap (% of male median wage) eender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day) EDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%)	46.2 17.3 6.9 237.5 98.9	2019 2020 2014 2015	• • •	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +
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SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value Vear D	ating Trop	
Population using the internet (%)	Value Year R 71.0 2018	ating irer	na
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	74.2 2018	•	
Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	3.2 2018	• 1	
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	39.4 2020	• •	
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.4 2018	• 1	
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	1.0 2017		
Researchers (per 1,000 employed population)	4.0 2017	• 7	
Triadic patent families filed (per million population)	0.7 2017	• -	
Gap in internet access by income (percentage points)	NA NA	• •	
Women in science and engineering (% of tertiary graduates in science and engineering)	30.7 2015	•	
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	49.0 2016	• ↓	
Palma ratio	1.9 2015	• ↓	•
Elderly poverty rate (% of population aged 66 or over)	17.0 2015	• 1	
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than	44.3 2017	•	
2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μg/m ³)			
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	98.6 2017	• 1	
Satisfaction with public transport (%)	58.4 2019		
Population with rent overburden (%)	NA NA	• •	_
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
Electronic waste (kg/capita)	7.9 2016		
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	28.7 2012		
SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	2.7 2012		
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	25.5 2010		
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	1.7 2010 1.0 2018		
Non-recycled municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	1.0 2016		_
SDG13 – Climate Action			
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	4.4 2017	• •	
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.5 2015 3.0 2018	• •	
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	5.0 2010	• •	
CDC14 Life Delever Weter			
SDG14 – Life Below Water	4.1. 2010	•	
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	4.1 2018		
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	50.5 2019	• 4	
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	50.5 2019 61.6 2014	• ↓	•
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%)	50.5 2019	• ↓ • ↓	
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	50.5 2019 61.6 2014 33.8 2014	• ↓ • ↓	
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG15 – Life on Land	50.5 2019 61.6 2014 33.8 2014 0.0 2018	• ↓ • ↓	
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	50.5 2019 61.6 2014 33.8 2014 0.0 2018 2.5 2018	• ↓ • ↓ • 7	
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Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	50.5 2019 61.6 2014 33.8 2014 0.0 2018 2.5 2018 4.4 2018 0.9 2019 0.0 2018		
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Read List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions	50.5 2019 61.6 2014 33.8 2014 0.0 2018 2.5 2018 4.4 2018 0.9 2019 0.0 2018 0.7 2018		
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Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	50.5 2019 61.6 2014 33.8 2014 0.0 2018 2.5 2018 4.4 2018 0.9 2019 0.0 2018 0.7 2018 4.3 2012 30.6 2018		
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population) Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city	50.5 2019 61.6 2014 33.8 2014 0.0 2018 2.5 2018 4.4 2018 0.9 2019 0.0 2018 0.7 2018 4.3 2012		
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	50.5 2019 61.6 2014 33.8 2014 0.0 2018 2.5 2018 4.4 2018 0.9 2019 0.0 2018 0.7 2018 4.3 2012 30.6 2018		
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population) Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	50.5 2019 61.6 2014 33.8 2014 0.0 2018 2.5 2018 4.4 2018 0.9 2019 0.0 2018 0.7 2018 4.3 2012 30.6 2018 63.1 2019		
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population) Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	50.5 2019 61.6 2014 33.8 2014 0.0 2018 2.5 2018 4.4 2018 0.9 2019 0.0 2018 0.7 2018 4.3 2012 30.6 2018 63.1 2019 4.3 2019		
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population) Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) Property Rights (worst 1–7 best) Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5) Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	50.5 2019 61.6 2014 33.8 2014 0.0 2018 2.5 2018 4.4 2018 0.9 2019 0.0 2018 0.7 2018 4.3 2012 30.6 2018 63.1 2019 4.3 2019 98.8 2018		
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population) Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) Property Rights (worst 1–7 best) Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5) Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)	50.5 2019 61.6 2014 33.8 2014 0.0 2018 2.5 2018 4.4 2018 0.9 2019 0.0 2018 0.7 2018 0.7 2018 4.3 2012 30.6 2018 63.1 2019 4.3 2019 98.8 2018 39.0 2019 5.9 2016 0.3 2019		
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UNITED KINGDOM





Current Assessment – SDG Dashboard



SDG Trends

1 NO POVERTY	2 ZERO HUNGER	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING	4 QUALITY EDUCATION	5 GENDER EQUALITY	6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION	7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY	8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH	9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTUR
7	7	7	7	7	7	1	1	1
10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES	11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES	12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION	13 CLIMATE ACTION	14 LIFE BELOW WATER	15 LIFE ON LAND	16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS	17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS	
$\mathbf{+}$	7	•	7	7	7	7		

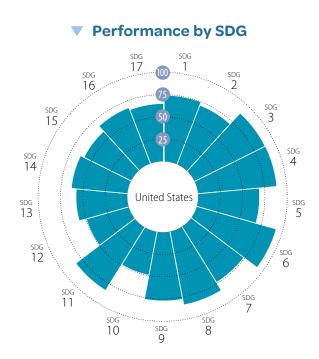
UNITED KINGDOM

SDG1 – No Poverty		Year	-	Tren
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)		2020		Ť
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)		2020		T
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers (%) Intergenerational poverty gap (p.p.)		2017 2018		Å
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	0.0	2010		
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	25	2017	•	4
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2017		$\dot{\mathbf{A}}$
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	0.7	2016	٠	1
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)	27.8	2016	٠	ł
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)		2017		-
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)		2017		1
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)		2015		4
Yield gap closure (% of potential yield)	67.8	2015	•	•
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)		2017		1
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		2018		T
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		2018		T
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population) New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)		2018 NA		T
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,				
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	10.9	2016		T
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and	1 /	2016		
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				
Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population)		2016		Ţ
Life expectancy at birth (years)		2016		T
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)		2017		Т
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%) Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended	NA	NA		
vaccines (%)	92	2018	٠	1
Universal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	87	2017		1
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	7.2	2019	•	Ť
Gap in self-reported health status by income (percentage points)	22.0	2017	•	-
Daily smokers (% of population aged 15 and over)	17.2	2017		1
SDG4 – Quality Education				
Net primary enrollment rate (%)	98.4	2017		1
Lower secondary completion rate (%)	98.4	2017	٠	1
Literacy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	NA	NA		•
Participation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6)	99.9	2017		1
Tertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34)		2018		
PISA score (worst 0–600 best)	503.7			
Variation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%)		2018		
Underachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)		2018		>
Resilient students in science (% of 15-year-olds)	37.0	2018	•	Т
SDG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females	93.0	2017		1
aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)				
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%) Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)		2018 2019		
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)		2019		•
Gender wage gap (% of male median wage)		2020		4
Gender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day)	108.6			
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation		_010		
	100.0	2017		
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%) Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	100.0	2017		
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2017		
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)		2010		7
Population using safely managed water services (%)	100.0			1
Population using safely managed sanitation services (%)		2017		1
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				
Population with access to electricity (%)	100	2017		4
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	100.0			4
CO_2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating				
per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.1	2017	•	Т
Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)	11.5	2018	٠	1
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				
Adjusted GDP growth (%)	-1.2	2018	•	•
Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)		2018		•
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a		2017		
mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)				
	1.8	2010		1
Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)	-			
Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population) Employment-to-population ratio (%) Youth not in employment, education or training (NEET)	75.2	2019	•	Т

CDC0 Industry languages and infer structure	
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Population using the internet (%)	Value Year Rating Trend 94.9 2018 • ↑
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	98.5 2018
Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	4.0 2018 • 🕇
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	93.2 2020 • •
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	1.5 2018 🔹 🛧
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	1.7 2017 • 🕇
Researchers (per 1,000 employed population)	9.5 2018 🔹 🕇
Triadic patent families filed (per million population)	23.5 2017 • ↑
Gap in internet access by income (percentage points) Women in science and engineering (% of tertiary graduates in science and engineering)	36.5 2008 • • 35.3 2015 • •
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	37.0 2015 😐 🕹
Palma ratio	1.5 2017 ● →
Elderly poverty rate (% of population aged 66 or over)	15.3 2017 • 🗸
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities	· · · ·
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than	
2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μg/m ³)	10.5 2017 • 个
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	99.0 2017 • 🕇
Satisfaction with public transport (%)	69.8 2019 • 🔸
Population with rent overburden (%)	10.4 2017 • 个
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production	24.0.2016
Electronic waste (kg/capita)	24.9 2016 • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	53.9 2012 • • 17.0 2012 • •
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	38.0 2010
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	16.2 2010 • •
Non-recycled municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	0.7 2018 • •
SDG13 – Climate Action	
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	5.5 2017 • 个
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)	3.2 2015 ● →
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	331.4 2019 •
SDG14 – Life Below Water	
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	84.0 2018
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	64.2 2019 ● → 18.6 2014 ● ↑
Fish caught by trawling (%)	71.2 2014
Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.2 2018 •
SDG15 – Life on Land	
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	84.3 2018 • 个
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	88.1 2018 • 🕇
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	0.8 2019 🔹 🕹
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.0 2018 • •
Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	3.2 2018 • •
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions	
Homicides (per 100,000 population)	1.2 2017 • 个
Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	8.8 2018 • 🕇
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city	74.5 2019 • 个
or area where they live (%)	
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best) Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	5.5 2019 • • 100.0 2018 • •
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)	77.0 2019
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	0.0 2016
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)	1.6 2019
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	22.2 2019 • 🕇
Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population)	141.3 2017 😐 🔶
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals	
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	13.3 2016 • 🕇
For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	0.7 2017 • 个
public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	
Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP) Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)	NA NA • • 100.0 2019 • •
Financial Secrecy Score (best 0–100 worst)	70.8 2020
Shifted profits of multinationals (US\$ billion)	12.8 2016

UNITED STATES





Current Assessment – SDG Dashboard



SDG Trends

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7	7	7	7	7	1	7	1	1
10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES	11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES	12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION	13 CLIMATE ACTION	14. LIFE BELOW WATER	15 LIFE ON LAND	16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS	17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS	
\rightarrow	1	•	\rightarrow	\rightarrow		7	\rightarrow	

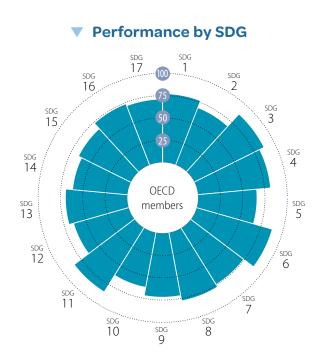
UNITED STATES

SDG1 – No Poverty	Value Year Ra	ting Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	0.5 2020	• 1
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%) Poverty rate after taxes and transfers (%)	0.7 2020 17.8 2017	● ↑ ● ↓
ntergenerational poverty gap (p.p.)		• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	0.0 2017	-
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	2.5 2017	• 1
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	2.1 2012	• 1
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	0.5 2012	
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% of adult population)	36.2 2016	• •
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.5 2017	• ↓
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land) Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	8.3 2017 0.3 2015	• •
Yield gap closure (% of potential yield)	77.6 2015	• •
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being		
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	19 2017	• 1
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	3.5 2018	• ↑
Nortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	6.5 2018	
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	3.0 2018	• Т
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population) Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	0.1 2016	•••
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	14.6 2016	• 1
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and	13 2016	• •
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)		
Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population) Life expectancy at birth (years)		• ↓ • →
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)		• 1
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	99.1 2015	• 🛉
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended		• 1
vaccines (%) Jniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	84 2017	• 1
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	6.9 2019	• •
Gap in self-reported health status by income (percentage points)	21.7 2017	
Daily smokers (% of population aged 15 and over)	10.5 2017	• 1
SDG4 – Quality Education		
Net primary enrollment rate (%)	100.0 2017	• ↑
Lower secondary completion rate (%)	100.0 2017	• 1
Literacy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24) Participation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6)	14/3 14/3	••
Tertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34)		• 1
PISA score (worst 0–600 best)		• 1
Variation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%)		• 🎍
Underachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)	18.6 2018	• 1
Resilient students in science (% of 15-year-olds)	38.6 2018	• ↑
SDG5 – Gender Equality		
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	77.2 2015	• 1
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	100.7 2018	• •
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	82.1 2019	• 1
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)	23.8 2020	• 7
Gender wage gap (% of male median wage)	18.9 2018	• ↓
Gender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day)	96.0 2018	•
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation		
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	99.3 2017	• •
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	100.0 2017	• •
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m³/capita)	30.6 2010 18.3 2013	
Population using safely managed water services (%)	99.0 2017	• 1
Population using safely managed sanitation services (%)		• •
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy		
Population with access to electricity (%)	100 2017	• 1
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	100.0 2016	• 1
20_2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating	1.2 2017	• 1
per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)	7.8 2018	
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	1.0 2010	
Adjusted GDP growth (%)	0.0 2010	•
Adjusted GDP growth (%) Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	0.0 2018 1.3 2018	• •
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a		
mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	93.1 2017	• T
Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)		• ↑
Employment-to-population ratio (%)	71.4 2019	• 1
Youth not in employment, education or training (NEET)		• 1

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value Year Rati	
Population using the internet (%) Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	87.3 2017 • 144.8 2018 •	一个 イ
Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related	4.0 2018	1
infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	4.0 2010	
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	94.1 2020 🏾	•
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	1.3 2018 🔵	1
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	2.8 2017	Ť
Researchers (per 1,000 employed population) Triadic patent families filed (per million population)	9.2 2017 • 38.3 2017 •	- 个 - 个
Gap in internet access by income (percentage points)	29.1 2017	•
Women in science and engineering (% of tertiary graduates in science and engineering)	28.6 2015	•
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities		
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	46.1 2013 ●	•
Palma ratio	1.8 2017 鱼	\rightarrow
Elderly poverty rate (% of population aged 66 or over)	23.1 2017 ●	\downarrow
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities		
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than $2.5 \text{ missans in dismatter (DM2.5)}$ (up (m ³))	7.4 2017 ●	1
2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μg/m ³) Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	99.0 2017	•
Satisfaction with public transport (%)	64.0 2017	4
Population with rent overburden (%)	11.9 2016	†
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production		
Electronic waste (kg/capita)	19.4 2016 鱼	•
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	51.0 2012 😐	٠
SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	11.3 2012 🔎	
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	54.0 2010	
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	8.4 2010 • 1.3 2017 •	•
Non-recycled municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	1.5 2017	-
SDG13 – Climate Action	15 2 2017	-
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita) CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)	15.3 2017 • 1.9 2015 •	
CO ₂ emissions embodied in miports (teO ₂ / cupita) CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	869.0 2019	•
SDG14 – Life Below Water		
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	61.4 2018 ●	1
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	72.6 2019 ●	Ť
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	29.8 2014 😐	_ ↓
Fish caught by trawling (%)	44.4 2014	+
Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.5 2018 🔸	•
SDG15 – Life on Land	10.2.2010	
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (% Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%		
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	0.8 2019	Ĵ,
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.0 2018	•
Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports	3.7 2018 ●	•
(per million population)		
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions	5.3 2017 ●	د.
Homicides (per 100,000 population) Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	23.4 2018	1
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the cit	V	
or area where they live (%)	74.3 2019	Т
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	5.6 2019	•
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5) Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)	100.0 2018 • 69.0 2019 •	• •
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	0.0 2019	•
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per		
100,000 population)	3.2 2019 ●	
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	25.7 2019	1
Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population)	671.1 2016 ●	→
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals	450 0000	
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP) For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	15.3 2018 ●	Т
	0.2 2017 鱼	4
5		
public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI) Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	NA NA 🗨	-
public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	NA NA • 43.2 2019 •	•
public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI) Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)		•

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Current Assessment – SDG Dashboard



SDG Trends

1 NO Poverty	2 ZERO HUNGER	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING	4 QUALITY EDUCATION	5 GENDER EQUALITY	6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION	7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY	8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH	9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE
7	7	7	7	7	7	7		7
10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES	11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES	12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION	13 CLIMATE ACTION	14 LIFE BELOW WATER	15 LIFE ON LAND	16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS	17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS	
•	7	•	\rightarrow	→	1			

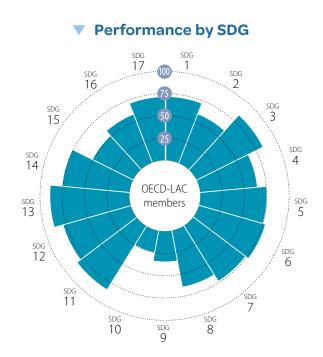
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SDG1 – No Poverty		Year R		
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)		2020		1
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)		2020		7
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers (%)		2017	•	>
ntergenerational poverty gap (p.p.)	2.6	2017	•	Т
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)		2017	٠	Ť
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2016		Ť
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2016		1
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \ge 30 (% of adult population)		2016		+
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)		2017		+
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)		2017 2015	•	↑ ↓
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst) (ield gap closure (% of potential yield)	68.9		•	
	00.9	2015	-	-
DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	15.2	2017		
Aaternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births) Ieonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		2017		T T
Aortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		2018		
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)		2018		7
lew HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)		2018		4
ge-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,				
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	12.7	2016	•	T
ge-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and	19.6	2014		-
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)			•	
raffic deaths (per 100,000 population)		2016		+
ife expectancy at birth (years)		2016	•	T
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)		2017	•	Ţ
irths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	98.9	2015	•	Т
ercentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	93.0	2018	•	1
Iniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	814	2017	•	1
ubjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)		2019		Ť
ap in self-reported health status by income (percentage points)		2017		Ť
Paily smokers (% of population aged 15 and over)		2017		Ť
DG4 – Quality Education		-		
let primary enrollment rate (%)	00.0	2017		•
ower secondary completion rate (%)		2017		1
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	NA			
articipation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6)		2018	•	1
ertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34)		2018		Ť
ISA score (worst 0–600 best)	485.0		•	7
'ariation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%)	12.1		•	4
Inderachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)	22.8	2018	•	7
esilient students in science (% of 15-year-olds)	36.0	2018	•	1
DG5 – Gender Equality				
emand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females				
aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	//.9	2017	•	-
atio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	97.6	2018	•	->
atio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	75.4	2019	٠	1
eats held by women in national parliament (%)	28.3	2020	•	7
	15.6	2018		7
ender wage gap (% of male median wage)		2010	•	•
iender wage gap (% of male median wage)	135.7			
ender wage gap (% of male median wage) ender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day)	135.7			
ender wage gap (% of male median wage) ender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day) DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation		2017		
iender wage gap (% of male median wage) iender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day) iDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%)	99.4	2017 2017		•
ender wage gap (% of male median wage) ender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day) DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%) opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%)	99.4 98.2		٠	•
iender wage gap (% of male median wage) iender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day) DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%) opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	99.4 98.2 30.5	2017	•	•
ender wage gap (% of male median wage) ender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day) DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%) opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) opulation using safely managed water services (%)	99.4 98.2 30.5 22.2	2017 2015	•	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
ender wage gap (% of male median wage) ender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day) DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%) opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) opulation using safely managed water services (%)	99.4 98.2 30.5 22.2 92.0	2017 2015 2013	• • •	• • • • • •
iender wage gap (% of male median wage) iender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day) DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%) opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) opulation using safely managed water services (%) opulation using safely managed sanitation services (%)	99.4 98.2 30.5 22.2 92.0	2017 2015 2013 2017	• • •	
ender wage gap (% of male median wage) ender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day) DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%) opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) opulation using safely managed water services (%) opulation using safely managed sanitation services (%) DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy	99.4 98.2 30.5 22.2 92.0	2017 2015 2013 2017 2017	•	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
iender wage gap (% of male median wage) iender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day) DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%) opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) opulation using safely managed water services (%) opulation using safely managed sanitation services (%) DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy opulation with access to electricity (%)	99.4 98.2 30.5 22.2 92.0 84.1 100.0	2017 2015 2013 2017 2017	•	
iender wage gap (% of male median wage) iender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day) DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%) opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) opulation using safely managed water services (%) opulation using safely managed sanitation services (%) DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy opulation with access to electricity (%) opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating	99.4 98.2 30.5 22.2 92.0 84.1 100.0 97.8	2017 2015 2013 2017 2017 2017 2016	•	
iender wage gap (% of male median wage) iender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day) DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%) opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) opulation using safely managed water services (%) opulation using safely managed sanitation services (%) DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy opulation with access to electricity (%) opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	99.4 98.2 30.5 22.2 92.0 84.1 100.0 97.8 1.2	2017 2015 2013 2017 2017 2017 2016 2017	•	
iender wage gap (% of male median wage) iender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day) DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%) opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) opulation using safely managed water services (%) opulation using safely managed sanitation services (%) DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy opulation with access to electricity (%) opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	99.4 98.2 30.5 22.2 92.0 84.1 100.0 97.8 1.2	2017 2015 2013 2017 2017 2017 2016	•	••• •• •• •• •• •• •• •• •• ••
iender wage gap (% of male median wage) iender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day) 5DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%) opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) opulation using safely managed water services (%) opulation using safely managed sanitation services (%) 5DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy opulation with access to electricity (%) opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) iO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) hare of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)	99.4 98.2 30.5 22.2 92.0 84.1 100.0 97.8 1.2	2017 2015 2013 2017 2017 2017 2016 2017	•	
iender wage gap (% of male median wage) iender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day) 5DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation iopulation using at least basic drinking water services (%) iopulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) iopulation using safely managed water services (%) iopulation using safely managed sanitation services (%) 5DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy opulation with access to electricity (%) opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) iO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating	99.4 98.2 30.5 22.2 92.0 84.1 100.0 97.8 1.2 11.6	2017 2015 2013 2017 2017 2017 2016 2017	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
iender wage gap (% of male median wage) iender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day) 5DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%) opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) opulation using safely managed water services (%) 5DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy opulation with access to electricity (%) opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) iO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) hare of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%) 5DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth idjusted GDP growth (%)	99.4 98.2 30.5 22.2 92.0 84.1 100.0 97.8 1.2 11.6 -0.7	2017 2015 2013 2017 2017 2017 2016 2017 2017	•	
Sender wage gap (% of male median wage) Sender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day) SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation Sepulation using at least basic drinking water services (%) Sepulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) Sepulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) Sepulation using safely managed water services (%) Sepulation using safely managed water services (%) SEDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Sepulation with access to electricity (%) Sepulation with access to electricity (%) Sepulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) SO2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) hare of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%) SEDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP growth (%) Sections of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) dults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	99.4 98.2 30.5 22.2 92.0 84.1 100.0 97.8 1.2 11.6 -0.7 2.1	2017 2013 2017 2017 2017 2017 2016 2017 2017 2018 2018	•	
Sender wage gap (% of male median wage) Sender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day) SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation Sepulation using at least basic drinking water services (%) Sepulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) Sepulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) Sepulation using safely managed water services (%) Sepulation using safely managed sanitation services (%) Sepulation using safely managed sanitation services (%) Sepulation using safely managed sanitation services (%) Sepulation with access to electricity (%) Sepulation with access to electricity (%) Sepulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) Sepulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) Sepulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) Sepulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) Sepulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) Sepulation with access to total primary energy supply (%) Sepulation	99.4 98.2 30.5 22.2 92.0 84.1 100.0 97.8 1.2 11.6 -0.7 2.1 85.6	2017 2015 2013 2017 2017 2017 2016 2017 2017 2018 2018 2018 2017		
Sender wage gap (% of male median wage) Sender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day) SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation Sepulation using at least basic drinking water services (%) Sepulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) Sepulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) Sepulation using safely managed water services (%) Sepulation using safely managed sanitation services (%) Sepulation using safely managed sanitation services (%) Sepulation using safely managed sanitation services (%) Sepulation with access to electricity (%) Sepulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) SO2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) hare of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%) SEDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth sidjusted GDP growth (%) Sictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) dults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over) atal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)	99.4 98.2 30.5 22.2 92.0 84.1 100.0 97.8 1.2 11.6 -0.7 2.1 85.6 1.2	2017 2015 2013 2017 2017 2017 2016 2017 2017 2018 2018 2018 2018 2017		
iender wage gap (% of male median wage) iender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day) iDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%) opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita) opulation using safely managed water services (%) opulation using safely managed sanitation services (%) iDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy opulation with access to electricity (%) opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) hare of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%) icDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth djusted GDP growth (%) ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) dults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	99.4 98.2 30.5 22.2 92.0 84.1 100.0 97.8 1.2 11.6 -0.7 2.1 85.6 1.2	2017 2015 2013 2017 2017 2017 2016 2017 2017 2018 2018 2018 2017		

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Population using the internet (%)				
		Year	Rating	Trend
Mobile breadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	83.3	2017		T
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population) Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related				T
infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	3.8	2018	•	Ť
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of	64.9	2020		•
top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)				-
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)		2018	•	Ť
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)		2017	•	T
Researchers (per 1,000 employed population)		2018		T
Triadic patent families filed (per million population) Gap in internet access by income (percentage points)		2017 2019	-	1 7
Women in science and engineering (% of tertiary graduates in science			•	
and engineering)	28.7	2015	•	•
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	/1 8	2015	•	Դ
Palma ratio		2015		4
Elderly poverty rate (% of population aged 66 or over)		2017		Ú.
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities		2017	-	•
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than				
2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μ g/m ³)	14.6	2017	•	→
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	98.5	2017	•	1
Satisfaction with public transport (%)		2019	•	7
Population with rent overburden (%)		2017	•	7
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				-
Electronic waste (kg/capita)	17.0	2016		•
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)		2010		•
SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2012		•
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)		2012		•
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2010		•
Non-recycled municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)		2018		•
SDG13 – Climate Action	0.5	2010	-	-
	0.0	2017		-
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions ($tCO_2/capita$)		2017 2015	-	3
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita) CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	1,605.3			-
	1,005.5	2010	-	-
SDG14 – Life Below Water	647	2010		
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018	•	T
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)		2019		7
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)		2014 2014		÷
Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)		2014		-
	0.4	2010	-	-
SDG15 – Life on Land				
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018	•	Т
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018	•	7
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)		2019		+
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.1	2018	•	•
Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	3.3	2018	٠	٠
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions	E /	2017		-
Homicides (per 100,000 population)		2017		7
Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population) Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city	23.9	2018		Т
or area where they live (%)	68.8	2019	•	7
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	5 2	2019	•	•
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)		2019		•
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		2019	•	1
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)		2016		•
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per				-
100,000 population)	1.5	2019	-	-
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	27.8	2019	٠	1
Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population)	266.3	2017	٠	→
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				
	11.9	2016		1
			-	
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP) For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	0.7			->
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	0.3	2017		
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP) For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional		NA	•	٠
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP) For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	NA			•
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP) For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI) Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	NA 32.3	NA	٠	•

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Current Assessment – SDG Dashboard



SDG Trends

1 NO POVERTY	2 ZERO HUNGER	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING	4 QUALITY EDUCATION	5 GENDER EQUALITY	6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION	7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY	8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH	9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTUR
7	7	7	↗	1	1	7	7	1
10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES	11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES	12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION	13 CLIMATE ACTION	14 LIFE BELOW WATER	15 LIFE ON LAND	16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS	17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS	
\rightarrow	7	•	→	7	1	7		

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SDG1 – No Poverty		Year R	ating	Tren
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)		2020	•	T
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%) Poverty rate after taxes and transfers (%)	10.7 1 16.6 1		-	7
ntergenerational poverty gap (p.p.)		2017		
5DG2 – Zero Hunger	0.0 1	2017	-	-
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	38.	2017	•	•
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	11.5		•	7
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2016		1
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)	27.1	2016	•	¥
luman Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.3	2017	•	-
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)		2017	•	1
sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)		2015	•	4
(ield gap closure (% of potential yield)	NA	NA		•
5DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Aaternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)		2017	•	T
Veonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) Aortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		2018 2018		1 1
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	25.1		•	4
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)		2018	•	1
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	15.4			
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%) Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and				Т
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	35.8 2		•	
raffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	14.4		•	4
ife expectancy at birth (years)		2016		7
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19) Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	60.1 1 98.3 1	2017	-	7
Provide a second second second second (%) Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	98.3 A		•	1
Jniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	75.4	2017	•	1
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)			•	Ť
Gap in self-reported health status by income (percentage points)	NA		•	
Daily smokers (% of population aged 15 and over)	10.6	2017	•	•
SDG4 – Quality Education				
Net primary enrollment rate (%)	97.9	2017	•	1
ower secondary completion rate (%)	93.5	2017	•	1
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)		2018	•	•
Participation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6)		2018		1
Fertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34)		2018		7
PISA score (worst 0–600 best)	415.4		•	4
/ariation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%) Jnderachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)	12.1 2 46.6 2		-	-
Resilient students in science (% of 15-year-olds)		2018		4
SDG5 – Gender Equality	21.0	2010	-	
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females				
aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	82.2	2017	•	Т
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	97.7	2018	•)
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)		2019		-
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)		2020		7
Gender wage gap (% of male median wage)		2018		Τ
Gender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day)	NA	NA	•	-
5DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation	00.0	2017		~
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)		2017	•	
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	91.6	2017 2015		
-reshwater withdrawai (% of available freshwater resources) Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)		2015		4
Population using safely managed water services (%)		2015		4
Population using safely managed sanitation services (%)		2017		7
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				
Population with access to electricity (%)	99.9	2017	•	1
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	87.7		•	1
O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.3	2017	•	7
share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)	15.2	2017	•	-
5DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				
Adjusted GDP growth (%)	-2.4	2018	•	
/ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)		2018	•	•
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	42.8	2017	•	-
mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)				
Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)	0.2 1 63.0 1	2010		T
mployment to population ratio (%)		/019	•	T
Employment-to-population ratio (%) Youth not in employment, education or training (NEET)		2018		

CDC0 Inductory languagestic and later stars store			
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Population using the internet (%)	Value Year 66.9 2017	Rating	Irend
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	67.5 2018	•	$\mathbf{\dot{\mathbf{T}}}$
Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	2.8 2018		Ŷ
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	31.9 2020	•	٠
Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.2 2018		>
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	0.4 2017		+
Researchers (per 1,000 employed population) Triadic patent families filed (per million population)	1.0 2018 0.2 2017		\rightarrow
Gap in internet access by income (percentage points)	56.7 2019		
Women in science and engineering (% of tertiary graduates in science and engineering)	27.3 2015		•
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	55.0 2015	٠	>
Palma ratio	2.5 2017	•	•
Elderly poverty rate (% of population aged 66 or over)	23.8 2017	•	
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (µg/m ³)	19.8 2017	•	7
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	97.4 2017	•	Ť
Satisfaction with public transport (%)	63.3 2019		1
Population with rent overburden (%)	7.6 2017	•	•
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production	7 6 004 5	-	
Electronic waste (kg/capita)	7.6 2016		•
Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	21.1 2012 2.4 2012		•
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	26.3 2012		•
Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	3.3 2010		•
Non-recycled municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day) SDG13 – Climate Action	1.0 2018	٠	٠
Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	3.5 2017		-
CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.5 2017		1
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	1,513.5 2018	•	
SDG14 – Life Below Water	,		
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	70.0 2018	•	1
Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	67.0 2019		7
Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	30.0 2014		4
Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	9.3 2014 0.0 2018		1
	0.0 2010	•	•
SDG15 – Life on Land	245 2010		_
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)			4
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	0.7 2019		Ú.
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.2 2018		•
Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.8 2018	•	•
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Homicides (per 100,000 population)	22.9 2017	•	Ŧ
Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	33.4 2018		1
Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	43.2 2019	•	→
Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	4.2 2019	•	٠
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	95.9 2018	•	٠
Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)	34.7 2019		4
Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	10.7 2016	•	٠
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)	0.0 2019		•
Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	43.7 2019		*
Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population)	175.8 2017	-	- T *
SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals	0.1.55	-	
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	8.1 2016	•	*
For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	NA NA		٠
Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	20.0 2018		7
Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)	0.0 2019		•
Financial Secrecy Score (best 0–100 worst) Shifted profits of multinationals (US\$ billion)	54.0 2020 7.9 2016		•
איז	1.7 2010	-	-